

**Langley E-07, Langley K-30, and Kumak I-25  
Well Abandonment Program  
Closure, Reclamation, and Monitoring Plan**

Submission to the Inuvialuit Water Board

Final Report

March 21, 2025

*Prepared for:*  
**MGM Energy**  
Calgary, AB

*Prepared by:*  
**KAVIK-STANTEC Inc.**  
Inuvik, NWT and Calgary, AB

Program Number: 123515084





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## Abbreviations

%	percent
>	greater than
°C	degrees Celsius
µg/m <sup>3</sup>	micrograms per cubic metre
AENV	Alberta Environment
APEC	Areas of Potential Environmental Concern
CCME	Canadian Council of Ministers of the Environment
cm	centimetre
CO	carbon monoxide
CRMP	Closure, Reclamation, and Monitoring Plan
CSQG	Canadian Soil Quality Guidelines
CWQG	Canadian Water Quality Guidelines
CWS	Canada Wide Standards
DFO	Department of Fisheries and Oceans Canada
DOL	Department of Lands
E-07	Langley E-07 Wellsite
EC	electrical conductivity
ECG	Ecosystem Classification Group
EISC	Environmental Impact Screening Committee
EM	electromagnetic
ENR	Department of Environment and Natural Resources
ESA	Environmental Site Assessment
GNWT	Government of Northwest Territories
HTC	Hunters and Trappers Committees
I-25	Kumak I-25 Wellsite
INAC	Indigenous and Northern Affairs Canada
IRC	Inuvialuit Regional Corporation
ISR	Inuvialuit Settlement Region
IWB	Inuvialuit Water Board
K-30	Langley K-30 Wellsite
km	kilometre
km/h	kilometres per hour
L	litres
LUP	Land Use Permit
m	metre
mg/m <sup>3</sup>	milligrams per cubic metre
MGM	MGM Energy

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mm	millimetre
MVLWB	Mackenzie Valley Land and Water Board
NEB	National Energy Board
NO <sub>2</sub>	nitrogen dioxide
NO <sub>x</sub>	nitrogen oxides
NT	Northwest Territories
NWT	Northwest Territories
O <sub>3</sub>	ozone
OROGO	Office of the Regulator of Oil and Gas Operations - NWT
PAL	Protection of Aquatic Life
PDR	Project Description Report
PHC	Petroleum Hydrocarbons
PM	particulate matter
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	fine particulate matter
ppbv	parts per billion by volume
SAR	sodium adsorption ratio
SCARG	Salt Contamination Assessment & Remediation Guidelines
SO <sub>2</sub>	sulfur dioxide
TSP	total suspended particulate
VOC	volatile organic compound
WL	Water Licence

# 1 Plain Language Summary

The following Closure, Reclamation, and Monitoring Plan (CRMP) describes the planned approach to site closure for MGM Energy's (MGM) Langley E-07, Langley K-30, and Kumak I-25 Wellsites and associated areas (project components). Monitoring of K-30 has indicated shoreline erosion along the Beaufort Sea. Consequently, MGM has decided the priority is to abandon this well although MGM still considers the potential reserves are valuable. Two additional wells, E-07 and I-25, were identified for potential abandonment due to their proximity to K-30.

The goal of the CRMP is to return the wellsites and project components to viable and, wherever practicable, self-sustaining ecosystems that are compatible with a healthy environment.

Annual monitoring programs consisting of vegetation, soil, water, and terrain assessments have been conducted at the wellsites and sump sites since they were constructed. The K-30 well and sump sites were constructed during winter 2002/2003. The I-25 well and sump sites were constructed during winter 2006/2007 winter and the E-07 wellsite was constructed during winter 2007/2008. Suspended wellheads remain on all three wellsites and the K-30 and I-25 sites both have remote drilling sumps where the drilling fluids remain in inground sumps. There is no sump associated with the E-07 wellsite as drilling wastes were trucked or barged out of the Mackenzie Delta (KAVIK-AXYS 2007b).

Details of the additional work planned to be completed at each project component are provided in Section 5 and Table 5-1.



## 2 Introduction

### 2.1 Purpose and Scope

MGM hereby submits this final CRMP for the abandonment and reclamation of one to three MGM wellsites and project components (the Sites) located in the Inuvialuit Settlement Region (ISR) of the Northwest Territories (NWT) (the Program). The purposes of the CRMP include the following:

- provide details on the project and the project environment;
- provide details on permanent closure and end land use goals, objectives, and criteria;
- detail how Phase 1 and 2 Environmental Site Assessments (ESAs) will guide the CRMP;
- describe methods for reclamation of the Sites including site preparation and revegetation methods; and
- describe post closure monitoring activities following completion of decommissioning and reclamation works including vegetation and terrain monitoring to confirm reclamation success and undertaking reclamation maintenance treatments to address any issues that may affect reclamation success.

The scope of this CRMP includes the following wellsites and associated areas: Langley K-30 and, potentially, Langley E-07 and Kumak I-25. Monitoring of K-30 has indicated shoreline erosion along the Beaufort Sea. Consequently, MGM has decided the priority is to abandon the K-30 well although MGM still considers the potential reserves are valuable. The E-07 and I-25 wells were identified for potential abandonment due to their proximity to K-30. The wellsite locations are provided on Figure A.1 to Figure A.4 in Appendix A. In addition to the aforementioned wellsites, the abandonment program will include the following project components:

- barge landing and staging areas for the storage of equipment and supplies. The chosen barge landing and staging sites will be at, or as close to the well(s) as possible. If advance barge and/or staging is not employed, all equipment and supplies may be transported from permanent land bases, such as Inuvik, using winter roads;
- winter roads alignments within the Mackenzie River and associated channels and overland routes;
- camp facilities; and
- airstrips and helicopter pads.

## 2.2 Goal of the Closure, Reclamation, and Monitoring Program

The goal of the closure, reclamation, and monitoring program is to return the applicable sites and project components to viable and, wherever practicable, self-sustaining ecosystems that are compatible with a healthy environment.

The anticipated future land use of each project component is arctic tundra supporting wildlife habitat consistent with the undisturbed off-site areas surrounding each wellsite area.

## 2.3 Closure, Reclamation, and Monitoring Team

The current closure, reclamation, and monitoring team consists of the following MGM Energy personnel:

**Table 2-1 Closure, Reclamation, and Monitoring Planning Team**

Role	Name	Contact
Director, Asset Management	John Hawkins	Telephone: 403-817-5074 E-mail: <a href="mailto:john.hawkins@Paramountres.com">john.hawkins@Paramountres.com</a>
Environmental Coordinator	Ian Keir	Telephone: 403-817-5077 E-mail: <a href="mailto:ian.keir@Paramountres.com">ian.keir@Paramountres.com</a>
Regulatory and Community Affairs Advisor	Terence Hughes	Telephone: 403-206-3859 Email: <a href="mailto:terence.hughes@Paramountres.com">terence.hughes@Paramountres.com</a>

## 2.4 Engagement

The level of engagement with Inuvialuit and other stakeholders by MGM has been and will continue to be, reflective of its activity level in the area. Prior to, and during, construction and development activities, engagement activities were more frequent and intense and included community meetings, open houses, meetings with community leaders and councils, telephone calls and both written and electronic notifications.

In support of abandonment and reclamation activities, MGM undertook engagement and community consultations in 2018. Meetings were completed with the local Tuktoyaktuk, Inuvik, and Aklavik Hunters and Trappers Committees (HTC) and Community Corporations. MGM also met with the Inuvialuit Game Council, the Inuvialuit Regional Corporation, Department of Fisheries & Oceans (DFO), Aurora Research Institute, Government of Northwest Territories (GNWT) Department of Lands (DOL), and the Industry Tourism and Investment, Petroleum Division. The details of the engagement/consultation activities are documented in the 2019 Well Abandonment Program Project Description Report (PDR) (KAVIK-STANTEC 2019).

## 2.5 Regulatory Instruments for Closure, Reclamation, and Monitoring

Regulatory documents pertinent to this CRMP include:

- Government of the Northwest Territories Office of the Regulator of Oil and Gas Operations (OROGO) Well Suspension and Abandonment Guidelines (OROGO 2017) and the *Oil and Gas Operations Act*.
- Mackenzie Valley Land and Water Board / Aboriginal Affairs and Northern Development Canada Guidelines for the Closure and Reclamation of Advanced Mineral Exploration and Mine Sites in the Northwest Territories (MVLWB 2013).
- Canadian Council of Ministers of the Environment (CCME) standards and practices.

Historically, the Kumak I-25 Sump Area and Kumak I-25 Wellsite Area were operated under the Inuvialuit Water Board (IWB) (formerly the Northwest Territories Water Board) water licence (WL) N7L1-1815 and Indigenous Services Canada (formerly Indigenous and Northern Affairs Canada) land use permit (LUP) N2006A0029. LUP N2019A0001 was issued on March 2, 2020, for the Langley E-07, Langley K-30 and Kumak I-25 Well Abandonment Program. In addition, the Sump Area was operated under the WL amendment N7L1-1815 issued in 2007. As a requirement of the WL and LUP, MGM is required to submit annual reports to the IWB.

Historically, the Langley K-30 Wellsite Area and Sump Area were operated under the IWB WL N7L1-1787 and Indigenous Services Canada LUP N2002A0035. LUP N2019A0001, issued on March 2, 2020, for the Langley E-07, Langley K-30 and Kumak I-25 Well Abandonment Program. As a requirement of the WL and LUP, MGM is required to submit annual reports to the IWB.

The Langley E-07 Wellsite Area was operated under the Indigenous Services Canada LUP N2007A0020 and IWB WL N7L1-1822. Annual reporting to the IWB was not required for the E-07 wellsite since the 2015 monitoring program findings were reported (KAVIK-STANTEC 2016a). LUP N2019A0001 was issued on March 2, 2020, for the Langley E-07, Langley K-30 and Kumak I-25 Well Abandonment Program.

The permits and authorizations applicable to the wellsites and associated facilities addressed by this CRMP are listed in Table 2-2. LUP and WL conditions and the status of compliance for the wellsites and associated facilities are detailed in Table 2-3, Table 2-4, and Table 2-5. The listed LUP and WL conditions pertain to LUPs N2006A0029, N2002A0035, N2007A0020, and N2019A0001 and WLs N7L1-1815 and N7L1-1822. Compliance to LUP and WL conditions was determined based on previous GNWT DOL inspection findings (GNWT DOL 2024a, 2024b, and 2024c) and findings from previous environmental monitoring reports (KAVIK-STANTEC 2016a, 2016b, 2016c, 2017, 2024a, and 2024b).

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**Table 2-2 Summary Table of Permits and Authorizations for the E-07, K-30, and I-25 Wellsites**

List of Authorizations	Applicable Sites	Authorizing Agency & Expiration
Land Use Permit (LUP) N2006A0029	I-25	INAC December 5, 2009
LUP N2002A0035	K-30	INAC August 31, 2006
LUP N2007A0020	E-07	INAC October 29, 2009
LUP N2019A0001	E-07, K-30, I-25	GNWT March 1, 2025
Water Licence (WL) N7L1-1822	E-07 K-30	Inuvialuit Water Board (IWB), December 31, 2010
WL N7L1-1815	I-25	IWB November 30, 2008
WL N7L1-1829	K-30	NWT Water Board January 6, 2012

**Table 2-3 Summary of I-25 Exploration Land Use Permit and Water Licence Conditions and Status of Compliance**

Land Use Permit Condition (N2006A0029)		Was Compliance Achieved? <sup>1</sup>
31(1)(a)(5)	The Permittee shall remove from Territorial Lands, all scrap metal, discarded machinery and parts, barrels and kegs, buildings and building material.	Yes.
31(1)(b)(16)	The Permittee shall restore all sumps prior to spring break-up, unless otherwise authorized in writing by a land use inspector.	Yes.
31(1)(b)(17)	The Permittee shall commence and foster revegetation on all parts of the land used, as may be directed by a Land Use Inspection, within one year of the completion of the land use operation.	Yes.
31(1)(e)(30)	The Permittee shall backfill and restore all sumps prior to the expiry date of the permit.	Yes.
31(1)(e)(31)	The Permittee shall backfill all sumps in such a manner that drill waste is maintained below the 1.2 metre freeboard.	Yes.
31(1)(e)(32)	The Permittee shall: (a) Place all excavated material over the sump area so that ponding does not occur. (b) Overlap the material a minimum of two metres beyond the edges of the existing sump.	Yes.
31(1)(f)(43)	The Permittee shall establish vegetation on all areas stripped of vegetation during this land use operation to a minimum of seventy (70%) percent ground cover, unless otherwise authorized, in writing, by the Engineer.	No. Greater than 70% cover at Wellsite and most of the Sump Area; however, at the Sump Area South Depression, it was only 40% cover. Additional reclamation will be completed, post abandonment activities.

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<b>Land Use Permit Condition (N2006A0029)</b>		<b>Was Compliance Achieved?<sup>1</sup></b>
31(1)(g)(49)	The Permittee shall deposit all drill waste into a sump.	Yes.
31(1)(g)(50)	The Permittee shall not allow any drilling waste to spread to the surrounding lands.	Yes. However, ongoing monitoring will be carried out to inspect for compliance.
31(1)(h)(62)	The Permittee shall not in any circumstances deposit or allow the deposit of any deleterious substances (including but not limited to fuels, lubricants, hydraulics, and coolants) of any type into any waters, or in any place under any conditions where the deleterious substances may enter any waters.	Yes. No known deleterious substances were reported to have been deposited or released.
<b>Water Licence Condition (N7L1-1815)</b>		<b>Was Compliance Achieved?<sup>1</sup></b>
D.12	All drilling waste shall be contained in the Sump a minimum one (1) metre below the permafrost table.	Yes. Drilling waste disposed of at 4-6 m below grade. Active layer is approximately 1.5 m below grade.
D.15	There shall be no disposal of drilling fluids from the sumps into any waters or onto any land surface where drilling fluids may enter any waters.	Yes. There were electromagnetic (EM) survey anomalies at the sump that will be investigated during reclamation.
D.21	No oil-based waste products are to be disposed of on-site. Oil-based additives and drill cuttings associated with these additives are to be disposed of at an approved off-site location to the satisfaction of an inspector.	Yes. Oil-based products were not disposed of into the sump during drilling.
G.2	The Licensee shall ensure that petroleum products, hazardous materials and other wastes associated with the project do not enter any waters.	Yes; however, ongoing monitoring is completed to inspect for compliance.
H.2	The Licensee shall monitor the drilling waste sump after closure for a period of at least fifteen (15) years in accordance with the Northwest Territories Water Board publication "Protocol for the Monitoring of Drilling-Waste Disposal Sumps, October 2005".	Yes.

Note:

<sup>1</sup> Information sourced from: GNWT DOL 2024a, KAVIK-STANTEC 2016b, 2024a

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**Table 2-4 Summary of K-30 Exploration Land Use Permit and Water Licence Conditions and Status of Compliance**

Land Use Permit Condition (N2002A0035)		Was Compliance Achieved? <sup>1</sup>
31(1)(a)(5)	The Permittee shall remove from Territorial Lands all scrap metal, discarded machinery and parts, barrels and kegs, buildings and building material.	Yes.
31(1)(b)(18)	The Permittee shall restore all sumps prior to spring break-up, unless otherwise authorized in writing by a land use inspector.	Yes.
31(1)(b)(19)	The Permittee shall commence and foster revegetation on all parts of the land used, as may be directed by a Land Use Inspector, within one year of the completion of the land use operation.	Yes.
31(1)(e)(30)	The Permittee shall maintain all drill waste at least 1.2 m below the lowest elevation of contiguous surrounding ground surface at all times.	Yes. Sump cap thickness is greater than 1.2 m. If historical records cannot confirm sump cap thickness, and depth of drill waste, then confirmatory drilling may be considered during reclamation.
31(1)(e)(31)	The Permittee shall backfill and restore all sumps prior to the expiry date of the permit.	No. The Land Use Permit expired in 2006.
31(1)(e)(33)	The Permittee shall: (a) Place all excavated material over the sump area to ensure ponding does not occur. (b) Overlap the material a minimum of two metres beyond the edges of the existing sump.	No, standing water was observed in depressions within the sump cap. Depressions will be backfilled and revegetated during reclamation.
31(1)(f)(44)	The Permittee shall establish vegetation on all areas stripped of vegetation during this land use operation to a minimum of seventy (70%) percent ground cover, unless otherwise authorized, in writing, by the Engineer.	No. Vegetation cover requirement has been met within Wellsite Area; however, less than 70% vegetation cover was documented within several areas in the Sump Area. Additional reclamation will be completed, post abandonment activities.
31(1)(g)(51)	The Permittee shall not allow any drilling waste to spread to the surrounding lands.	Yes. Drilling wastes were placed in the sump.
31(1)(g)(54)	The Permittee shall dispose of all waste petroleum products by removal.	Yes.
31(1)(g)(55)	The Permittee shall dispose of all toxic or persistent substances in a manner as approved, in writing, by the Engineer.	Yes.
31(1)(h)(64)	The Permittee shall not in any circumstances deposit or allow the deposit of any deleterious substances of any type into any waters, or in any place under any conditions where the deleterious substances may enter any waters.	Yes.
31(1)(k)(72)	The Permittee shall not allow petroleum products to spread to surrounding lands or into water bodies.	Yes.

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<b>Water Licence Condition (N7L1-1822)</b>		<b>Was Compliance Achieved?<sup>1</sup></b>
D.5	All drilling waste shall be contained in the drilling waste sump a minimum one (1) metre below the active layer.	Yes. Drilling waste disposed of at 4-6 m below grade. Active layer is approximately 1.5 m below grade.
D.8	There shall be no disposal of drilling fluids from the sumps into any waters or into any land surface.	Yes. Disposal of drilling muds was to the in-ground sump.
D.14	No oil-based waste products are to be disposed of on-site. Oil-based additives and drill cuttings associated with these additives are to be disposed of at an approved off-site location to the satisfaction of an inspector.	Yes. Water-based potassium chloride mud was used for well drilling.
G.2	The Licensee shall ensure that petroleum products, hazardous materials and other wastes associated with the project do not enter any waters.	Unknown. No reported spills or hazardous materials; however, a Phase 2 ESA is recommended to determine if any impacts are present at the Wellsite Area or Sump Area.

Note:

<sup>1</sup> Information sourced from: GNWT DOL 2024b, KAVIK-STANTEC 2016c, 2017, 2024b

**Table 2-5 Summary of E-07 Exploration Land Use Permit and Water Licence Conditions and Status of Compliance**

<b>Land Use Permit Condition (N2007A0020)</b>		<b>Was Compliance Achieved?<sup>1</sup></b>
31(1)(a)(5)	The Permittee shall remove from Territorial Lands all scrap metal, discarded machinery and parts, barrels and kegs, buildings and building material.	Yes.
31(1)(b)(17)	The Permittee shall commence and foster revegetation on all parts of the land used, as may be directed by a Land Use Inspection, within one year of the completion of the land use operation.	Yes.
31(1)(b)(18)	The Permittee shall complete all clean up and restoration of the lands used prior to the expiry of this permit.	Yes.
31(1)(e)(27)	The Permittee shall ensure that the land use area is kept clean and tidy at all times.	Yes, good housekeeping practices will be used.
31(1)(f)(37)	The Permittee shall establish vegetation on all areas stripped of vegetation during this land use operation to a minimum of seventy (70%) percent ground cover, unless otherwise authorized, in writing, by the Engineer.	Yes.
31(1)(f)(38)	The Permittee shall apply grass seed and fertilizer to areas designated, in writing, by a Land Use Inspector.	Yes.
31(1)(g)(41)	The Permittee shall not allow any drilling waste to spread to the surrounding lands.	Yes.
31(1)(g)(43)	The Permittee shall remove all noncombustible garbage and debris from the land use area to a disposal site approved in writing by a Land Use Inspector.	Yes.
31(1)(g)(44)	The Permittee shall dispose of all combustible waste petroleum products by removal.	Yes.

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<b>Land Use Permit Condition (N2007A0020)</b>		<b>Was Compliance Achieved?<sup>1</sup></b>
31(1)(h)(50)	The Permittee shall not in any circumstances deposit or allow the deposit of any deleterious substances of any type into any waters, or in any place under any conditions where the deleterious substances may enter any waters.	Yes.
31(1)(k)(57)	The Permittee shall not allow petroleum products to spread to surrounding lands or into water bodies.	Yes.
<b>Water Licence Condition (N7L1-1822)</b>		<b>Was Compliance Achieved?<sup>1</sup></b>
D.9	The Licensee shall dispose of all solid wastes in a manner acceptable to the Inspector.	Yes.
D.18	No oil-based waste products are to be disposed of on-site. Oil-based additives and drill cuttings associated with these additives are to be disposed of at an approved off-site location to the satisfaction of an Inspector.	Yes.
D.19	The Licensee shall retain riparian vegetation to maintain bank earthwork stability.	Yes.
G.3	The Licensee shall ensure that petroleum products, hazardous materials and other wastes associated with the project do not enter any waters.	Yes.
H.1	Upon completion of all activities, the Licensee shall ensure that all equipment and materials not required for monitoring are removed from the site. Other final restoration activities as outlined in the Project Description shall be implemented to the satisfaction of the Inspector.	Yes.

Note:

<sup>1</sup> Information sourced from: GNWT DOL 2024c, KAVIK-STANTEC 2016a

## 3 Project Environment

### 3.1 Atmospheric Environment

#### 3.1.1 Air Quality

It is anticipated that the ambient levels for the air quality parameters listed in Table 3-1 for the E-07, K-30, and I-25 sites would not exceed the NWT Ambient Air Quality Standards (GNWT 2015) because of a lack of current development and industrial activity in the region. During well abandonment activities, flaring may be required to remove gas from the wells, which may result in increased levels of nitrogen oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>), carbon monoxide (CO), volatile organic compounds (VOC), and particulate matter (PM); however, emissions concentrations are anticipated to be low due to the limited amount of time flaring would be carried out and are predicted to not exceed the standards.

**Table 3-1 Northwest Territories Ambient Air Quality Standards**

Parameter	Concentration (in µg/m <sup>3</sup> ) <sup>1</sup>	Concentration (in ppbv) <sup>2</sup>
<b>Sulphur Dioxide (SO<sub>2</sub>)</b>		
1-hour average	450	172
24-hour average	150	57
Annual arithmetic mean	30	11
<b>Nitrogen Dioxide (NO<sub>2</sub>)</b>		
1-hour average	400	213
24-hour average	200	106
Annual arithmetic mean	60	32
<b>Total Suspended Particulate (TSP)</b>		
24-hour average	120	-
Annual geometric mean	60	-
<b>Ground Level Ozone (O<sub>3</sub>)</b>		
8-hour running average	126	63
<b>Fine Particulate Matter (PM<sub>2.5</sub>)</b>		
24-hour average	28	-
Annual arithmetic mean	10	-
<b>Carbon Monoxide (CO)</b>		
1-hour average	15,000 (15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	13,000
8-hour average	6,000 (6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	5,000

Notes:

<sup>1</sup> Micrograms per cubic metre

<sup>2</sup> Parts per billion by volume

Source: GNWT Air Quality Report 2015 (GNWT 2015)

### **3.1.2 Climate**

The climate in the region the E-07, K-30, and I-25 sites are located is characterized by long, very cold winters and short, cool summers (ECG 2012). Climate normals data from the nearest weather stations (Tuktoyaktuk- ID 71985, about 84 to 102 km to the east; Inuvik- ID 71364, about 112 to 131 km to the south) indicated a daily average temperature of -10.1°C in Tuktoyaktuk and daily average of -8.2°C in Inuvik between 1981 and 2010. The coldest month for Tuktoyaktuk and Inuvik is January (-26.6°C and -26.9°C, respectively) and July is the warmest (11.0°C and 14.1°C, respectively) (ECCC 2022a, 2022b).

The average annual precipitation in the region ranges from 160.7 mm in Tuktoyaktuk to 240.6 mm in Inuvik with the greatest accumulations occurring from July to October (ECCC 2022a, 2022b).

Wind speeds in the region vary depending on season and geographic location. For Inuvik and Tuktoyaktuk, the lowest maximum hourly wind speeds typically occur from April through July and the highest wind speeds occur from December to March. For Inuvik, the April to July wind speed is 46 km/h and the prevailing direction is from northeast; the December to March maximum hourly wind speed reaches greater than 60 km/h. For Tuktoyaktuk, the April to July wind speed is 61 km/h and the December to March wind speed is 85 km/h; for both time periods the prevailing wind direction is from the west.

## **3.2 Physical (Terrestrial) and Permafrost Environment**

### **3.2.1 Regional Overview**

The Langley E-07, Langley K-30, and Kumak I-25 wellsites and associated facilities are located in the Tundra Plains Mackenzie Delta Lower Arctic North and Richard Island Coastal Plain Ecoregions (ECG 2012). The Mackenzie Delta Ecoregion (location of K-30 and E-07) is a low, wet floodplain with alluvial silts and clays and is dominated by numerous channels, lakes, ponds and branches of the Mackenzie River. This area is considered to be the active delta and is continually shaped by a range of processes, including (but not limited to) isostatic rebound, marine effects from the Beaufort Sea, flooding from the Mackenzie River, and the influence of underlying permafrost (ECG 2012). This area is within the discontinuous permafrost zone (Heginbottom et al.1995). Depending on location, between 35% and 65% of the land surface may be underlain by permafrost (Heginbottom 2000). Due to active fluvial processes, such as flooding and storm surges, soils tend to be rich in calcium, saline and of a very fine-silty and fine-loamy texture. Cryosols are the dominant soils in this ecoregion and include Regosolic Static Cryosols, Gleysolic Static Cryosols and Gleyed Cumulic Regosols (ECG 2012). Soils in the outer delta vary in relation to permafrost depth, drainage, and frequency of inundation. Where the active layer (i.e., the uppermost portion of the soil profile that is subjected to annual freezing and thawing) is deeper than 1.0 m and soils are not frequently flooded (i.e., less than annually), Orthic Regosol soils have developed (Heginbottom 2000).

The Richard Island Coastal Plain Ecoregion (location of I-25) is characterized as a low relief terrain with undulating hummocky till and outwash deposits with several lakes and ponds. The environment is not as influenced by fluvial or marine processes as other nearby ecoregions (e.g., Mackenzie Delta Lower Arctic North) (ECG 2012). The landscape is characterised by ice-wedge polygons and pingos. The area is within the continuous permafrost zone (Heginbottom et al. 1995). Soil in the region generally consists of Turbic Cryosols associated with weakly to moderately calcareous fine clayey and fine loamy glacial till (ECG 2012).

The bedrock geology of the E-07, K-30, and I-25 sites located in the Tundra Plains Mackenzie Delta Lower Arctic North and Richard Island Coastal Plain Ecoregions consists of sedimentary rock from the Cenozoic Era (Wheeler 1996). The surficial geology of the E-07, K-30, and I-25 sites consists of alluvial sediment deposits composed of silt, sand, clay, gravel, and organic sediment, deposited as channel, overbank, flood basin, deltaic, and debris flow deposits and may overlie and include glaciofluvial sediments (GSC 2014, Rampton 1987). For floodplains and deltas, ground material will consist of silt, clay, fine sand, minor gravel, coarse sand and organic sediment; sediment depth on deltas may be greater than 20 m thick (Rampton 1987).

### **3.2.2 Langley E-07**

The E-07 wellsite is located along the northwestern portion of Langley Island, approximately 6 km south of the Beaufort Sea. The terrain conditions at the wellsite consist of a flat to very gently undulating topography, where ground surface elevations are typically less than 1.5 m above mean sea level. Soils in the area consist of fluvial (alluvial) deposits. Permafrost is present at the site, although, its thickness in the outer delta region may vary from hundreds of metres to only a few metres on the point bars of migrating channels (Nguyen et al. 2009). While no recent data is available regarding the thickness of the active layer at the site, recent site monitoring conducted at the K-30 sump and wellsite (respectively 5 and 7 km further north) indicates that permafrost is generally found at depths ranging between 0.5 and 1.75 m below ground surface (KAVIK-Stantec 2024b). Past field observations by KAVIK-AXYS (2008b) and KAVIK-Stantec (2016a) and the review of available satellite imagery have confirmed that low-centered ice-wedge polygons are present in the area. While no apparent ice-wedges are visible within approximately 100 m of the wellhead, their presence may be concealed by the vegetation.

### **3.2.3 Kumak I-25**

The I-25 wellsite lies south of Trench Lake on flat ground (0% to 2% grade) covered with hummocky peat overlying silty soil (KAVIK-STANTEC 2016b). The wellsite is located in an area where freeze-thaw cycles are common, and a network of ice-wedge polygons is present including immediately adjacent to the wellhead.

### **3.2.4 Langley K-30**

The K-30 wellsite is located at the northern end of a low-lying island located at the seaward edge of the Mackenzie Delta. The surface of the island is flat and sits approximately 1.5 m above mean sea level. Soil on the wellsite is characterized as peaty organic material mixed with a minor fraction of fine sand and silt

(KAVIK-STANTEC 2017). Recent (2024) aerial reconnaissance of the wellsite conducted via helicopter showed that most of Langley Island's shoreline was impacted by erosion. The 2024 shoreline position was surveyed and documented using a drone, and the minimum distance separating the wellhead from the shoreline was measured at approximately 27.5 m (KAVIK-STANTEC 2025). The presence of permafrost was confirmed as part of the same visit, with frozen ground encountered at depths ranging between 110 and 120 cm below ground surface.

### **3.3 Chemical Environment**

Previous monitoring programs completed as part of the land use permit requirements have included collection and analysis of soil and standing water samples collected from locations at the K-30 and I-25 wellsites and sump sites. The collected samples were submitted for chemical analysis of contaminants of potential concern (COPCs) including benzene, toluene, and ethylbenzene, xylenes (BTEX), petroleum hydrocarbons (PHCs), detailed salinity, and select metal parameters. Figures showing the sampling locations are provided in Appendix A (Figure A.5 to Figure A.8). Tables showing the results of the analysis are provided in Appendix B (Table B.1 to Table B.9). Overall findings have included the following:

- Concentrations of select soluble inorganic parameters such as potassium and chloride were elevated in samples from the sump sites when compared to the background reference chemistry.
- Concentrations of barium from two soil samples collected from the West Depression area at the K-30 sump site were higher than the applied CCME guideline.

While some of the elevated inorganic concentrations from soil and standing water samples collected from the sump sites can be attributed to the influence of seawater, select inorganic parameter concentrations such as potassium and chloride were elevated when compared with background reference chemistry and suggest the presence of sump material. As such, potassium, chloride, and barium (K-30 sump site only) are considered contaminants of concern (COCs) for the soil and surface water chemistry at the sump sites.

Previous water sampling at the I-25 wellsite has reported chemistry within range of reference background chemistry; previous soil samples from 2017 at the I-25 wellsite reported chemistry within range of reference background chemistry with the exception of lower soil pH levels which may be attributed to organic matter (peat) content. Water samples have not been collected at the K-30 wellsite due to a lack of visible evidence to trigger sampling (i.e., lack of vegetation, staining, hydrocarbon-like sheen etc.). Soil samples collected at K-30 in 2017 reported elevated electrical conductivity (EC) and sodium adsorption ratio (SAR) values when compared with the guidelines. However, the results were comparable to background soil chemistry. As such, there currently are no identified COCs in soil and surface water for the wellsites.

### **3.4 Biological Environment**

Vegetation communities present at E-07, K-30, and I-25 areas are dominated by wet sedge and cotton-grass species, including water sedge (*Carex aquatilis*), narrow-leaved cotton-grass (*Eriophorum*

*angustifolium*), and Fisher’s tundra grass (*Dupontia fisheri*) (KAVIK-STANTEC 2016a, 2016b, 2016c, 2017). Stable areas of the active delta support more structurally developed vegetation communities characterized by short willows with a sedge understory. These communities typically get established on raised habitats and channel embankments (created by deposition of fine sand and silt) and intersperse the wet sedge community type. The northern portion of the E-07, K-30, and I-25 areas (K-30 vicinity) is influenced by both marine and freshwater processes, which combine to produce a diverse wetland environment. Within Langley Island dwarf/low native shrubs, sedges and grasses dominate the landscape in areas that are not influenced by fluvial or marine processes (in the vicinity of I-25). Characteristic species include felt-leaf willow (*Salix alaxensis*), Richardson’s willow (*Salix richardsonii*), horsetail (*Equisetum* sp.) and narrow-leaved cotton-grass. Low centered polygons which develop are dominated by sedges, cotton-grasses and sphagnum mosses.

### 3.4.1 Langley E-07

Vegetation cover at the E-07 wellsite in 2015 was approximately 85%, consisting of current year foliage (70% cover) and plant litter (15% cover) with the remainder of ground cover consisting of wood debris (5%) and bare ground (10%). The wellsite has had minimal topsoil and vegetation disturbance, since site activities were completed, which has resulted in the growth of native sedge, grass, forb and shrub vegetation reaching 0.1 m to 0.4 m heights (KAVIK-STANTEC 2016a). Vegetation observed on the wellsite consisted of foxtail (*Alopecurus* sp.), sedges (*Carex* spp.), hairgrass (*Deschampsia* sp.), Fisher’s tundra grass, tall and tussock cotton-grasses (*Eriophorum angustifolium* and *E. vaginatum*), Sudetan lousewort (*Pedicularis sudetica*), Jacob’s ladder (*Polemonium* sp.) and willows (*Salix* spp.) (Table 3-2). Overall, vegetation at the wellsite appeared in healthy condition. No invasive plant species were observed at the wellsite (KAVIK-STANTEC 2016a).

**Table 3-2 Vegetation Species present in E-07 Wellsite Area**

Vegetation Species	% Cover
foxtail ( <i>Alopecurus</i> sp.)	10
sedges ( <i>Carex</i> spp.)	15
hairgrass ( <i>Deschampsia</i> sp.)	5
Fisher’s tundra grass ( <i>Dupontia fisherii</i> )	10
tall cotton-grass ( <i>Eriophorum angustifolium</i> )	10
tussock cotton-grass ( <i>Eriophorum vaginatum</i> )	10
Sudetan lousewort ( <i>Pedicularis sudetica</i> )	<1
Jacob’s ladder ( <i>Polemonium</i> sp.)	<1
willows ( <i>Salix</i> spp.)	10
vegetation/plant litter	15
wood debris	5
bare ground	10
<b>Total</b>	<b>100</b>

Source: KAVIK-STANTEC 2016a

### 3.4.2 Langley K-30

Vegetation cover at the K-30 wellsite in 2015 was approximately 90%, consisting of current year foliage (75%) and plant litter (15%) with the remainder of ground cover consisting of bare ground (10%). The wellsite has had minimal topsoil and vegetation disturbance, which has resulted in the native grass, forb and shrub vegetation re-establishing and growing to 0.1 m to 0.5 m heights (KAVIK-STANTEC 2016c). Vegetation at the wellsite was predominantly bluejoint/bent reed grass (*Calamagrostis canadensis*), sedges, and cotton-grass (Table 3-3). Overall, vegetation at the wellsite appeared in healthy condition. No invasive plant species were observed at the wellsite (KAVIK-STANTEC 2017).

**Table 3-3 Vegetation Species present in the K-30 Wellsite Area**

Vegetation Species	% Cover
bluejoint/bent reed grass ( <i>Calamagrostis canadensis</i> )	15
sedges ( <i>Carex</i> spp.)	35
cotton-grass ( <i>Eriophorum</i> sp.)	15
Sudetan lousewort ( <i>Pedicularis sudetica</i> )	5
willow ( <i>Salix</i> sp.)	5
vegetation/plant litter	15
wood debris	0
bare ground	10
<b>Total</b>	<b>75</b>

Source: KAVIK-STANTEC 2016c

### 3.4.3 Kumak I-25

Vegetation cover at the I-25 wellsite in 2015 was approximately 95%, consisting of current year foliage (85%) and plant litter (10%) with the remainder of ground cover consisting of bare ground (5%). The area immediately surrounding the wellhead culvert was seeded with native grasses during reclamation treatments completed in 2010 to revegetate bare areas around the wellhead (Priddis 2014). The wellsite had minimal topsoil and vegetation disturbance, which has resulted in native grass, forb and shrub vegetation re-establishing to a height of 0.1 m to 0.4 m. Vegetation observed on the wellsite included green alder (*Alnus viridis*), polargrass (*Arctagrostis latifolia*), glandular birch (*Betula glandulosa*), tufted hairgrass (*Deschampsia caespitosa*), crowberry (*Empetrum nigrum*), tussock cotton-grass, northern Labrador tea (*Ledum decumbens*), cloudberry (*Rubus chamaemorus*), net-veined willow (*Salix reticulata*), willow, and mosses (Table 3-4). Overall, vegetation at the wellsite appeared in healthy condition. No invasive plant species were observed at the wellsite (KAVIK-STANTEC 2016b).

**Table 3-4 Vegetation Species present in the I-25 Wellsite Area**

Vegetation Type	% Cover
green alder ( <i>Alnus viridis</i> )	5
polargrass ( <i>Arctagrostis latifolia</i> )	4
dwarf birch ( <i>Betula glandulosa</i> )	10
tufted hairgrass ( <i>Deschampsia caespitosa</i> )	1
crowberry ( <i>Empetrum nigrum</i> )	5
tussock cotton-grass ( <i>Eriophorum vaginatum</i> )	25
northern Labrador tea ( <i>Ledum decumbens</i> )	5
cloudberry ( <i>Rubus chamaemorus</i> )	5
net-veined willow ( <i>Salix reticulata</i> )	5
willow ( <i>Salix</i> sp.)	5
mosses	15
vegetation/plant litter	10
wood debris	0
bare ground	5
<b>Total</b>	<b>100</b>

Source: KAVIK-STANTEC 2016b



## 4 Project Description

### 4.1 Location and Access

K-30, E-07 and I-25 are located within the outer Mackenzie Delta of the ISR, NWT (Figure A.1, Appendix A). The K-30 well is located on the northern tip of Langley Island, E-07 is located approximately 6 km south of K-30, and I-25 is located approximately 20 km southeast of E-07. Well abandonment program (the Program) activities will take place on Crown land with the exception of a potential barge landing, winter roads and camp site, which are within Inuvialuit 7(1)(a) Private Lands (i.e., ISR Inuvialuit Private Lands where the Inuvialuit own surface and subsurface title or rights; IRC 2024). I-25 is located within the Kendall Island Migratory Bird Sanctuary. Distances from each well to Inuvik, Aklavik and Tuktoyaktuk are provided in Table 4-1.

**Table 4-1 Approximate Distances of the Program Wells from Inuvik, Aklavik and Tuktoyaktuk**

Well	Distance from Inuvik (km)	Distance from Aklavik (km)	Distance from Tuktoyaktuk (km)
Langley K-30	131	126	102
Langley E-07	125	120	100
Kumak I-25	112	115	84

Barges may be used to mobilize equipment and materials to the Program footprint for staging as close to the well(s) as possible. If barges are used, they will be originating from locations such as Hay River, Ft. Simpson, or Inuvik. Previous PDs submitted to the Environmental Impact Screening Committee (EISC) by MGM and Chevron Canada Limited (the previous operator of K-30 and I-25) identified suitable, potential advance barge landing sites (KAVIK-AXYS 2006, 2007a, 2007b, 2008a and 2008b). These locations are being considered for this Program and are identified in Figures 5-2 to 5-4 of the 2019 Well Abandonment Program PDR (KAVIK-STANTEC 2019). These locations are preferred since bathymetric surveys and archaeological and biophysical assessments were previously completed.

### 4.2 Site History, Project Development and Current Status

Between 2003 and 2010, various oil and gas companies conducted hydrocarbon exploration drilling programs in the outer Mackenzie Delta within the ISR of the NWT. Prior to MGM carrying out exploration activities, the area had been previously disturbed naturally (fire) or anthropogenically (seismic lines). MGM operates 10 wells in the region. As a result of delays and eventual cancellation of the construction of the Mackenzie Gas Project, MGM's wells within the region have not produced and are either in a suspended state or abandoned. MGM has monitored these wells since 2009 and has decided to begin abandonment of selected wells, including Langley E-07, Langley K-30, and Kumak I-25.

Monitoring of K-30 has indicated shoreline erosion (KAVIK-STANTEC 2017). Consequently, MGM has decided to abandon this well although MGM still considers the potential reserves are valuable. Two additional wells, E-07 and I-25, were identified for potential abandonment due to their proximity to K-30, and the opportunity to abandon multiple wells in a local area during one program.

### **4.3 Permit History**

The permit history for the E-07, K-30, and I-25 sites is discussed in Section 2.5 and Table 2-2.

### **4.4 Site Geology**

The Sites within this CRMP were used for oil and gas exploration not mining. Surficial and bedrock geology information is provided above in Section 3.2.1.

### **4.5 Project Summary**

The Program will consist of abandoning one to three wells (E-07, K-30, and I-25). The K-30 well is MGM's priority for abandonment due to ongoing shoreline erosion.

## 5 Permanent Closure, Reclamation, and Monitoring

### 5.1 Definition of Permanent Closure, Reclamation, and Monitoring

Permanent closure is the final closure of a site with no foreseeable intent by the proponent to return to either active exploration or development. Permanent closure indicates that the proponent does not intend to have activity on the site aside from post-closure monitoring and potential contingency actions. Permanent closure does not preclude the proponent or another party from pursuing opportunities at the existing site or in the area at a time beyond the foreseeable future.

MGM will be seeking permanent closure of the E-07, K-30, and I-25 wellsites and associated project areas. It is anticipated that, with the proposed remediation during well abandonment and follow up permanent reclamation treatments, MGM will have reclaimed the well locations to the standards as per the closure conditions in LUP N2019A0001. Permanent reclamation will involve undertaking treatments which re-establish natural drainage (where needed), create stable ground conditions to prevent erosion, and re-establish vegetation cover which is self-sustaining and compatible with the surrounding undisturbed ecosystem.

Post reclamation activities will consist of vegetation and terrain monitoring to confirm reclamation success. Vegetation monitoring will include documentation of vegetation establishment and surveillance for invasive plant species. Terrain monitoring will include identification of erosion and ground subsidence issues. If the presence of standing water is observed, it will be monitored and sampled as necessary. Post reclamation monitoring is proposed during summer months, to meet water licence and land use permit conditions to confirm that native vegetation and natural contouring is established and compatible with surrounding lands. The first year of monitoring will also include confirmatory soil sampling to verify that there are no COCs, as identified in Section 3.3 (i.e., select salinity and metal parameters) present at the reclaimed sites.

If issues are identified that need to be addressed during the monitoring or from sampling, minor reclamation treatments will be conducted via helicopter access. These could include invasive species management, scarification, recontouring, erosion control measures, seeding and other vegetation management techniques.

### 5.2 Permanent Closure and Reclamation Requirements

Closure, and reclamation requirements for the wellsites and associated areas are detailed in Table 5-1 below. Closure and reclamation requirements for the wellsites undergoing abandonment activities will also follow conditions specified in the current LUP N2019A0001.

**Langley E-07, Langley K-30, and Kumak I-25 Well Abandonment Program  
 Closure, Reclamation, and Monitoring Plan  
 Section 5: Permanent Closure, Reclamation, and Monitoring  
 March 21, 2025**

**Table 5-1 Project Component Descriptions and Conditions**

Project Component Description				Site Conditions	Final Closure and Reclamation Requirements
Locations	Components	Dimensions	Current Status		
Langley E-07	Wellsite Area	150 m x 150 m	Built/ Suspended	Site contains a wellhead, above ground protective culvert around the wellhead, and a steel well marker post and sign at the wellhead location. Wellsite Area has well established native vegetation cover, no terrain stability or erosion issues.	<p>Cutting of well casing to approved depth, removal of wellhead and associated infrastructure, capping of the casing string, backfilling of excavated soil; creating stable ground conditions to prevent erosion and re-establish native vegetation to &gt;70% ground cover to mitigate areas re-disturbed by Langley E-07 well abandonment activities.</p> <p>Confirmatory soil sampling will be carried out in the first year following reclamation activities to verify that there are no COCs present at the reclaimed E-07 wellsite.</p>
Langley K-30	Wellsite Area	120 m x 120 m	Built/ Suspended	Site contains a suspended wellhead, protective culvert and cage, and a steel well marker post with a sign at the wellhead location. Wellsite Area has well established native vegetation cover, but has been exposed to continuous shoreline erosion on the west, north, and east portions of the site.	<p>Cutting of well casing to approved depth, removal of wellhead and associated infrastructure, capping of the casing string, backfilling of excavated soil; creating stable ground conditions to prevent erosion and re-establish native vegetation to &gt;70% ground cover to mitigate areas re-disturbed by Langley K-30 well abandonment activities. Shoreline stabilization treatments are not proposed for the K-30 wellsite.</p> <p>Confirmatory soil sampling will be carried out in the first year following reclamation activities to verify that there are no COCs present at the reclaimed K-30 wellsite.</p>
	Sump Area	40 m x 60 m	Built	Site contains a remote drilling sump which is located approximately 2 km south of the K-30 Wellsite Area.	Sump Area will continue to be monitored. Risk assessment to be conducted to assess conditions and potential remediation/reclamation options. If sump removal and final decommissioning, remediation, and reclamation is proposed, it will be under a separate application.

**Langley E-07, Langley K-30, and Kumak I-25 Well Abandonment Program**  
**Closure, Reclamation, and Monitoring Plan**  
**Section 5: Permanent Closure, Reclamation, and Monitoring**  
 March 21, 2025

Project Component Description				Site Conditions	Final Closure and Reclamation Requirements
Locations	Components	Dimensions	Current Status		
Kumak I-25	Wellsite Area	120 m x 120 m	Built/ Suspended	Site contains a wellhead, above ground protective culvert around the wellhead, and a steel well marker post and sign at the wellhead location. Wellsite Area has well established native vegetation cover, no terrain stability or erosion issues.	<p>Cutting of well casing to approved depth, removal of wellhead and associated infrastructure, capping of the casing string, backfilling of excavated soil; creating stable ground conditions to prevent erosion and re-establish native vegetation to &gt;70% ground cover to mitigate areas re-disturbed by Kumak I-25 well abandonment activities.</p> <p>Confirmatory soil sampling will be carried out in the first year following reclamation activities to verify that there are no COCs present at the reclaimed I-25 wellsite.</p>
	Sump Area	65 m x 35 m	Built	Site contains a remote drilling sump which is located approximately 15 km southeast of the I-25 Wellsite Area.	Sump Area will continue to be monitored. Risk assessment to be conducted to assess conditions and potential remediation/reclamation options. If sump removal and final decommissioning, remediation, and reclamation is proposed, it will be under a separate application.
Barge landing sites, staging areas, and camp facilities	-	TBD	Proposed	Sites not developed yet; sites undisturbed	<p>MGM will utilize existing cleared and linear disturbances from previous activities in the area, where possible, for proposed barge landing sites, staging areas, and camp facilities to minimize ground and vegetation disturbance.</p> <p>To minimize ground and vegetation disturbance during abandonment operations, ice pads will be constructed on these areas.</p> <p>Where ground or vegetation disturbance has occurred, reclamation treatments will be carried out in order to create stable ground conditions to prevent erosion and re-establish native vegetation to &gt;70% ground cover to mitigate disturbed areas.</p>

**Langley E-07, Langley K-30, and Kumak I-25 Well Abandonment Program  
 Closure, Reclamation, and Monitoring Plan  
 Section 5: Permanent Closure, Reclamation, and Monitoring  
 March 21, 2025**

Project Component Description				Site Conditions	Final Closure and Reclamation Requirements
Locations	Components	Dimensions	Current Status		
Winter roads	-	TBD	Proposed	Roads not developed yet; sites undisturbed	<p>MGM will utilize existing cleared and linear disturbances from previous activities in the area, where possible, for proposed winter roads to minimize ground and vegetation disturbance.</p> <p>Winter roads and ice pads of at least 15 cm in thickness will be used to protect surface vegetation and prevent ground surface erosion and compaction.</p> <p>Where ground or vegetation disturbance has occurred, reclamation treatments will be carried out in order to create stable ground conditions to prevent erosion and re-establish native vegetation to &gt;70% ground cover to mitigate disturbed areas.</p>
Airstrips, helicopter pads	-	TBD	Proposed	Sites not developed yet; sites undisturbed	<p>Proposed airstrips will be constructed on frozen river channels thereby minimizing ground and vegetation disturbance.</p> <p>Proposed helicopter landing pads will be located in the vicinity of wellsites, barge landing sites, staging areas or camp facilities, all of which will be on ice pads, thereby minimizing ground and vegetation disturbance.</p> <p>Where ground or vegetation disturbance has occurred, reclamation treatments will be carried out in order to create stable ground conditions to prevent erosion and re-establish native vegetation to &gt;70% ground cover to mitigate disturbed areas.</p>

Note:  
 TBD= to be determined.

### 5.3 Areas Affected by Spills and Unauthorized Discharges

A summary of spills or unauthorized discharges reported for the Sites are listed below in Table 5-2.

**Table 5-2 Spills or Unauthorized Discharges at the Project Sites**

Sites	Spills or Unauthorized Discharges
Langley E-07	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Spill No.: 2008097, March 25, 2008: The spill consisted of drilling mud for a total volume of 500 litres (L). The information was obtained from GNWT-ECC 2024.</li> </ul>
Kumak I-25	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Spill No.: N/A, occurred in 2006-2007. The spills consisted of hydraulic fluids, engine oil, antifreeze, oil, diesel fuel, drilling muds, glycol, wastewater, transmission fluid, etc. A total of 57 spills ranging from less than 1 L to 100 L volumes. The information is based on drilling records. Spilled materials were scraped from ice surfaces and were immediately and completely cleaned-up with no residual impacts identified (Chevron 2008).</li> </ul>
Langley K-30 <sup>1</sup>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Spill No. 2003196, unspecified date. 182 L of drilling fuel spilled, no details were provided regarding the location or the remedial action taken in response to the spill.</li> <li>Spill No. 200317, March 5, 2003: 1 L of unspecified chemical was spilled at the campsite. No details were provided regarding the remedial action.</li> <li>Spill No. 2003168, March 6, 2003: 1 L of unspecified chemical was spilled at the Wellsite. No details were provided regarding the remedial action.</li> <li>Spill No. 2003167, March 9, 2003: 1 L of unspecified chemical spilled. No details were provided regarding the location or remedial action.</li> <li>Spill No. 2003161, March 14, 2003: 114 L of petroleum fuel oil (Jet A, diesel, turbo A, heat). No details were provided regarding the location or remedial action taken.</li> <li>Spill No. 2003163, March 15, 2003: Lubricating oil and spill of 3 L. No details were provided regarding the location or remedial action.</li> <li>Spill No. 2003182, March 19, 2003: Drilling fluid spill of 20 L. No details were provided regarding the location or remedial action taken.</li> <li>Spill No. 2003227, March 31, 2003: 9,000 L of drilling fluid was released related to a pipe leak. No details were provided regarding the location or remedial action taken.</li> <li>Spill No. 2003228, April 1, 2003: 2,000 L of drilling fluid spilled related to a pipe leak within a rig structure. No details were provided regarding the remedial action.</li> <li>Spill No. 2003230, April 2, 2003: 200 L of wastewater/impacted water was released. No details were provided regarding the location or remedial action taken.</li> <li>Spill No. 2003229, April 3, 2003: 3,000 L of drilling fluid released related to a tank leak. No details were provided regarding the remedial action taken.</li> <li>Spill No. 2003231, April 5, 2003: 500 L of drilling fluid released. No details were provided regarding the location or remedial action.</li> </ul>
<p>Notes: Langley K-30 spill information obtained from GNWT-ECC Spill Database (GNWT-ECC 2026).</p>	

## 5.4 Other Areas Affected by Project Activities

All areas associated with the project are listed and described under project components in Table 5-1.

## 5.5 Closure Objectives and Criteria

The closure objectives for the project are to assess the soils on-site to confirm: there are no parameters of concern present at concentrations that pose a risk to the applicable receptors at each location; that the site is stabilized, with no erosion present; that on-site drainage is consistent with the surrounding landscape and is not causing excess water retention; that the site is revegetated with native plant species consistent with the surrounding arctic tundra; that invasive plant species concentrations are less than or equal to off-site conditions.

### 5.5.1 Remediation

The following sections present the regulatory framework considered applicable to the Sites for interpretation of the soil and surface water chemistry and are hereinafter referred to as the applied guidelines. These guidelines were used to interpret soil and surface water chemistry monitoring conducted since 2015 as a screening tool to determine if concentrations of parameters of concern associated with former site operations or the remaining sump material pose a risk to site ecological and human health receptors. Chemistry results compared to the applied guidelines for soil and surface water samples collected at the Sites to date are summarized in Table B.1 to Table B.5 within Appendix B.

Background soil and surface water reference chemistry was collected from locations away/upgradient from former site operations to determine expected background concentration ranges of select parameters known to be elevated due to site specific characteristics (i.e., sea water intrusion, peat type soils). The results from on-site samples were evaluated by comparison to the median, 75th percentile, 95th percentile, and 95% upper confidence limit of the mean and maximum concentrations of the background reference chemistry for each soil type (i.e., organic soils vs mineral soils).

#### 5.5.1.1 Land Use

Based on the current and future anticipated land use of the Site, the analytical results are compared with the CCME residential/parkland land use guidelines since the Sites are not occupied and are subject to natural ecological succession. Current and future human use of the Site is expected to consist of recreational activity and possibly country food harvesting (i.e., hunting, fishing, gathering vegetation for consumption or other uses).

#### 5.5.1.2 Soil

The following applied guidelines are used for interpretation of the soil chemistry:

- Canadian Council of the Ministers of the Environment (CCME) Canadian Soil Quality Guidelines (CSQG) (CCME 2024).

- Canada-Wide Standards (CWS) for Petroleum Hydrocarbons (PHC) in Soil (CCME 2008), for interpretation of PHC F1 to F4 Gravimetric in soil samples.
- Government of Alberta, Alberta Environment (AENV) Salt Contamination Assessment & Remediation Guidelines (AENV 2001).
- AENV Soil Remediation Guidelines for Barite: Environmental Health and Human Health (AENV 2009).

The AENV Salt Contamination Assessment & Remediation Guidelines (SCARG; AENV 2001) present soil remediation guidelines for electrical conductivity (EC) and sodium adsorption ratio (SAR) based on reference soil data. Although these guidelines are not applicable in the NWT, they have been referenced to provide an indication of soil quality in relation to EC and SAR.

At sites with unrestricted land use, rating categories have been developed for EC and SAR, providing indicators of soil quality ranging from “good” to “unsuitable”. The rating categories are presented for both surface and subsoil conditions, with topsoil guidelines being applied to the L, F, H, O, and A soil horizons or equivalent surficial material where the horizons are not present. As specified in the guidelines, the purpose of the SCARG guideline is to “return the site to the same rating category as the noncontaminated soils of the same type”.

Both surface and subsoil guidelines (where available) were used for comparison with the analytical results.

In 2009, the AENV developed the *Soil Remediation Guidelines for Barite* due to concern relating to the presence of barite in drilling wastes at oil and gas sites (AENV 2009). Although the CCME guidelines present total barium guidelines for soil, these guidelines are not considered applicable to barite because the guidelines were developed based on soluble barium compounds.

### **5.5.1.3 Surface Water**

The following applied guidelines are used for interpretation of the surface water chemistry:

- Canadian Water Quality Guidelines (CWQGs) (CCME 2024) for interpretation of surface water quality for the Protection of Aquatic Life (PAL).

Although standing water samples collected from features such as ice wedges and surface depressions are not necessarily an aquatic habitat, the CCME CWQG were used to evaluate water quality. These were applied as a guideline only and limited conclusions can be made as to the quality of the standing water, which is a temporary feature with a limited volume of water.

### **5.5.2 Reclamation**

The criteria that will be used to assess if reclamation of a site is complete are as follows:

- Vegetation cover is greater than 70% of ground cover.
- Vegetation species diversity and composition is compatible with the surrounding land-use.

- Native plant species are present with a range of shrub and forb vegetation that are likely to continue (i.e., become self-sustaining) and diversify with future successional development.
- Presence of invasive plant species should be no greater than the surrounding undisturbed areas.
- Slopes have been stabilized with no visible erosion, slumping, sloughing or other evidence of ground instability.
- Drainage on and around the site is consistent with off-site areas and does not result in increased erosion potential or excess ponding.

### **5.5.3 Monitoring**

E-07 has not required ongoing monitoring since 2015 since site conditions have been reported to meet permit requirements. Monitoring at the K-30 and I-25 sites since 2015 has focused on erosion conditions at the K-30 wellsite, vegetation conditions at the I-25 wellsite, and sump subsidence conditions at the K-30 and I-25 sump areas.

The E-07, K-30, and I-25 wellsites will be monitored to meet water licence and land use permit conditions post reclamation to confirm that native vegetation and natural contouring is established and compatible with surrounding lands.

## **5.6 Consideration of Closure Options and Selection of Closure Activities**

The following information provides an overview of the closure and reclamation process and a summary of activities at the Sites to date.

### **5.6.1 Abandonment and Surface Equipment Removal**

All surface facilities and equipment have been previously decommissioned with the exception of the wellheads, aboveground protective culverts around the wellhead, and steel well marker posts and signs. The well heads at the E-07, K-30, and I-25 wellsites are proposed to be abandoned and cut and capped during the abandonment program scheduled for 2026 to 2031.

### **5.6.2 Assessment**

Further assessment work is anticipated during the abandonment, closure, and reclamation programs to confirm the site conditions meet the applied guidelines and remedial objectives.

#### **5.6.2.1 Phase 1 Environmental Site Assessment**

The Phase 1 Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) will consist of a review and evaluation of existing information collected from publicly available information and MGM file review. Site conditions observed during inspections and monitoring programs conducted at the Sites will be incorporated into the findings of the Phase 1 ESAs.

### **5.6.2.2 Phase 2 Environmental Site Assessment**

Based on the results of the Phase 1 ESA, which is anticipated to be completed prior to commencement of the abandonment program, further intrusive sampling may be required to resolve data gaps or assess areas of potential environmental concern (APECs) identified during the Phase 1 ESA. The purpose of a Phase 2 ESA is to resolve the identified data gaps and assess any identified APECs for the presence or absence of COPCs and determine the extent of any areas of environmental concern. Should Phase 2 ESAs be required, they will be completed during the abandonment program when Site access is available (i.e. winter roads) and sampling around the well heads can be completed to confirm no residual COPCs (i.e., salinity, metals, BTEX, and PHC) as identified in Section 3.3 remain in-situ.

### **5.6.2.3 Vegetation Monitoring**

Vegetation monitoring conducted at the E-07, K-30, and I-25 wellsites since 2015 indicated that native shrubs, grasses, sedges, and forbs were observed to be well established. Vegetation cover estimates have ranged from approximately 80% to 95% and vegetation has appeared healthy during previous site visits. These vegetation conditions met previous LUP N2007A0020, N2002A0035, and N2006A0029 requirements of greater than 70% vegetation cover and vegetation in a healthy condition. The results of the previous years' monitoring will be used as a baseline for future monitoring that will be conducted following completion of well decommissioning and closure activities, and remediation and revegetation treatments. Post reclamation monitoring will include vegetation and terrain monitoring to assess and confirm site stability, and establishment of a self-sustaining native vegetation cover that is compatible with the surrounding undisturbed ecosystems and meets current LUP N2019A0001 conditions (refer to Section 5.10).

### **5.6.3 Remediation**

Soil sampling and assessment will be conducted around the well head during the abandonment program to assess if soil remediation (i.e., excavation) is required. Where soil around the well head is reported to exceed the applied guidelines, the soil will be excavated and replaced with compatible backfill sourced from Inuvik, NT. Backfill sources will be tested for chemistry and texture parameters to confirm they are compatible and free from COPCs prior to being used.

Where results at the sump sites indicate exceedances of the applied guidelines which are not attributed to background conditions (i.e., elevated potassium and chloride concentrations), further remediation options will be considered.

Remedial options are expected to consist of the following:

1. Remediate all soil to the applied screening guidelines discussed in Section 5.5.1. This remedial option would require excavation of soil with reported concentrations above the applied guidelines for disposal off-site at an approved landfill location. The excavated area would then be reclaimed with clean backfill and contoured and seeded.

2. Evaluation of site-specific data to revise the applied screening guidelines based on physical site conditions and applicable receptor pathways. This remedial option will use background regional data in addition to the site-specific background sample chemistry to evaluate the site-specific risks to ecological and human health receptors. The findings from the risk assessment will be used to develop a risk management plan as a remedial option which may still require soil remediation (i.e., excavation). However, the target remedial guidelines will be site specific rather than the generic screening guidelines used currently.

Both remedial options will likely require some reclamation (i.e., seeding, erosion repairs) to retain and promote natural revegetation and ecosystem functionality.

#### **5.6.4 Reclamation**

Reclamation works at the E-07, K-30, and I-25 wellsites will consist of two activities:

##### ***Reclamation Activity 1 (wellhead decommissioning and site preparation treatments):***

- Clear established vegetation around the immediate vicinity of the wellheads to create a workspace for abandonment activities; strip and stockpile the surface layer of vegetation, organic material and topsoil from the wellhead areas for later use in site reclamation.
- Excavation of the soil around the wellheads to expose the casing string. If the soil around the wellheads is contaminated, it will be removed from the Sites and hauled to an approved disposal facility. The contaminated soil will be replaced with clean backfill material that is of suitable quality.
- Cutting of the casing and casing string to an appropriate depth approved by the Canada Energy Regulator (CER), and removal of the wellhead.
- Capping of the casing string and backfilling of the excavated soil.
- Replacement of stockpiled vegetation/organic material layer and topsoil onto the former wellhead areas. If the volume of stockpiled vegetation/organic material layer and topsoil is not sufficient to adequately cover the decommissioned wellhead areas, additional topsoil material will be hauled in and applied. The additional topsoil material will be applied first, then covered with the stockpiled vegetation/organic material layer and topsoil to promote faster vegetation establishment. The backfilling and recontouring activities will be completed so that volume of stockpiled organic material layer and topsoil applied above the former wellhead does not result in the formation of settlement and depression.
- Where needed, recontouring will be carried out to re-establish the original natural topography and drainage patterns in the wellsite areas.

##### ***Reclamation Activity 2 (revegetation treatments):***

- If needed, broadcast application of soil amendment materials such as fertilizer to improve soil fertility and application of organic mulch pellets to increase organic matter content and soil moisture capacity for the site.
- Broadcast application of a candidate native grass seed mix (Table C.1, Appendix C).

- The proposed native grass seed mix was applied in previous MGM wellsite and sump reclamation treatments in the ISR area and has successfully established. This mix includes species that are native to the region and adapted to a range of ground conditions such as flooding/high soil moisture, high salt conditions, low/high soil pH, and drought.
- MGM will consider the feasibility of incorporating other native forb and shrub species which are endemic in the Mackenzie Delta region into the reclamation seed mix through consultations with seed suppliers and local agencies (e.g., Aurora Research Institute). Potential native forb and shrub species include: green alder (*Alnus viridis*), red bearberry (*Arctous rubra*), glandular birch (*Betula glandulosa*), sedges (*Carex* spp.), fireweed (*Chamerion angustifolium*), black crowberry (*Empetrum nigrum*), cottongrass (*Eriophorum* sp.), Arctic sweet coltsfoot (*Petasites frigidus*), narrow-leaved Labrador tea (*Rhododendron tomentosum*), cloudberry (*Rubus chamaemorus*), willows (*Salix* spp.), and bog cranberry (*Vaccinium vitis-idaea*).
- In order to increase the components of native shrub and forb vegetation in the reclaimed areas, native shrub/forb seed will be added to the native grass seed mix if the species are commercially available.
- If feasible, transplant cuttings or young, small seedlings of local shrub species including willow and net-veined willow (*Salix reticulata*), green alder, glandular birch, crowberry, northern Labrador tea, or cloudberry.
- If needed, install jute netting or erosion control blankets over the reclaimed area to protect the soil surface from potential erosion.

## **5.7 Engineering Work Associated with Selected Closure Activity**

Removal of the wellheads will be included in the well abandonment program under the jurisdiction of the Canadian Energy Regulator.

## **5.8 Water Management and Restoration of Natural Drainage**

Natural drainage will be restored where needed through reclamation earthworks (Reclamation Activity 1).

## **5.9 Predicted Environmental Effects During and After Closure and Reclamation Activities**

The potential environmental impacts/effects of the well abandonment program on valued components and general mitigation measures are discussed in detail in the 2019 Well Abandonment PDR (KAVIK-STANTEC 2019). Table 5-3 below provides a summary of the potential effects and recommended mitigation measures.

**Table 5-3 Potential Effects and Mitigations for Valued Components**

Potential Effects on Valued Components	Mitigation
<b>Terrain, Soils and Permafrost</b>	
<p><b>Disturbance and erosion</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Barge activity, winter roads and well pad construction have potential to disturb underlying soils through vehicle and equipment use</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Barge landing sites that were successfully screened by the EISC for past PDRs will be selected from previous applications. Sites will have stable shorelines and deeper channels for transport.</li> <li>Equipment will be unloaded using portable barge ramps or packed snow and ice ramps, which will protect channel banks.</li> <li>Ice pads will be constructed using low ground pressure vehicles.</li> <li>Only low ground pressure equipment will be used if there is less than 15 cm of snow.</li> <li>Other vehicles and equipment will only be used on constructed ice pads a minimum of 15 cm thick.</li> <li>Rutting will be avoided. Vehicle movements will be suspended if rutting occurs.</li> <li>Mushroom shoes or boots will be used on bladed equipment.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Reduced permafrost integrity</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Change in terrain and permafrost conditions resulting from the construction and operation of winter roads</li> <li>Flaring may cause local melting of the active layer and permafrost</li> <li>Accidental release of COCs</li> <li>Excavation at wellhead area may cause permafrost degradation and subsidence</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>On-land Program activities will be confined to winter (frozen ground) conditions.</li> <li>Winter roads and ice pads of at least 15 cm in thickness will be used to protect surface vegetation and prevent compaction.</li> <li>The areal extent of on-land ice pads and winter roads areas will be minimized.</li> <li>Vehicles and equipment will only be used if there is a minimum 15 cm of snow/ice on ice pads and overland access roads.</li> <li>Ice flare pads will be constructed to maintain insulating barrier; the size and depth of this ice pad will be designed to avoid thawing surface vegetation or soil. Flaring will adhere to National Energy Board Guidelines (NEB 2014).</li> <li>Flaring is not expected unless there is residual gas in the well bores or the plugs are leaking.</li> <li>If ground disturbance is unavoidable (e.g., soil excavation around the wellhead, or soil excavation in the course of spill clean-up), the resulting depression(s) will be backfilled and recontoured to above natural surface elevation using uncontaminated cut vegetation and disturbed soil. If some differential settlement occurs following the spring thaw, recontouring will be carried out to re-establish the original natural topography and drainage patterns in the wellsite areas.</li> </ul>

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Potential Effects on Valued Components	Mitigation
<b>Vegetation Communities (including rare plants and uncommon communities)</b>	
<p><b>Localized loss or damage of vegetation</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Damage to vegetation from accidental releases of COCs</li> <li>• Compaction and breakage of stems by vehicles during construction</li> <li>• Compaction and effects of delayed melting associated with ice pads and roads</li> <li>• Damage caused by local ice melting and temporary thawing of frozen vegetation as a result of flaring (note that very short term thawing of vegetation is not expected to cause long term vegetation damage or die-back)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Vegetation clearing will be avoided as much as possible through the use of previous disturbance for winter roads and staging. Vegetation clearing will not occur on the ice pads.</li> <li>• On-land Program activities will be confined to winter (frozen ground) conditions.</li> <li>• Winter roads and ice pads of at least 15 cm in thickness will be used to protect surface vegetation and prevent compaction.</li> <li>• The areal extent of on-land ice pads and winter roads areas will be minimized.</li> <li>• Vehicles and equipment will only be used if there is a minimum 15 cm of snow/ice on ice pads and overland access roads.</li> <li>• Vegetation will be 'walked down' instead of cut, wherever possible.</li> <li>• Proposed overland access will be pre-scouted to select appropriate routing with least likelihood of vegetation disturbance.</li> <li>• Where vegetation removal or damage is necessary (e.g., in the case of spill clean-up), the area will be reinsulated with cut organic matter to prevent possible thawing of permafrost and facilitate re-vegetation in the upcoming growing season.</li> <li>• Equipment will be operated on winter roads and ice pads to protect surface vegetation.</li> <li>• Reclamation activities will be completed at each wellsite after abandonment activities take place using appropriate seed mix as necessary.</li> </ul>
<b>Water Quality</b>	
<p><b>Potential effects to surface water quality</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Accidental release of COCs</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• All wastes will be contained and disposed in approved facilities designed for proper containment, treatment and disposal of wastes in accordance with permit requirements.</li> <li>• All Program activities will take place on constructed ice pads or winter roads, which will facilitate thorough cleanup of any accidental spills.</li> <li>• Fuel containment and handling procedures will minimize the risk of fuel spills.</li> <li>• In the event of accidental spills, MGM's Spill Response Plan (refer to Appendix A of the 2019 Well Abandonment Program PDR, KAVIK-STANTEC 2019) will warrant containment, thorough clean-up and proper disposal of absorbent materials and contaminated snow and ice. Evaporators will be used to reduce the volume of contaminated snow and ice.</li> <li>• Prior to demobilization, all working areas will be inspected for contaminant residues and cleaned up as required.</li> <li>• Fuel barges will be inspected bi-weekly.</li> <li>• No sumps will be used during the Program.</li> </ul>
<b>Hydrology</b>	
<p><b>Potential effects to surface hydrology</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Effects to localized surface drainage may occur because of location of ice pads</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ice pads will be sited on level ground.</li> <li>• An ice berm will be built up-slope from the ice pads to deflect overland meltwater around the ice pads.</li> <li>• DFO protocol for winter water withdrawal from ice-covered waterbodies in the NWT and Nunavut (DFO 2010) will be followed.</li> </ul>

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Potential Effects on Valued Components	Mitigation
<b>Fish and Fish Habitat</b>	
<p><b>Potential fish entrainment and mortality</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Water withdrawal using pumps and hoses (necessary to make ice pads and roads) may result in fish kills</li> <li>Accidental release of COCs</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>DFO protocol for winter water withdrawal from ice-covered waterbodies in the NWT and Nunavut (DFO 2010) will be followed, which will include use of fine mesh screen on water intakes.</li> <li>Mitigation will be developed using DFO measures to avoid causing harm to fish and fish habitat (<a href="http://www.dfo-mpo.gc.ca/pnw-ppe/measures-mesures/measures-mesures-eng.html">http://www.dfo-mpo.gc.ca/pnw-ppe/measures-mesures/measures-mesures-eng.html</a>) (DFO 2018).</li> <li>Water withdrawal will be from the Mackenzie River, and the Program will also explore location options from previous applications for approval.</li> <li>Regular inspection of water trucks to confirm compliance.</li> <li>Fuel containment and handling procedures will minimize the risk of fuel spills.</li> <li>In the event of accidental release, MGM's Spill Response Plan (refer to Appendix A of the 2019 Well Abandonment Program PDR, KAVIK-STANTEC 2019) will confirm containment, thorough clean-up and proper disposal of absorbent materials and contaminated snow and ice. Evaporators will be used to reduce the volume of contaminated snow and ice.</li> <li>Fuel barges will be inspected bi-weekly.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Potential alteration of fish habitat</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Approaches to shore along the winter roads may lead to erosion and increased sedimentation.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Approaches to the shoreline will be snow filled.</li> <li>Avoid exposed soil.</li> <li>Previously used routes, where discernible, will be used and no new winter road alignments will be made.</li> <li>All Program activities will take place on constructed ice pads or winter roads, which will facilitate thorough cleanup of any accidental spills and protect soils from erosion and contamination, which could subsequently affect surface water quality.</li> </ul>
<b>Migratory Birds and Habitat</b>	
<p><b>Temporary sensory disturbance of migratory birds</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Demobilization of barges (approximately mid-June) may flush birds from preferred nesting locations</li> <li>Helicopter use associated with the monitoring of barging and barge staging may increase sensory disturbance</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>EISC Operating Guidelines and Procedures (EISC 2004) will be followed, where applicable. Observed concentrations of migratory birds will be avoided (1,000 m vertically, 1,500 m horizontally).</li> <li>Disruptions to migratory birds will be kept to a minimum by removing barges in the shortest possible timeframe.</li> <li>Wildlife monitors will be consulted during activities.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Temporary loss of bird habitat on the Program footprint</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Equipment used directly on snow covered tundra may affect vegetation used by birds</li> <li>Equipment used on ice pads may potentially affect vegetation used by birds</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Program activities will only occur within the Program footprint and on ice pads or winter roads.</li> <li>Low ground pressure equipment will be used if there is less than 15 cm of snow.</li> <li>Other Program equipment and vehicles will only be operated on constructed ice pads with a thickness greater than 15 cm.</li> </ul>

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Potential Effects on Valued Components	Mitigation
<b>Grizzly and Polar Bears</b>	
<p><b>Disturbance of denning bears</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Direct disturbance during construction and abandonment activities</li> <li>• Sensory disturbance during construction and abandonment activities</li> </ul> <p><b>Disturbance of foraging bears</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Direct and sensory disturbance from barge mobilization/demobilizing</li> <li>• Helicopter use causing sensory disturbance</li> </ul> <p><b>Bear-human interactions</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Attractants from camps and Program work areas</li> <li>• Safety</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Avoidance will be the primary mitigation. Coordination between ENR and MGM will occur to provide location of current and historic grizzly and polar bear den locations and/or conduct a survey prior to Program start-up to allow avoidance by &gt;800 m.</li> <li>• MGM will incorporate the results of ENR identified den location information into Program planning.</li> <li>• Prior to construction, surveys will be conducted to locate active and suspected active bear dens within setback distances of areas scheduled for activity.</li> <li>• If an active den or if a bear is observed during the winter season (October 1 to May 30) within 800 m of Program activity, activities will be suspended within the exclusion zone and ENR will be contacted to determine appropriate mitigation.</li> <li>• ENR Bear Encounter Response Guidelines for Oil and Gas Programs (ENR 2005) will be followed.</li> <li>• Proper storage, transportation and disposal of wastes will be carried out to avoid attracting bears to work sites.</li> <li>• Wildlife monitors will be on-site at all times.</li> </ul>
<b>Marine Mammals and Habitat</b>	
<p><b>Disturbance to beluga whales and seals</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Direct and sensory disturbance by barge mobilizing/demobilizing</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Avoidance will be the primary mitigation during barge staging activities as staging will take place in late September or October and may overlap with the presence of beluga whales or seals. A wildlife monitor will be present during times where there is an overlap with beluga whale and seal movements.</li> <li>• Avoidance will be the primary mitigation for barge demobilization activities. A wildlife monitor will be present during times where there is an overlap with beluga whale and seal movements.</li> </ul>
<b>Traditional Camps</b>	
<p><b>Disturbance to traditional camps</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Sensory disturbance by Program activities</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• HTC's will be notified of Program activities prior to commencement to minimize interactions with traditional camps and harvesters.</li> <li>• EISC Operating Guidelines and Procedures (EISC 2004) will be implemented where possible.</li> </ul>

Note:

Adapted from Table 13-3, MGM Energy Langley K-30, Langley E-07 and Kumak I-25 Well Abandonment Program Project Description Report (KAVIK-STANTEC 2019).

## **5.10 Post-Closure Monitoring, Maintenance and Reporting**

Post-closure activities at the E-07, K-30, and I-25 wellsites will consist primarily of vegetation and terrain monitoring to confirm reclamation success, implementing follow-up reclamation maintenance treatments, if required, and reporting. Use of thermistor cables to monitor ground temperature is not recommended as a post-closure monitoring method. Post-closure monitoring, maintenance, and reporting is proposed following completion of decommissioning and reclamation works to meet water licence and land use permit conditions to confirm that native vegetation and natural contouring is established and compatible with surrounding lands.

Vegetation monitoring will include documentation of parameters such as types of vegetation present (i.e., shrubs, forbs, mosses, lichens), vegetation species observed, plant stem density, vegetation percent cover, plant heights, plant health and condition, invasive plant species observed and degree of infestation, site slope gradient, soil material type, and evidence of erosion. The documented parameters will be used to determine if the revegetation treatments were successful in establishing a native vegetation cover that is on a trajectory to becoming a self-sustaining cover that is compatible with the native vegetation cover in surrounding undisturbed areas and meets LUP N2019A0001 conditions.

Terrain monitoring will include documenting ground stability conditions in the wellsite areas, assessment of permafrost conditions, and identification of erosion and ground subsidence issues. If the presence of standing water is observed, it will be monitored and sampled as necessary. Monitoring is proposed to be carried out during summer months, to meet water licence and land use permit conditions. The first year of monitoring will also include confirmatory soil sampling to verify previous reclamation results.

If issues are identified during the monitoring or from sampling that need to be addressed, minor reclamation maintenance treatments will be carried out. These could include invasive plant control, scarification or recontouring, re-application of soil mulch, fertilizer, or native grass seed mix, re-planting of cuttings or seedlings, and repairing or installing erosion control measures. Reclamation maintenance treatments, if required, will be carried out in the summer months in conjunction with the field monitoring programs; maintenance treatment work and associated materials required will only be completed with helicopter support.

Monitoring reports will be prepared following completion of the field monitoring programs. The reports will be updated following subsequent monitoring events until the Sites have met the applicable closure criteria. The monitoring reports will provide details on monitoring methodology, vegetation and terrain conditions, reclamation maintenance treatments carried out, discussion and recommendations on vegetation and terrain conditions, and recommendations for reclamation maintenance.

## **5.11      Uncertainties and Contingencies**

Some of the project components such as barge landing sites, staging areas, camp facilities, airstrips/helicopter pads will require inspection following final completion of abandonment activities proposed from 2026 to 2031 to confirm if additional reclamation work is required.

## **5.12      Climate Change Considerations**

The equipment used for reclamation earthworks will produce emissions including nitrous oxides, sulphur dioxide, carbon monoxide and particulate matter. Equipment and the duration of reclamation activity will be minimized to the extent possible. Equipment idling will be avoided where possible.

## **5.13      Closure and Reclamation Research Plans**

Closure and reclamation research plans are not applicable as this is the final reclamation and closure of the Sites.



## 6 Progressive Reclamation

Progressive reclamation is not applicable as MGM is pursuing final permanent closure of the wellsites and associated project components.



## 7 Temporary Closure

MGM has no intention of resuming activities on sites slated for closure. Therefore, temporary closure is not applicable to this CRMP.



## 8 Implementation Schedule

Currently, MGM is planning to carry out abandonment of the wellsites and associated project components between 2026 and 2031. The amount of time required to complete abandonment at each wellsite will be dependent on the site-specific conditions. The CRMP will be implemented over the multiple years as the Sites become available for reclamation and will be subject to changes as new information becomes available. Key events and approximate timing for each year are:

- Barge Mobilization: September to October
- Winter roads/ice pad construction: November to mid-April
- Abandonment activities: December to mid-April
- Demobilization (winter roads): when winter road conditions are no longer safe for travel (likely mid-April)
- Demobilization (barge): after spring break-up (late June to early July dependent on breakup timing)
- Site preparation and revegetation treatments: May to June (once snow cover is gone) and late August to early October (before snow cover becomes established)
- Monitoring: July to August



## 9 Financial Security

Currently MGM has security posted under water licence N7L1-1815. MGM will be addressing the financial security of the Sites separate from the CRMP.



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## Langley E-07, Langley K-30, and Kumak I-25 Well Abandonment Program Closure, Reclamation, and Monitoring Plan

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March 21, 2025

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**Langley E-07, Langley K-30, and Kumak I-25 Well Abandonment Program  
Closure, Reclamation, and Monitoring Plan**

**Section 10: References**

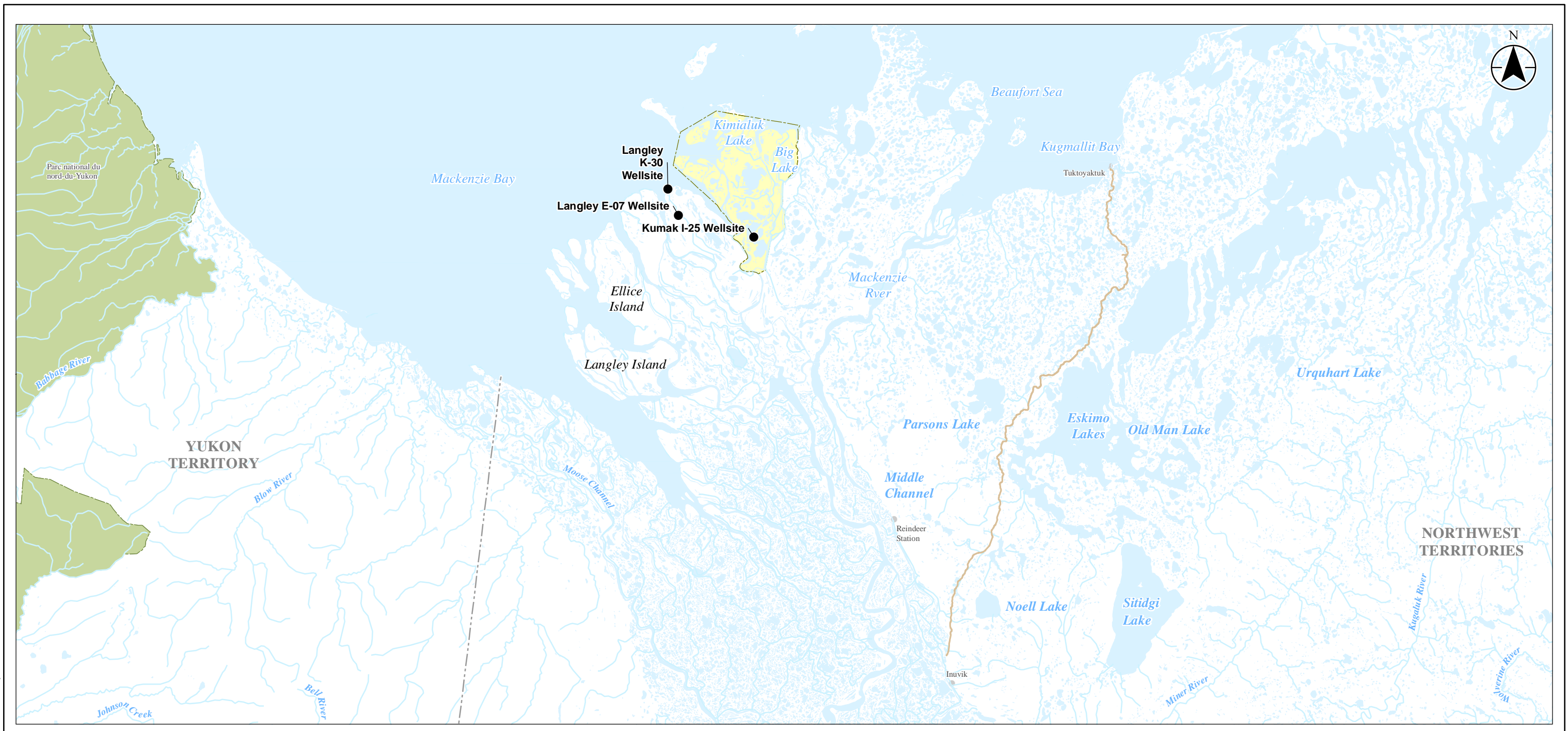
March 21, 2025

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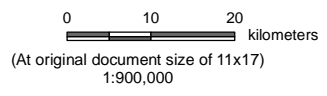
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## Appendix A    Figures





- Wellsite
- ITH
- ▭ Kendall Island Migratory Bird Sanctuary
- ▭ National Park



*Project Location* Inuvialuit Settlement Region  
 NT Prepared by NFORRESTER on 20240912

*Client/Project* 123515084

MGM Energy Langley E-07, Langley K-30, and Kumak I-25 Well Abandonment Program Closure, Reclamation, and Monitoring Plan

*Figure No.* **A.1**

*Title* **Wellsite Abandonment Area**

**Notes**  
 1. Coordinate System: NAD 1983 UTM Zone 9N  
 2. Data Sources: Base Data - Natural Earth. Thematic Data - KAVIK-STANTEC Inc., Government of Northwest Territories

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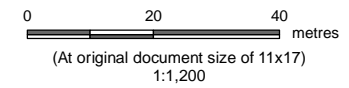


Source: Esri, Maxar, Earthstar Geographics, and the GIS User Community

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- Wellhead
- Wellsite Area



*Project Location*  
Inuvialuit Settlement Region  
NT

Prepared by NFORRESTER on 20241016  
QR by LBORGES on 20241016

*Client/Project*  
MGM Energy Langley E-07, Langley K-30, and  
Kumak I-25 Well Abandonment  
Program Closure, Reclamation, and Monitoring Plan

123515084

*Figure No.*  
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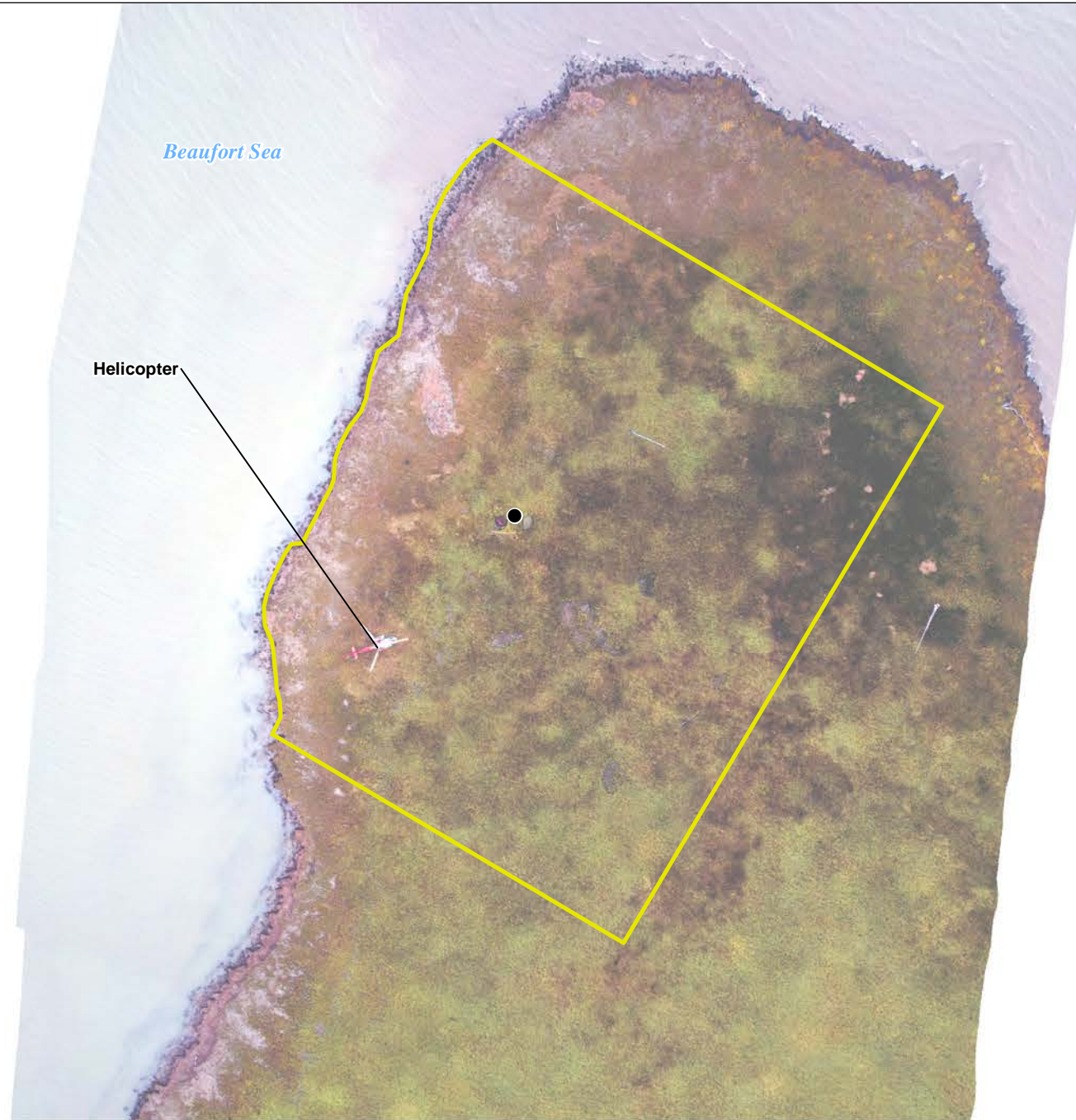
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- Notes**
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  2. Data Sources: Base Data - Natural Earth, Thematic Data - KAVIK-STANTEC Inc., Government of Northwest Territories
  3. GPS coordinates for sampling locations were recorded in the field by an iPad collector tool. Accuracy of GPS coordinates may vary plus or minus 5 metres



Beaufort Sea

Helicopter

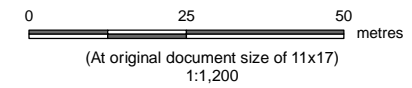


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- Wellhead
- Wellsite Area



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Inuvialuit Settlement Region  
NT

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Kumak I-25 Well Abandonment  
Program Closure, Reclamation, and Monitoring Plan

123515084

*Figure No.*  
**A.3**

*Title*  
**Langley K-30 Wellsite Area**

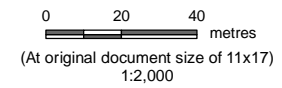
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- Wellhead
- Wellsite Area



*Project Location*  
Inuvialuit Settlement Region  
NT

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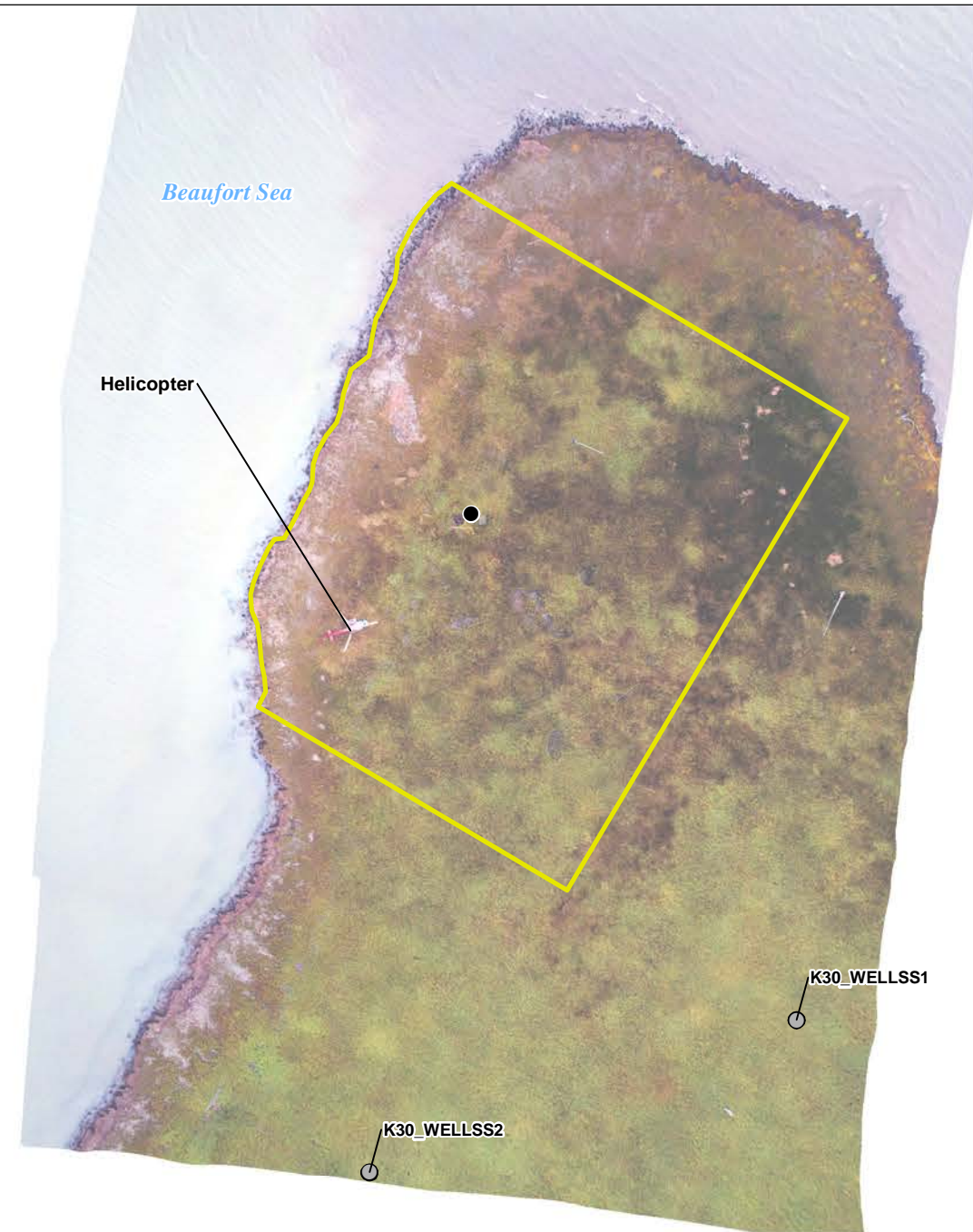
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Kumak I-25 Well Abandonment  
Program Closure, Reclamation, and Monitoring Plan

123515084

*Figure No.*  
**A.4**

*Title*  
**Kumak I-25 Wellsite Area**




- Notes**
1. Coordinate System: NAD 1983 UTM Zone 8N
  2. Data Sources: Base Data - Natural Earth, Thematic Data - KAVIK-STANTEC Inc., Government of Northwest Territories
  3. GPS coordinates for sampling locations were recorded in the field by an iPad collector tool. Accuracy of GPS coordinates may vary plus or minus 5 metres

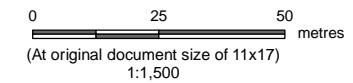


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-  Historical Soil Sample
-  Wellhead
-  Wellsite Area



*Project Location*  
Inuvialuit Settlement Region  
NT

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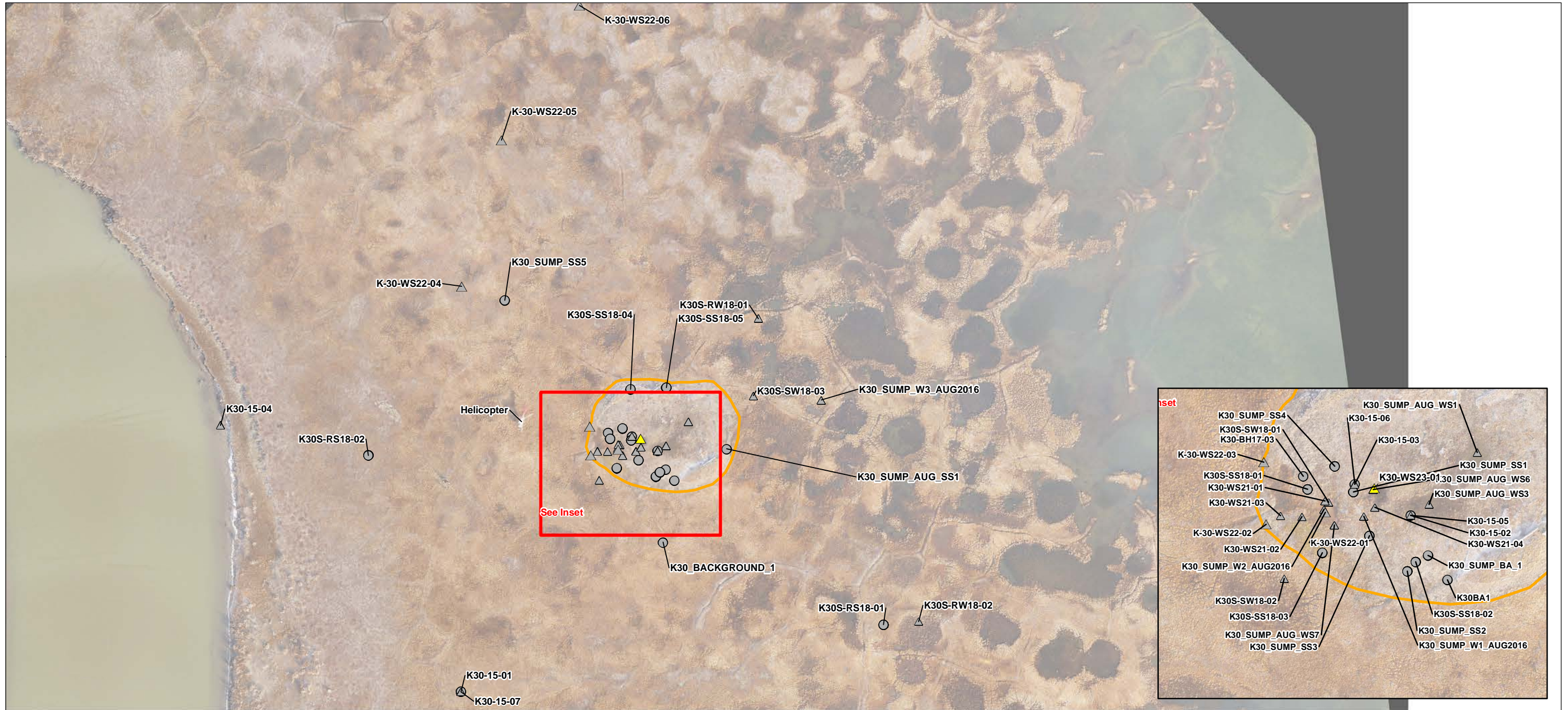
*Client/Project* 123515084

MGM Energy Langley E-07, Langley K-30, and  
Kumak I-25 Well Abandonment  
Program Closure, Reclamation, and Monitoring Plan

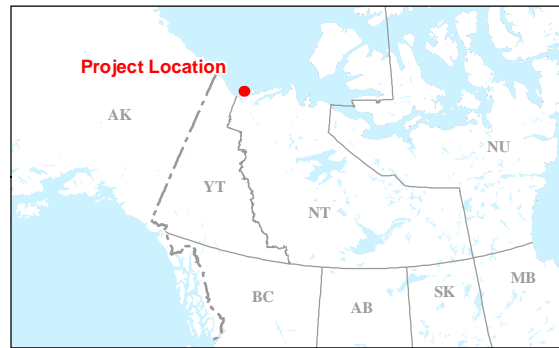
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*Title*  
**Langley K-30 Wellsite Area Soil Sampling  
Locations**

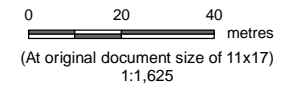
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  3. GPS coordinates for sampling locations were recorded in the field by an iPad collector tool. Accuracy of GPS coordinates may vary plus or minus 5 metres



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- ▲ 2023 Water Sample
- Historical Soil Sample
- ▲ Historical Water Sample
- Sump Area



*Project Location*  
Inuvialuit Settlement Region  
NT

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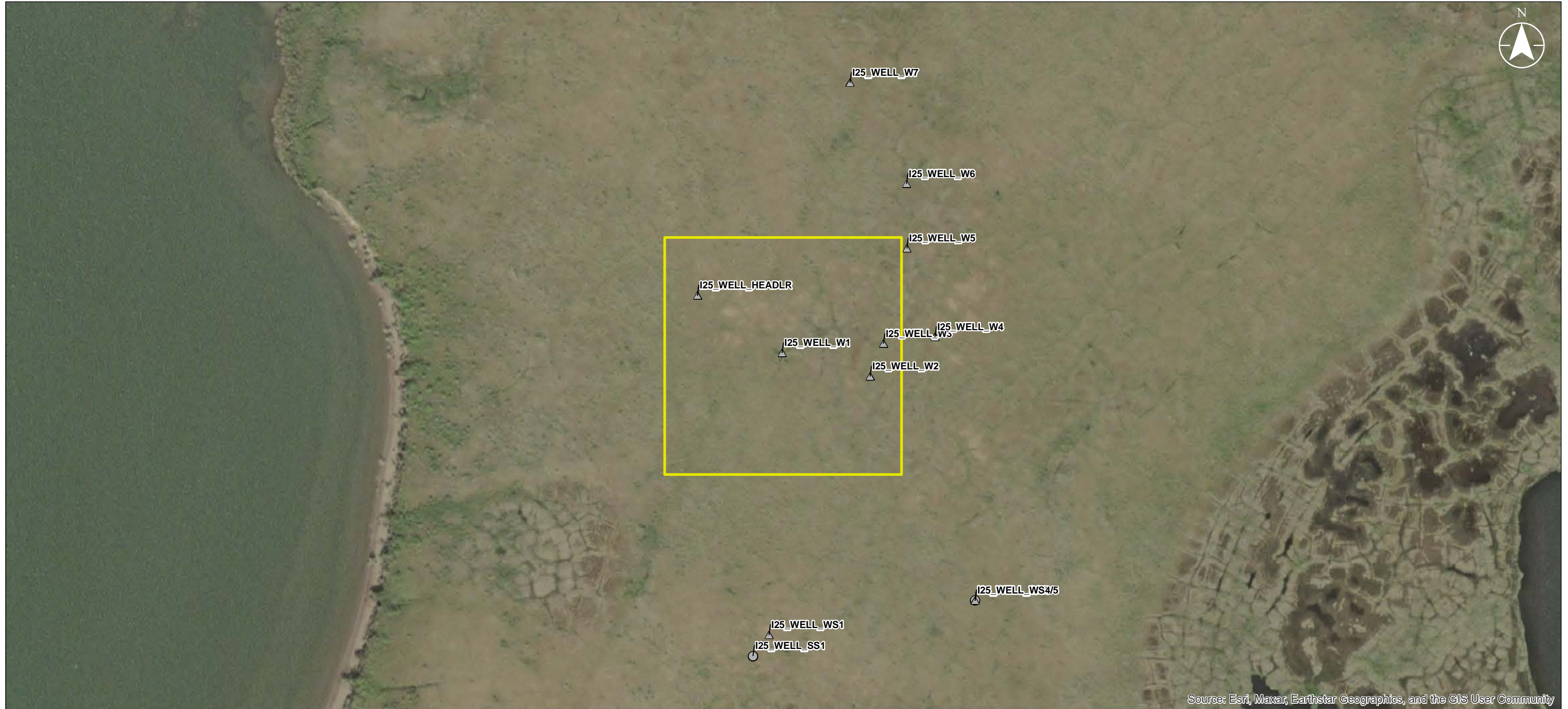
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Kumak I-25 Well Abandonment  
Program Closure, Reclamation, and Monitoring Plan

123515084

*Figure No.*  
**A.6**

*Title*  
**Langley K-30 Sump Area - Soil and Water  
Sample Locations**

**Notes**  
 1. Coordinate System: NAD 1983 UTM Zone 8N  
 2. Data Sources: Base Data - Natural Earth, Thematic Data - KAVIK-STANTEC Inc., Government of Northwest Territories  
 3. GPS coordinates for sampling locations were recorded in the field by an iPad collector tool. Accuracy of GPS coordinates may vary plus or minus 5 metres

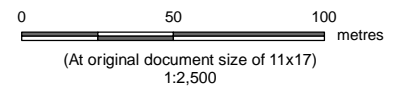


Source: Esri, Maxar, Earthstar Geographics, and the GIS User Community

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- Historical Soil Sample (2012-2021)
- ▲ Historical Water Sample
- Wellsite Area



**Project Location**  
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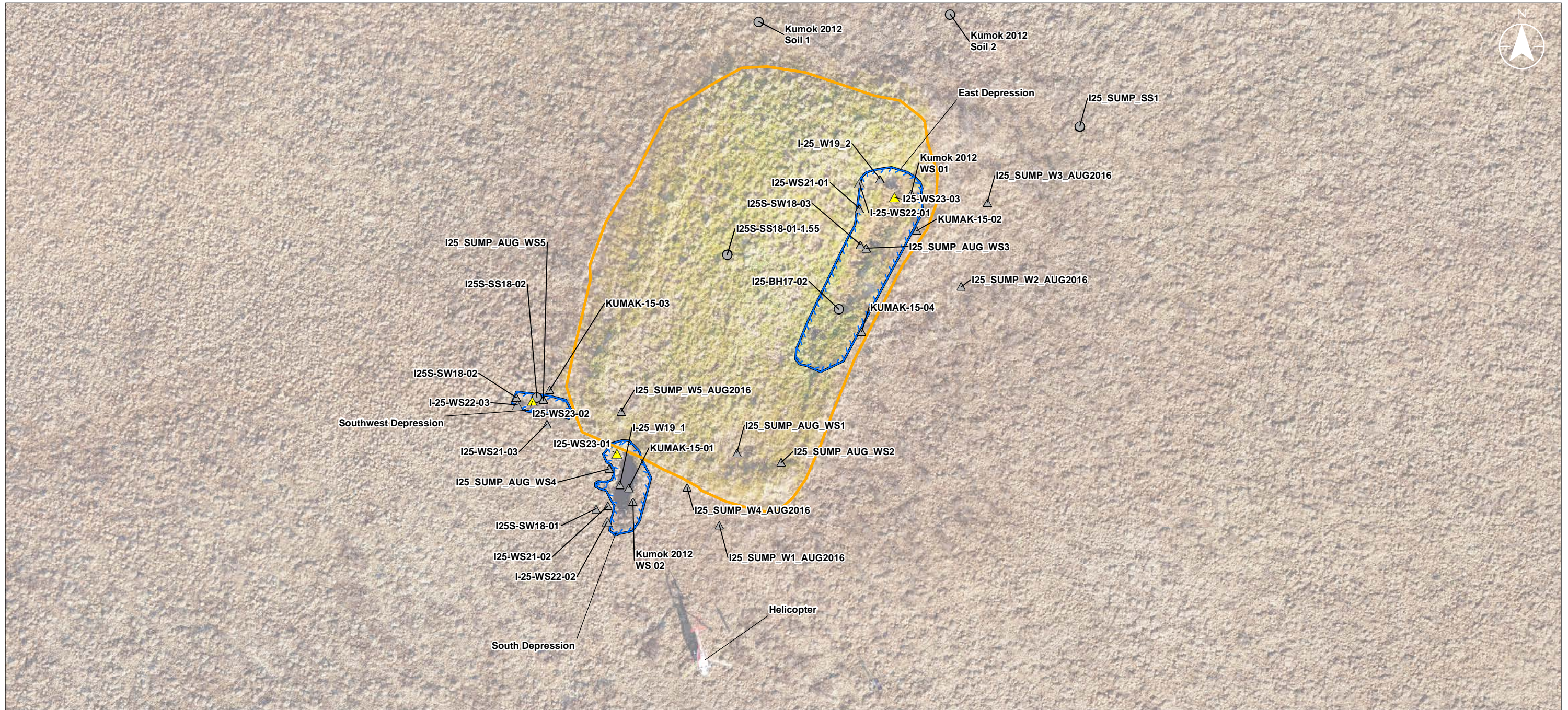
**Client/Project**  
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Program Closure, Reclamation, and Monitoring Plan

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**Figure No.**  
**A.7**

**Title**  
**Kumak I-25 Wellsite Area -Water and  
Soil Sampling Locations**

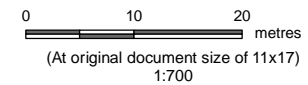
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2. Data Sources: Base Data - Natural Earth, Thematic Data - KAVIK-STANTEC Inc.,  
Government of Northwest Territories  
3. GPS coordinates for sampling locations were recorded in the field by an iPad collector tool.  
Accuracy of GPS coordinates may vary plus or minus 5 metres



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- ▲ 2023 Water Sample
- Historical Soil Sample
- ▲ Historical Water Sample
- Depression
- Sump Area



*Project Location*  
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NT

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Kumak I-25 Well Abandonment  
Program Closure, Reclamation, and Monitoring Plan

123515084

*Figure No.*  
**A.8**

*Title*  
**Kumak I-25 Sump Area -Water and  
Soil Sample Locations**

**Notes**  
 1. Coordinate System: NAD 1983 UTM Zone 8N  
 2. Data Sources: Base Data - Natural Earth, Thematic Data - KAVIK-STANTEC Inc., Government of Northwest Territories  
 3. GPS coordinates for sampling locations were recorded in the field by an iPad collector tool. Accuracy of GPS coordinates may vary plus or minus 5 metres

## Appendix B      Soil and Water Analytical Tables

**Langley E-07, Langley K-30, and Kumak I-25 Well Abandonment Program  
Closure, Reclamation, and Monitoring Plan  
Appendix B: Soil and Water Analytical Tables**  
March 21, 2025

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**Table B.3**  
**Langley K-30 Sump Area**  
**Summary of Water Analytical Results**  
**MGM Energy**

Sample Location	Units	K-30																								
		South Bare Area				North of Sump				East Sump				South of Sump				West Depression Area								
		K30-WS24-01	K30-WS24-03	K-30_East_Sump_WS1	K-30_East_Sump_WS3	K-30_East_Sump_WS4	K-30_Sump_SW18-03	K30-WS24-04	K-30_Sump_SW18-02	K-30_Sump_WS21-04	K-30-WS22-01	K-30-WS22-02	K-30-WS22-03	K30-WS23-01	K-30_Sump_16-02	K-30_Sump_15-03	K-30_Sump_W1	K-30_Sump_W2	K-30_Sump_W6	K-30_Sump_W7	K-30_Sump_W7	K-30_Sump_SW18-01	K-30_Sump_WS21-01	K-30_Sump_WS21-02	K-30_Sump_WS21-03	
Sample Date	19-Sep-24	19-Sep-24	17-Aug-17	17-Aug-17	17-Aug-17	29-Aug-18	19-Sep-24	29-Aug-18	25-Aug-21	22-Aug-22	22-Aug-22	22-Aug-22	27-Aug-23	20-Aug-15	20-Aug-15	20-Aug-15	20-Aug-15	17-Aug-17	17-Aug-17	17-Aug-17	29-Aug-18	25-Aug-21	25-Aug-21	25-Aug-21	25-Aug-21	
Sample ID	K30-WS24-01	K30-WS24-03	K30_SUMP_AUG_WS1	K30_SUMP_AUG_WS3	K30_SUMP_AUG_WS4	K305-SW18-03	K30-WS24-04	K305-SW18-02	K30-WS21-04	K30-WS22-01	K30-WS22-02	K30-WS22-03	K30-WS23-01	K30-WS23-01	K30-WS23-01	K30-WS23-01	K30-WS23-01	K30-WS23-01	K30-WS23-01	K30-WS23-01	K305-SW18-01	K30-WS21-01	K30-WS21-02	K30-WS21-03	K30-WS21-03	
Sampling Company	STANTEC	STANTEC	STANTEC	STANTEC	STANTEC	STANTEC	STANTEC	STANTEC	STANTEC	STANTEC	STANTEC	STANTEC	STANTEC	STANTEC	STANTEC	STANTEC	STANTEC	STANTEC	STANTEC	STANTEC	STANTEC	STANTEC	STANTEC	STANTEC	STANTEC	
Laboratory	BV	BV	MAXX	MAXX	MAXX	MAXX	BV	MAXX	MAXX	MAXX	MAXX	MAXX	BV	MAXX	MAXX	MAXX	MAXX	MAXX	MAXX	MAXX	MAXX	BV	MAXX	MAXX	BV	
Laboratory Work Order	C475537	C475537	B71681	B71681	B71681	B875267	C475537	B875267	C163712	C264826	C264826	C264826	C367995	B873450	B873450	B873450	B873450	B873450	B873450	B873450	B873450	C163712	C163712	C163712	C163712	
Laboratory Sample ID	CWF059	CWF061	UF4356	UF4356	UF4356	UF6598	CWF062	UF6597	AEU757	BAP341	BAP342	BAP343	BXY222	MZ0248	MZ0248	MZ0248	MZ0248	MZ0248	MZ0248	MZ0248	RU4361	RU4361	RU4361	RU4361	RU4361	
<b>General Chemistry</b>																										
Alkalinity (P as CaCO3)	mg/L	n/v	<1.0	<1.0	<0.50	<0.50	-	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Alkalinity, Bicarbonate (as CaCO3)	mg/L	n/v	110	410	170	200	-	360	350	350	240	210	200	250	240	270	390	330	250	210	200	330	310	310	310	310
Alkalinity, Carbonate (as CaCO3)	mg/L	n/v	<1.0	<1.0	<0.50	<0.50	-	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Alkalinity, Hydroxide (as CaCO3)	mg/L	n/v	<1.0	<1.0	<0.50	<0.50	-	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Alkalinity, Total (as CaCO3)	mg/L	n/v	92	330	140	160	-	290	290	290	180	180	160	210	190	220	320	180	300	270	210	170	270	250	250	250
Anion Sum	meq/L	n/v	-	-	81	96	-	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	71	49	59	45	36	-	-	-	
Cation Sum	meq/L	n/v	-	-	64	100	-	17	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	49	63	69	47	43	-	-	-	
Chloride	mg/L	120	680 <sup>A</sup>	1,900 <sup>A</sup>	1,300 CD <sup>A</sup>	2,500 CD <sup>A</sup>	-	350 CD <sup>A</sup>	1,900 <sup>A</sup>	400 CD <sup>A</sup>	2,300 <sup>A</sup>	220 <sup>A</sup>	89	120	1,600 <sup>A</sup>	1,900 CD <sup>A</sup>	1,200 CD <sup>A</sup>	1,700 CD <sup>A</sup>	1,300 CD <sup>A</sup>	1,300 CD <sup>A</sup>	1,500 CD <sup>A</sup>	960 CD <sup>A</sup>	940 CD <sup>A</sup>	1,900 <sup>A</sup>	1,500 <sup>A</sup>	1,400 <sup>A</sup>
Electrical Conductivity, Lab	µS/cm	n/v	2,900	6,200	5,700	9,300	-	1,800	1,900	1,900	8,300	1,200	780	860	6,200	7,100	4,800	6,300	5,000	5,600	5,800	4,400	4,100	7,100	7,000	5,600
Hardness (as CaCO3)	mg/L	n/v	810	1,200	1,900	2,000	-	430	1,000	570	3,700	480	290	350	2,300	2,500	1,600	1,800	1,800	2,000	1,400	1,400	2,600	2,500	1,800	1,800
Ion Balance	none	n/v	-	-	2.6	2.2	-	0.86	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	2.6	2.1	2.9	8.4	-	-	-	-
Ion Balance % Difference	%	n/v	0.35	1.8	-	-	-	0.46	-	-	5.4	5.4	3.8	2.4	0.31	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.5	1.7	0.77
Nitrate	mg/L	13	<0.22	<0.44	<0.22	13	-	<0.089	<0.44	<0.089	<0.44	<0.044	<0.44	1.4	<0.44	<0.44	<0.44	0.096	<0.44	<0.22	<0.22	<0.44	<0.089	<0.44	<0.44	<0.22
Nitrate (as N)	mg/L	3.0	<0.050	<0.10	<0.050	2.9	-	<0.020	<0.10	<0.020	<0.10	<0.010	<0.10	0.32	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	0.022	<0.10	<0.050	<0.10	<0.010	<0.050	<0.10	<0.050	
Nitrate + Nitrite (as N)	mg/L	n/v	<0.050	<0.10	<0.050	2.9	-	<0.020	<0.10	<0.020	<0.10	<0.010	<0.10	0.32	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	0.022	<0.10	<0.050	<0.10	<0.010	<0.050	<0.10	<0.050	
Nitrite	mg/L	0.197 <sup>A</sup>	<0.033	<0.033	<0.16	<0.033	-	<0.033	<0.033	<0.033	<0.033	<0.033	<0.033	<0.033	<0.033	<0.033	<0.033	<0.033	<0.033	<0.033	<0.033	<0.033	<0.033	<0.033	<0.033	<0.033
Nitrite (as N)	mg/L	0.06	<0.010	<0.010	<0.050	<0.010	-	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010
pH, lab	S.U.	6.5-9.0	6.62	7.30	7.55	7.45	-	7.77	7.52	7.74	7.49	7.52	7.44	7.51	7.31	7.34	7.87	7.95	8.01	7.72	7.43	7.82	7.75	7.86	7.89	
Sulfate	mg/L	n/v	330	91	1,100 CD	1,100 CD	-	30	62	67	840	93	77	80	650	520 CD	540 CD	380 CD	310 CD	840 CD	530 CD	680 CD	210 CD	630	460	
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	n/v	1,600	3,500	3,700	5,100 CD	-	900	3,450	1,000	5,300	670	440	500	3,700	4,200	2,900	3,600	3,600	3,400	2,700	2,200	4,400	4,300	3,200	
<b>Metals - Dissolved</b>																										
Calcium	mg/L	n/v	230	260	540 CD	480	-	110	200	150	1,100	140	83	100	690	740 CD	440	400	300	490	550 CD	380	410	790	750	490
Iron	mg/L	n/v	<0.060	0.060	0.064	0.064	-	1.7	0.064	1.3	0.19	<0.060	<0.060	<0.060	<0.060	<0.060	<0.060	<0.060	<0.060	<0.060	<0.060	0.076	0.14	0.33	<0.060	<0.060
Magnesium	mg/L	n/v	57	140	140	190	-	39	130	49	230	32	19	24	140	170	110	140	140	150	100	100	160	160	140	140
Manganese	mg/L	0.46 <sup>CD</sup>	<0.0040	1.5 <sup>A</sup>	0.10	0.018	-	0.39	1.4 <sup>A</sup>	0.20	0.23	0.27	0.059	0.092	0.17	0.0043	0.0043	0.087	0.010	0.28	0.11	1.8 <sup>A</sup>	2.0 <sup>A</sup>	1.2 <sup>A</sup>	1.2 <sup>A</sup>	0.19
Potassium	mg/L	n/v	24	28	24	28	-	7.6	30	5.2	300	31	6.7	16	220	280	200	180	170	50	150	32	170	360	210	210
Sodium	mg/L	n/v	260	810	580 CD	1,400 CD	-	180	910	180	350	67	40	46	260	370	300	610 CD	470	580 CD	430	230	320	320	340	
<b>Metals - Total</b>																										
Aluminum	mg/L	0.100 <sup>MSD</sup>	0.073	0.056	-	-	-	-	0.068	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Antimony	mg/L	n/v	<0.00060	<0.00060	-	-	-	-	<0.00060	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Arsenic	mg/L	n/v	0.00036	0.00099	-	-	-	-	0.0013	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Barium	mg/L	n/v	0.57	0.57	-	-	-	-	0.73	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Beryllium	mg/L	n/v	<0.0010	<0.0010	-	-	-	-	<0.0010	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Boron	mg/L	1.5	0.16	0.25	-	-	-	-	0.26	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cadmium	mg/L	0.00037 <sup>MS</sup>	0.00060	0.00018	-	-	-	-	0.00025	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Calcium	mg/L	n/v	230	260	540 CD	480	-	110	200	150	1,100	140	83	100	690	740 CD	440	400	300	490	550 CD	380	410	790	750	490
Chromium	mg/L	n/v	<0.0010	<0.0010	-	-	-	-	<0.0010	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cobalt	mg/L	n/v	<0.0030	0.0046	-	-	-	-	0.0016	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Copper	mg/L	0.0047 <sup>MS</sup>	0.0027	0.0029	-	-	-	-	<0.0010	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Iron	mg/L	0.15 MSE	0.15 MSE	0.15 MSE	-	-	-	-	7.3 <sup>A</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lead	mg/L	0.007 <sup>MS</sup>	0.0062	<0.0020	-	-	-	-	<0.0020	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lithium	mg/L	n/v	0.021	0.037	-	-	-	-	0.037	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Magnesium	mg/L	n/v	57																							

**Table B.3**  
**Langley K-30 Sump Area**  
**Summary of Water Analytical Results**  
**MGM Energy**

Sample Location	Units	CCME	K30-WS24-02
Sample Date			19-Sep-24
Sample ID			K30-WS24-02
Sampling Company			STANTEC
Laboratory			BV
Laboratory Work Order			C475537
Laboratory Sample ID			CWF060
<b>General Chemistry</b>			
Alkalinity (P as CaCO3)	mg/L	n/v	<1.0
Alkalinity, Bicarbonate (as CaCO3)	mg/L	n/v	290
Alkalinity, Carbonate (as CaCO3)	mg/L	n/v	<1.0
Alkalinity, Hydroxide (as CaCO3)	mg/L	n/v	<1.0
Alkalinity, Total (as CaCO3)	mg/L	n/v	240
Anion Sum	mg/L	n/v	-
Cation Sum	mg/L	n/v	-
Chloride	mg/L	120	1,100 <sup>A</sup>
Electrical Conductivity, Lab	µS/cm	n/v	3,900
Hardness (as CaCO3)	mg/L	n/v	720
Ion Balance	none	n/v	-
Ion Balance % Difference	%	n/v	1.9
Nitrate	mg/L	13	<1.1
Nitrate (as N)	mg/L	3.0	<0.25
Nitrate + Nitrite (as N)	mg/L	n/v	<0.25 MI
Nitrite	mg/L	0.197 <sub>MI</sub>	<0.033
Nitrite (as N)	mg/L	0.06	<0.010
pH, lab	S.U.	6.5-9.0	7.57
Sulfate	mg/L	n/v	110
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	n/v	2,100
<b>Metals - Dissolved</b>			
Calcium	mg/L	n/v	150
Iron	mg/L	n/v	0.10
Magnesium	mg/L	n/v	83
Manganese	mg/L	0.46 <sub>EQ4</sub>	0.48 <sup>A</sup>
Potassium	mg/L	n/v	32
Sodium	mg/L	n/v	490
<b>Metals - Total</b>			
Aluminum	mg/L	0.100 <sub>USE1</sub>	0.11 <sup>A</sup>
Antimony	mg/L	n/v	<0.00060
Arsenic	mg/L	n/v	0.00094
Barium	mg/L	n/v	0.27
Beryllium	mg/L	n/v	<0.0010
Boron	mg/L	1.5	0.20
Cadmium	mg/L	0.00037 <sub>MI</sub>	0.000041
Calcium	mg/L	n/v	150
Chromium	mg/L	n/v	<0.0010
Cobalt	mg/L	n/v	0.00057
Copper	mg/L	0.004 <sub>USE1</sub>	0.00028
Iron	mg/L	0.3	0.77 <sup>A</sup>
Lead	mg/L	0.007 <sub>USE1</sub>	<0.00020
Lithium	mg/L	n/v	0.026
Magnesium	mg/L	n/v	82
Manganese	mg/L	n/v	0.61
Molybdenum	mg/L	0.073	0.0011
Nickel	mg/L	0.150 <sub>USE1</sub>	0.0031
Phosphorus	mg/L	n/v	<0.10
Potassium	mg/L	n/v	31
Selenium	mg/L	n/v	0.00020
Silicon	mg/L	n/v	1.2
Silver	mg/L	0.00025	<0.00010
Sodium	mg/L	n/v	470
Strontium	mg/L	n/v	0.91
Sulfur	mg/L	n/v	37
Thallium	mg/L	0.0008	<0.00020
Tin	mg/L	n/v	<0.0010
Titanium	mg/L	n/v	0.0037
Uranium	mg/L	0.015	0.00090
Vanadium	mg/L	n/v	<0.0010
Zinc	mg/L	0.033 <sub>USE1</sub>	<0.0030
<b>BTEX and Petroleum Hydrocarbons</b>			
Benzene	µg/L	370	<0.40
Toluene	µg/L	2	<0.40
Ethylbenzene	µg/L	90	<0.40
Xylene, m & p	µg/L	n/v	<0.80
Xylene, o	µg/L	n/v	<0.40
Xylenes, Total	µg/L	n/v	<0.89
PHC F1 (C6-C10 range)	µg/L	n/v	<100
PHC F1 (C6-C10 range) minus BTEX	µg/L	n/v	<100
PHC F2 (C10-C16 range)	µg/L	n/v	<0.10
<b>Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbons</b>			
Acenaphthene	µg/L	5.8	-
Acenaphthylene	µg/L	n/v	-
Acridine	µg/L	4.4	-
Anthracene	µg/L	0.012	-
Benzo(a)anthracene	µg/L	0.018	-
Benzo(a)pyrene	µg/L	0.015	-
Benzo(a)pyrene Total Potency Equivalents	µg/L	n/v	-
Benzo(b)indole (Quinoline)	µg/L	3.4	-
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	µg/L	n/v	-
Benzo(c)phenanthrene	µg/L	n/v	-
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	µg/L	n/v	-
Benzo(g,h)perylene	µg/L	n/v	-
Benzo(i)perylene	µg/L	n/v	-
Chrysene	µg/L	n/v	-
Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	µg/L	n/v	-
Fluoranthene	µg/L	0.04	-
Fluorene	µg/L	3	-
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	µg/L	n/v	-
Methylanthracene, 2-	µg/L	n/v	-
Naphthalene	µg/L	1.1	-
Perylene	µg/L	n/v	-
Phenanthrene	µg/L	0.4	-
Pyrene	µg/L	0.025	-

**Table B.3**  
**Langley K-30 Sump Area**  
**Summary of Water Analytical Results**  
**MGM Energy**

**Notes:**

CCME	Canadian Council of Ministers of the Environment
A	Canadian Environmental Quality Guidelines, Canadian Water Quality Guidelines for the Protection of Aquatic Life - Freshwater Aquatics Long Term
6.5*	Concentration exceeds the indicated standard.
15.2	Measured concentration did not exceed the indicated standard.
<0.50	Laboratory reporting limit was greater than the applicable standard.
<0.03	Analyte was not detected at a concentration greater than the laboratory reporting limit.
n/a	No standard/guideline value.
-	Parameter not analyzed / not available.
022	The long-term CWQG is for dissolved zinc and is calculated using the following equation: $CWQG = \exp(0.947[\ln(\text{hardness mg L}^{-1})] - 0.815[\text{pH}] + 0.388[\ln(\text{DOC mg L}^{-1})] + 4.625)$ . The zinc guideline was derived using of a mean hardness of 392 mg CaCO <sub>3</sub> L <sup>-1</sup> and mean pH of 7.81 and DOC of 0.5 mg L <sup>-1</sup> . The mean values are from the background reference chemistry.
074	The long-term CWQG for dissolved manganese is found using the look-up table (see Table 5) or the CWQG and benchmark calculator is Appendix B of CCME (2019). The guideline was derived using a mean hardness of 392 mg/L. The mean values are from the background reference chemistry.
175	The CWQG for cadmium (i.e. long-term guideline) of 0.06 µg L <sup>-1</sup> is for waters of 50 mg CaCO <sub>3</sub> L <sup>-1</sup> hardness. The CWQG for cadmium is related to water hardness (as CaCO <sub>3</sub> ): When the water hardness is > 0 to < 17 mg/L, the CWQG is 0.04 µg/L; at hardness ≥ 17 to < 280 mg/L, the CWQG is calculated using this equation $(CWQG \text{ (}\mu\text{g/L)} = 10^{(0.83)(\log(\text{hardness})) - 2.46})$ ; At hardness > 280 mg/L, the CWQG is 0.37 µg/L. A mean hardness of 392 mg/L was used. The mean values are from the background reference chemistry.
41	Guideline is expressed as Nitrate (as N) in µg/L. This value is equivalent to 197 µg/L for Nitrite.
007-1	The CWQG for lead is related to water hardness. When the hardness is 0 to < 60 mg/L, the CWQG is 1 µg/L. At hardness > 60 to < 180 mg/L, the CWQG is calculated using this equation: $CWQG \text{ (}\mu\text{g/L)} = 0.273[\ln(\text{hardness})] + 4.705$ . At hardness > 180 mg/L, the CWQG is 7 µg/L. A mean hardness of 392 mg/L was used. The mean values are from the background reference chemistry.
100-1	The CWQG for copper and nickel is related to water hardness. A mean hardness of 392 mg/L was used. The mean values are from the background reference chemistry.
100-1	Variable, 5 µg/L if pH < 6.5 and 100 µg/L if pH > 6.5. A mean pH of 7.81 was used. The mean values are from the background reference chemistry.
CD	Detection limits raised due to dilution to bring analyte within the calibrated range.
MI	Detection limits raised due to matrix interference.
MSE	Matrix spike exceeds acceptance limits due to probable matrix interference.
VV	Detection limit raised based on sample volume used for analysis.
XQ	Sample was analyzed after holding time expired.
RPD	Relative Percent Difference.
41%	RPD exceeds data quality objective of 40%.
nc	RPD is not calculated if one or more values is non detect or if one or more values is less than five times the reportable detection limit.

**Table B.4**  
**Summary of Wellsite Soil Sample Analytical Results: Reference Samples and Statistical Calculations**  
**Langley K-30 Wellsite**  
**MGM Energy Corporation**

Location Sample Date Sample ID Sampling Company Laboratory Laboratory Work Order Laboratory Sample ID Sample Type	Units	CCME		AENV SCARG Rating Categories  Table 2.2 Topsoil C	K-30 Wellsite		Statistical Calculations														
		Residential/Parkland Use			17-Aug-17 K30_WELLSS1 STANTEC MAXX B773981 RV7298	17-Aug-17 K30_WELLSS2 STANTEC MAXX B773981 RV7297	Minimum	Maximum	Mean	Median	75th	95th	Std. Dev.	Std. Err.	Geo. Mean	Count	Detect	ND	Exceed	95 UCLM	
		Fine A	Coarse B																		
<b>General Chemistry</b>																					
Soluble (CaCl2) pH	S.U.	6-8	6-8	n/v	7.67	7.81	7.67	7.81	7.73	7.73	7.7	7.68	log	log	7.74	2	2	0	0	NC	
Soluble Conductivity	dS/m	2	2	Fair	2.3 <sup>AB</sup>	2.8 <sup>AB</sup>	2.3	2.8	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.8	0.4	0.2	2.5	2	2	0	2	2.992	
Sodium Adsorption Ratio (SAR)	none	5	5	Fair	6.0 <sup>AB</sup>	8.2 <sup>AB</sup>	6	8.2	7.1	7.1	7.6	8.1	1.6	1.1	7	2	2	0	2	9.256	
Calcium	mg/kg	n/v	n/v	n/v	58	70	58	70	64	64	67	69.4	8.5	6	63.7	2	2	0	0	75.76	
Calcium	mg/L	n/v	n/v	n/v	120	140	120	140	130	130	135	139	14.1	10	129.6	2	2	0	0	149.6	
Cation/EC Ratio	none	n/v	n/v	n/v	10	9.8	9.8	10	9.9	9.9	10	10	0.1	0.1	9.9	2	2	0	0	10.096	
Chloride	mg/kg	n/v	n/v	n/v	240	340	240	340	290	290	315	335	70.7	50	285.7	2	2	0	0	388	
Chloride	mg/L	n/v	n/v	n/v	490 CD	680 CD	490	680	585	585	632.5	670.5	134.4	95	577.2	2	2	0	0	771.2	
Ion Balance	none	n/v	n/v	n/v	1.3	1.1	1.1	1.3	1.2	1.2	1.3	1.3	0.1	0.1	1.2	2	2	0	0	1.396	
Magnesium	mg/kg	n/v	n/v	n/v	20	14	14	20	17	17	18.5	19.7	4.2	3	16.7	2	2	0	0	22.88	
Magnesium	mg/L	n/v	n/v	n/v	41	27	27	41	34	34	37.5	40.3	9.9	7	33.3	2	2	0	0	47.72	
Moisture Content	%	n/v	n/v	n/v	26	35	26	35	30.5	30.5	32.8	34.6	6.4	4.5	30.2	2	2	0	0	39.32	
Percent Saturation	%	n/v	n/v	n/v	48	50	48	50	49	49	49.5	49.9	1.4	1	49	2	2	0	0	50.96	
Potassium	mg/kg	n/v	n/v	n/v	13	3.8	3.8	13	8.4	8.4	10.7	12.5	6.5	4.6	7	2	2	0	0	17.416	
Potassium	mg/L	n/v	n/v	n/v	26	7.7	7.7	26	16.8	16.8	21.4	25.1	12.9	9.1	14.1	2	2	0	0	34.636	
Sodium	mg/kg	n/v	n/v	n/v	140	200	140	200	170	170	185	197	42.4	30	167.3	2	2	0	0	228.8	
Sodium	mg/L	n/v	n/v	n/v	300	410	300	410	355	355	382.5	404.5	77.8	55	350.7	2	2	0	0	462.8	
Sulphate	mg/kg	n/v	n/v	n/v	79	110	79	110	94.5	94.5	102.2	108.4	21.9	15.5	93.2	2	2	0	0	124.88	
Sulphate	mg/L	n/v	n/v	n/v	170	220	170	220	195	195	207.5	217.5	35.4	25	193.4	2	2	0	0	244	
Theoretical Gypsum Requirement	tons/ha	n/v	n/v	n/v	0.92	2.5	0.92	2.5	1.71	1.71	2.1	2.42	1.12	0.79	1.52	2	2	0	0	3.2584	
<b>Physical Properties</b>																					
Percent Sand	%	n/v	n/v	n/v	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	0	0	11	2	2	0	0	11	
Percent Silt	%	n/v	n/v	n/v	81	82	81	82	81.5	81.5	81.8	82	0.7	0.5	81.5	2	2	0	0	82.48	
Percent Clay	%	n/v	n/v	n/v	8.1	7.8	7.8	8.1	8	8	8	8.1	0.2	0.1	7.9	2	2	0	0	8.196	
Texture	none	n/v	n/v	n/v	SILT	SILT															
Sieve - Pan	%	n/v	n/v	n/v	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	98	0	0	98	2	2	0	0	98	
Sieve - #200 (>0.075mm)	%	n/v	n/v	n/v	1.8	2.0	1.8	2	1.9	1.9	2	2	0.1	0.1	1.9	2	2	0	0	2.096	
Grain Size	%	n/v	n/v	n/v	FINE	FINE															

**Notes:**  
CCME Canadian Council of Ministers of the Environment  
A Canadian Environmental Quality Guidelines, Canadian Soil Quality Guidelines for the Protection of Environmental and Human Health, on-line summary table, for Residential/Parkland land use and fine grained soil  
B Canadian Environmental Quality Guidelines, Canadian Soil Quality Guidelines for the Protection of Environmental and Human Health, on-line summary table, for Residential/Parkland land use and coarse grained soil  
AENV Alberta Environment Salt Contamination Assessment and Remediation Guidelines, May 2001  
C Table 2.2. Soil Quality Guidelines for Unrestricted Land Use

Rating Category	Good	Fair	Poor	Unsuitable
	EC	<2	2 to 4	4 to 8
SAR	<4	4 to 8	8 to 12	>12

6.5<sup>A</sup> Concentration exceeds the indicated standard.  
15.2 Measured concentration did not exceed the indicated standard.  
<0.50 Laboratory reporting limit was greater than the applicable standard.  
<0.03 Analyte was not detected at a concentration greater than the laboratory reporting limit.  
n/v No standard/guideline value.  
- Parameter not analyzed / not available.  
CD Detection limits raised due to dilution to bring analyte within the calibrated range.

**Table B.5**  
**Summary of Sump Soil Sample Analytical Results: Reference Samples and Statistical Calculations - Organic Soils**  
**Kumak I-25 Sump**  
**MGM Energy Corporation**

Location Sample Date Sample ID Sample Depth Sampling Company Laboratory Laboratory Work Order Laboratory Sample ID Sample Type	Units	CCME		AENV SCARG Rating Categories  Table 2.2 Topsoil C	I-25 / M-45 Sump		Statistical Calculations													
		Residential/Parkland Use			15-Aug-17 I25_SUMP_AUG_SS1 0 - 0.25 m STANTEC MAXX B771691 RU4428	15-Aug-17 I25_SUMP_AUG_SS2 0 - 0.25 m STANTEC MAXX B771691 RU4429	Minimum	Maximum	Mean	Median	75th	95th	Std. Dev.	Std. Err.	Geo. Mean	Count	Detect	ND	#REF!	95 UCLM
		Fine A	Coarse B																	
<b>General Chemistry</b>																				
Soluble (CaCl2) pH	S.U.	6-8	6-8	n/v	4.92 HV <sup>AB</sup>	3.97 HV <sup>AB</sup>	3.97	4.92	4.22485	4.22485	4.07899	3.98972	log	log	4.445	2	2	0	2	NC
Soluble Conductivity	dS/m	2	2	Good	0.24	0.14	0.14	0.24	0.19	0.19	0.22	0.24	0.07	0.05	0.18	2	2	0	0	0.288
Sodium Adsorption Ratio (SAR)	none	5	5	Good	0.69	0.71	0.69	0.71	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.71	0.01	0.01	0.7	2	2	0	0	0.7196
Calcium	mg/kg	n/v	n/v	n/v	110	71	71	110	90.5	90.5	100.2	108	27.6	19.5	88.4	2	2	0	0	128.72
Calcium	mg/L	n/v	n/v	n/v	20	8.1	8.1	20	14	14	17	19.4	8.4	6	12.7	2	2	0	0	25.76
Cation/EC Ratio	none	n/v	n/v	n/v	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	0	0	13	2	2	0	0	13
Chloride	mg/kg	n/v	n/v	n/v	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	0	0	110	2	2	0	0	110
Chloride	mg/L	n/v	n/v	n/v	20	12	12	20	16	16	18	19.6	5.7	4	15.5	2	2	0	0	23.84
Ion Balance	none	n/v	n/v	n/v	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	0	0	2.6	2	2	0	0	2.6
Magnesium	mg/kg	n/v	n/v	n/v	57	43	43	57	50	50	53.5	56.3	9.9	7	49.5	2	2	0	0	63.72
Magnesium	mg/L	n/v	n/v	n/v	10	4.9	4.9	10	7.4	7.4	8.7	9.7	3.6	2.6	7	2	2	0	0	12.496
Moisture Content	%	n/v	n/v	n/v	73	88	73	88	80.5	80.5	84.2	87.2	10.6	7.5	80.1	2	2	0	0	95.2
Organic Matter	%	n/v	n/v	n/v	55	67	55	67	61	61	64	66.4	8.5	6	60.7	2	2	0	0	72.76
Percent Saturation	%	n/v	n/v	n/v	550	880	550	880	715	715	797.5	863.5	233.3	165	695.7	2	2	0	0	1038.4
Potassium	mg/kg	n/v	n/v	n/v	110	130	110	130	120	120	125	129	14.1	10	119.6	2	2	0	0	139.6
Potassium	mg/L	n/v	n/v	n/v	21	15	15	21	18	18	19.5	20.7	4.2	3	17.7	2	2	0	0	23.88
Sodium	mg/kg	n/v	n/v	n/v	84	91	84	91	87.5	87.5	89.2	90.6	4.9	3.5	87.4	2	2	0	0	94.36
Sodium	mg/L	n/v	n/v	n/v	15	10	10	15	12.5	12.5	13.8	14.8	3.5	2.5	12.2	2	2	0	0	17.4
Sulphate	mg/kg	n/v	n/v	n/v	160	130	130	160	145	145	152.5	158.5	21.2	15	144.2	2	2	0	0	174.4
Sulphate	mg/L	n/v	n/v	n/v	30	15	15	30	22.5	22.5	26.2	29.2	10.6	7.5	21.2	2	2	0	0	37.2
Theoretical Gypsum Requirement	tons/ha	n/v	n/v	n/v	<0.20	<0.20	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0	0	0.2	2	0	2	0	0.2
Total Organic Carbon	%	n/v	n/v	n/v	32	39	32	39	35.5	35.5	37.2	38.6	4.9	3.5	35.3	2	2	0	0	42.36
<b>Physical Properties</b>																				
Sieve - Pan	%	n/v	n/v	n/v	65	21	21	65	43	43	54	62.8	31.1	22	36.9	2	2	0	0	86.12
Sieve - #200 (>0.075mm)	%	n/v	n/v	n/v	35	79	35	79	57	57	68	76.8	31.1	22	52.6	2	2	0	0	100.12
Grain Size	%	n/v	n/v	n/v	FINE	COARSE														

**Notes:**  
CCME Canadian Council of Ministers of the Environment  
<sup>A</sup> Canadian Environmental Quality Guidelines, Canadian Soil Quality Guidelines for the Protection of Environmental and Human Health, on-line summary table, for Residential/Parkland land use and fine grained soil  
<sup>B</sup> Canadian Environmental Quality Guidelines, Canadian Soil Quality Guidelines for the Protection of Environmental and Human Health, on-line summary table, for Residential/Parkland land use and coarse grained soil  
AENV Alberta Environment Salt Contamination Assessment and Remediation Guidelines, May 2001  
<sup>C</sup> Table 2.2. Soil Quality Guidelines for Unrestricted Land Use

	Rating Category	Good	Fair	Poor	Unsuitable
Topsoil	EC	<2	2 to 4	4 to 8	>8
	SAR	<4	4 to 8	8 to 12	>12

**6.5<sup>A</sup>** Concentration exceeds the indicated standard.  
15.2 Measured concentration did not exceed the indicated standard.  
<0.50 Laboratory reporting limit was greater than the applicable standard.  
<0.03 Analyte was not detected at a concentration greater than the laboratory reporting limit.  
n/v No standard/guideline value.  
- Parameter not analyzed / not available.  
HV Due to high absorbivity of the sample, the water soil extraction ratio has changed from 2:1 to 10:1

**Table B.6**  
**Summary of Water Analytical Results: Reference Samples and Statistical Calculations**  
**Kumak I-25 Sump**  
**MGM Energy**

Sample Location Sample Date Sample ID Sampling Company Laboratory Laboratory Work Order Laboratory Sample ID	Units	CCME	I-25		Statistical Calculations																
			Sump Reference Sample		Minimum	Maximum	Mean	Median	5th	25th	75th	90th	95th	Std. Dev.	Std. Err.	Geo. Mean	Count	Detect	ND	Exceed	
			I-25_REF_RW18-01 26-Aug-18 I25S-RW18-01 STANTEC MAXX B874000 UE9379	I-25_REF_RW18-02 26-Aug-18 I25S-RW18-02 STANTEC MAXX B874000 UE9380																	
<b>General Chemistry</b>																					
Alkalinity (P as CaCO3)	mg/L	n/v	<1.0	<1.0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	2	0	2	0
Alkalinity, Bicarbonate (as CaCO3)	mg/L	n/v	4.0	1.9	1.9	4	3	3	2	2.4	3.5	3.8	3.9	1.5	1	2.8	2	2	0	0	0
Alkalinity, Carbonate (as CaCO3)	mg/L	n/v	<1.0	<1.0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	2	0	2	0	0
Alkalinity, Hydroxide (as CaCO3)	mg/L	n/v	<1.0	<1.0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	2	0	2	0	0
Alkalinity, Total (as CaCO3)	mg/L	n/v	3.3	1.6	1.6	3.3	2.4	2.4	1.7	2	2.9	3.1	3.2	1.2	0.9	2.3	2	2	0	0	0
Anion Sum	meq/L	n/v	0.23	0.15	0.15	0.23	0.19	0.19	0.15	0.17	0.21	0.22	0.23	0.06	0.04	0.19	2	2	0	0	0
Cation Sum	meq/L	n/v	0.56	0.47	0.47	0.56	0.52	0.52	0.47	0.49	0.54	0.55	0.56	0.06	0.04	0.51	2	2	0	0	0
Chloride	mg/L	120 <sup>A</sup>	4.6	4.3	4.3	4.6	4.4	4.4	4.3	4.4	4.5	4.6	4.6	0.2	0.1	4.4	2	2	0	0	0
Electrical Conductivity, Lab	µS/cm	n/v	46	37	37	46	41.5	41.5	37.4	39.2	43.8	45.1	45.6	6.4	4.5	41.3	2	2	0	0	0
Hardness (as CaCO3)	mg/L	n/v	18	16	16	18	17	17	16.1	16.5	17.5	17.8	17.9	1.4	1	17	2	2	0	0	0
Ion Balance	none	n/v	42	51	42	51	46.5	46.5	42.4	44.2	48.8	50.1	50.6	6.4	4.5	46.3	2	2	0	0	0
Nitrate	mg/L	13 <sup>A</sup>	<0.044	<0.044	0.044	0.044	0.044	0.044	0.044	0.044	0.044	0.044	0.044	0	0	0.044	2	0	2	0	0
Nitrate (as N)	mg/L	3.0 <sup>A</sup>	<0.010	<0.010	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0	0	0.01	2	0	2	0	0
Nitrate + Nitrite (as N)	mg/L	n/v	<0.014	<0.014	0.014	0.014	0.014	0.014	0.014	0.014	0.014	0.014	0.014	0	0	0.014	2	0	2	0	0
Nitrite	mg/L	0.20 <sub>n1</sub> <sup>A</sup>	<0.033	<0.033	0.033	0.033	0.033	0.033	0.033	0.033	0.033	0.033	0.033	0	0	0.033	2	0	2	0	0
Nitrite (as N)	mg/L	0.06 <sup>A</sup>	<0.010	<0.010	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0	0	0.01	2	0	2	0	0
pH, lab	S.U.	6.5-9.0 <sup>A</sup>	5.27 <sup>A</sup>	5.10 <sup>A</sup>	5.1	5.27	5.18	5.18	5.26	5.22	5.14	5.11	5.11	log	log	5.18	2	2	0	2	2
Sulfate	mg/L	n/v	1.5	<1.0	1	1.5	1.2	1.2	1	1.1	1.4	1.4	1.5	0.4	0.3	1.2	2	1	1	1	0
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	n/v	19	14	14	19	16.5	16.5	14.2	15.2	17.8	18.5	18.8	3.5	2.5	16.3	2	2	0	0	0
<b>Metals - Dissolved</b>																					
Calcium	mg/L	n/v	3.7	3.2	3.2	3.7	3.4	3.4	3.2	3.3	3.6	3.6	3.7	0.4	0.3	3.4	2	2	0	0	0
Iron	mg/L	n/v	2.3	1.2	1.2	2.3	1.8	1.8	1.3	1.5	2	2.2	2.2	0.8	0.5	1.7	2	2	0	2	2
Magnesium	mg/L	n/v	2.2	1.9	1.9	2.2	2	2	1.9	2	2.1	2.2	2.2	0.2	0.1	2	2	2	0	0	0
Manganese	mg/L	0.19 <sub>F04</sub> <sup>A</sup>	0.016	0.0095	0.0095	0.016	0.0127	0.0127	0.0098	0.0111	0.0144	0.0154	0.0157	0.0046	0.0033	0.0123	2	2	0	0	0
Potassium	mg/L	n/v	<0.30	<0.30	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0	0	0.3	2	0	2	0	0
Sodium	mg/L	n/v	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4	0	0	2.4	2	2	0	0	0

**Notes:**

CCME Canadian Council of Ministers of the Environment

A Canadian Environmental Quality Guidelines, Canadian Water Quality Guidelines for the Protection of Aquatic Life - Freshwater Aquatics Long Term

6.5<sup>A</sup> Concentration exceeds the indicated standard.

15.2 Measured concentration did not exceed the indicated standard.

<0.50 Laboratory reporting limit was greater than the applicable standard.

<0.03 Analyte was not detected at a concentration greater than the laboratory reporting limit.

n/v No standard/guideline value.

- Parameter not analyzed / not available.

E04 The long-term dissolved manganese CWQG is found using the look-up table (see Table 5) or the CWQG and benchmark calculator in Appendix B of CCME (2019). The guideline was derived using a mean hardness of 17 mg/L and mean pH of 5.18.

n1 Guideline is expressed as Nitrite (as N) in ug/L. This value is equivalent to 197 ug/L for Nitrite.



**Table B.7**  
**Summary of Water Analytical Results**  
**Kumak I-25 Sump**  
**MGM Energy**

Sample Location	Units	CCME	Sump	Sump East Depression													I-25_WS02
			(location unknown)	I-25_WS01	I-25_15-02	I-25_15-04	I-25_W2	I-25_W3	I-25_WS3	I-25_W19-2	I-25_WS21-01	I-25-WS22-01	I25-WS23-03	I25-WS24-01	I25-WS24-01	I-25_WS02	
Sample Date			I-25_M45	7-Sep-12	17-Aug-15	17-Aug-15	21-Aug-16	21-Aug-16	15-Aug-17	17-Jul-19	24-Aug-21	23-Aug-22	27-Aug-23	20-Sep-24	20-Sep-24	7-Sep-12	
Sample ID			14 M45-1	Kumok 2012 WS 01	KUMAK-15-02	KUMAK-15-04	I25_SUMP_W2_AUG2016	I25_SUMP_W3_AUG2016	I25_SUMP_AUG_WS3	I-25_W19_2	I25-WS21-01	I25-WS22-01	I25-WS23-03	I25-WS24-01	I25-QC24-DUP1	Kumok 2012 WS 02	
Sampling Company			PRIDDIS	PRIDDIS	STANTEC	STANTEC	STANTEC	STANTEC	STANTEC	STANTEC	STANTEC	STANTEC	STANTEC	STANTEC	STANTEC	PRIDDIS	
Laboratory			AGAT	AGAT	MAXX	MAXX	MAXX	MAXX	MAXX	BV	BV	BV	BV	BV	BV	AGAT	
Laboratory Work Order			14E863491	12E642298	B573450	B573450	B673175	B673175	B771691	B958579	C163716	C264837	C367991	C475556	C475556	12E642298	
Laboratory Sample ID			5573898	3712089	MZ0234	MZ0236	PJ3130	PJ3131	RU4425	WD1117	AEU770	BAP398	BXY214	CWF141	CWF143	3712090	
Sample Type															Field Duplicate	RPD (%)	
Tin	mg/L	n/v	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.0010	<0.0010	<0.0010	nc
Titanium	mg/L	n/v	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.0010	<0.0010	<0.0010	nc
Uranium	mg/L	0.015	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0034	0.0010	0.0013	26%
Vanadium	mg/L	n/v	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.0010	<0.0010	<0.0010	nc
Zinc	mg/L	0.0082 <sub>E02</sub> <sup>A</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.034 <sup>A</sup>	<0.0030	0.096 <sup>A</sup>	nc
<b>BTEX and Petroleum Hydrocarbons</b>																	
Benzene	µg/L	370	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.40	<0.40	<0.40	<0.40	<0.40	<0.40	nc
Toluene	µg/L	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.40	<0.40	<0.40	<0.40	<0.40	<0.40	nc
Ethylbenzene	µg/L	90	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.40	<0.40	<0.40	<0.40	<0.40	<0.40	nc
Xylene, m & p-	µg/L	n/v	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.80	<0.80	<0.80	<0.80	<0.80	<0.80	nc
Xylene, o-	µg/L	n/v	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.40	<0.40	<0.40	<0.40	<0.40	<0.40	nc
Xylenes, Total	µg/L	n/v	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.89	<0.89	<0.89	<0.89	<0.89	<0.89	nc
PHC F1 (C6-C10 range)	µg/L	n/v	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100	nc
PHC F1 (C6-C10 range) minus BTEX	µg/L	n/v	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100	<100	nc
PHC F2 (>C10-C16 range)	mg/L	n/v	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.10	<0.10	<0.100	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	nc

See notes on the last page

**Table B.7**  
**Summary of Water Analytical Results**  
**Kumak I-25 Sump**  
**MGM Energy**

Sample Location	Units	CCME	I-25												
			I-25_15-01 17-Aug-15 KUMAK-15-01 STANTEC MAXX B573450 MZ0233	I-25_W1 21-Aug-16 I25_SUMP_W1_AUG2016 STANTEC MAXX B673175 PJ3129	I-25_W4 21-Aug-16 I25_SUMP_W4_AUG2016 STANTEC MAXX B673175 PJ3132	I-25_SSD_WS1 15-Aug-17 I25_SUMP_AUG_WS1 STANTEC MAXX B771691 RU4423	I-25_SSD_WS2 15-Aug-17 I25_SUMP_AUG_WS2 STANTEC MAXX B771691 RU4424	I-25_SSD_WS4 15-Aug-17 I25_SUMP_AUG_WS4 STANTEC MAXX B771691 RU4426	I-25_SSD_SW18-01 26-Aug-18 I25S-SW18-01 STANTEC MAXX B874000 UE9376	I-25_SSD_SW18-01 27-Aug-18 I25S-QCW18-01 STANTEC MAXX B874000 UE9383	I-25_SSD_SW18-03 26-Aug-18 I25S-SW18-03 STANTEC MAXX B874000 UE9378	I-25_SSD_W19-1 17-Jul-19 I-25_W19_1 STANTEC BV B958579 WD1116	I-25_SSD_WS21-02 24-Aug-21 I25-WS21-02 STANTEC BV C163716 AEU771	I-25-WS22-02 23-Aug-22 I25-WS22-02 STANTEC BV C264837 BAP399	I25-WS23-01 27-Aug-23 I25-WS23-01 STANTEC BV C367991 BXY212
<b>General Chemistry</b>															
Alkalinity (P as CaCO3)	mg/L	n/v	<0.50 SZ	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Alkalinity, Bicarbonate (as CaCO3)	mg/L	n/v	18 SZ	120	440	55	110	79	63	420	36	280	150	210	
Alkalinity, Carbonate (as CaCO3)	mg/L	n/v	<0.50 SZ	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	
Alkalinity, Hydroxide (as CaCO3)	mg/L	n/v	<0.50 SZ	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	
Alkalinity, Total (as CaCO3)	mg/L	n/v	14 SZ	98	360	45	93	65	52	340	30	230	120	180	
Anion Sum	meq/L	n/v	0.48 SZ	2.5	56	3.5	27	2.0	4.8	40	8.7	-	-	-	
Cation Sum	meq/L	n/v	0.88 SZ	3.1	58	3.8	30	2.5	4.9	43	8.8	-	-	-	
Chloride	mg/L	120	6.6 SZ	11	3.4	2.9	4.8	8.8	5.7	<1.0	7.8	7.4	4.9	5.9	
Electrical Conductivity, Lab	µS/cm	n/v	76 SZ	240	3,700	350	2,100	210	480	480	3,000	800	500	310	350
Fluoride	mg/L	0.12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Hardness (as CaCO3)	mg/L	n/v	34 SZ	130	2,700	180	1,400	110	230	2,100	410	230	200	180	
Ion Balance	%	n/v	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.76	-	-	-	
Ion Balance	none	n/v	1.8 SZ	1.3	1.0	4.5	6.1	12	1.1	1.7	2.9	-	-	-	
Ion Balance % Difference	%	n/v	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10	13	2.6	
Nitrate	mg/L	13	<0.044 SZ	0.070	<0.044	<0.044	<0.044	<0.044	<0.044	<0.044	<0.044	<0.22	<0.22	<0.044	
Nitrate (as N)	mg/L	3.0	<0.010 HX	0.016	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.050	<0.050	<0.010	
Nitrate + Nitrite (as N)	mg/L	n/v	<0.020 SZ	<0.020	<0.014	<0.014	<0.014	<0.014	<0.014	<0.014	<0.014	<0.050 MI	<0.050 MI	<0.010	
Nitrite	mg/L	0.197 <sub>n1</sub>	<0.033 SZ	<0.033	<0.033	<0.033	<0.033	<0.033	<0.033	<0.033	<0.033	<0.033	<0.033	<0.033	
Nitrite (as N)	mg/L	0.06	<0.010 HX	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	
pH, lab	S.U.	6.5-9.0	6.12 XQ <sup>A</sup>	7.23	7.73	7.29	7.58	6.97	6.61	6.79	7.35	6.63	7.36	6.86	
Sodium Adsorption Ratio (SAR)	none	n/v	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Sulfate	mg/L	n/v	<1.0 SZ	11	2,300 CD	120	1,200 CD	22	170	170	1,600 CD	380 CD	66	39	7.7
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	n/v	31 SZ	140	3,500	220	1,800	110	300	300	2,500	550	300	190	
<b>Metals - Dissolved</b>															
Calcium	mg/L	n/v	7.1 SZ	27	490	51	330	22	45	46	470	79	41	40	37
Iron	mg/L	n/v	0.77 SZ	1.8	0.074	0.11	0.083	1.5	1.1	1.2	0.18	0.13	0.62	0.36	0.32
Magnesium	mg/L	n/v	3.9 SZ	16	360	13	150	12	27	27	220	51	31	24	22
Manganese	mg/L	0.19 <sub>EQ4</sub> <sup>A</sup>	0.18 SZ	0.18	<0.0040	0.0092	0.023	0.29 <sup>A</sup>	1.1 <sup>A</sup>	1.1 <sup>A</sup>	0.31 <sup>A</sup>	0.24 <sup>A</sup>	0.59 <sup>A</sup>	0.30 <sup>A</sup>	<0.0040
Potassium	mg/L	n/v	0.68 SZ	4.2	8.7	4.7	5.1	3.2	2.6	2.6	2.8	5.9	3.0	3.3	2.6
Sodium	mg/L	n/v	3.4 SZ	7.5	69	2.3	31	5.9	8.0	7.9	37	13	8.1	6.4	6.7
<b>Metals - Total</b>															
Aluminum	mg/L	0.005 <sub>VAR1</sub>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.10 <sup>A</sup>
Antimony	mg/L	n/v	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.00060
Arsenic	mg/L	n/v	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0016
Barium	mg/L	n/v	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.091
Beryllium	mg/L	n/v	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.0010
Boron	mg/L	1.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.020
Cadmium	mg/L	0.00004 <sub>LTG</sub>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.00030 <sup>A</sup>
Calcium	mg/L	n/v	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	36
Chromium	mg/L	n/v	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.0010
Cobalt	mg/L	n/v	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.00065
Copper	mg/L	0.0020 <sub>TBC1</sub>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0027 <sup>A</sup>
Iron	mg/L	0.3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.89 <sup>A</sup>
Lead	mg/L	0.0010 <sub>TBC1#</sub>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.00026
Lithium	mg/L	n/v	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.020
Magnesium	mg/L	n/v	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	22
Manganese	mg/L	n/v	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.37
Molybdenum	mg/L	0.073	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.00026
Nickel	mg/L	0.025 <sub>TBC1</sub> <sup>A</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0036
Phosphorus	mg/L	n/v	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.14
Potassium	mg/L	n/v	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.0
Selenium	mg/L	n/v	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.00040
Silicon	mg/L	n/v	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.5
Silver	mg/L	0.00025	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.00010
Sodium	mg/L	n/v	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.6
Strontium	mg/L	n/v	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.082
Sulfur	mg/L	n/v	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.9
Thallium	mg/L	0.0008	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.00020

**Table B.7**  
**Summary of Water Analytical Results**  
**Kumak I-25 Sump**  
**MGM Energy**

Sample Location	Units	CCME	I-25															
			I-25_15-01 17-Aug-15 KUMAK-15-01 STANTEC MAXX B573450 MZ0233	I-25_W1 21-Aug-16 I25_SUMP_W1_AUG2016 STANTEC MAXX B673175 PJ3129	I-25_W4 21-Aug-16 I25_SUMP_W4_AUG2016 STANTEC MAXX B673175 PJ3132	I-25_SSD_WS1 15-Aug-17 I25_SUMP_AUG_WS1 STANTEC MAXX B771691 RU4423	I-25_SSD_WS2 15-Aug-17 I25_SUMP_AUG_WS2 STANTEC MAXX B771691 RU4424	I-25_SSD_WS4 15-Aug-17 I25_SUMP_AUG_WS4 STANTEC MAXX B771691 RU4426	Sump South Depression							I-25_WS22-02 23-Aug-22 I25-WS22-02 STANTEC BV C264837 BAP399	I25-WS23-01 27-Aug-23 I25-WS23-01 STANTEC BV C367991 BXY212	
Tin	mg/L	n/v	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.0010	
Titanium	mg/L	n/v	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0013	
Uranium	mg/L	0.015	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.00010	
Vanadium	mg/L	n/v	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.0010	
Zinc	mg/L	0.0082 <sub>E02</sub> <sup>A</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.035 <sup>A</sup>	
<b>BTEX and Petroleum Hydrocarbons</b>																		
Benzene	µg/L	370	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.40	<0.40	<0.40
Toluene	µg/L	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.40	<0.40	<0.40
Ethylbenzene	µg/L	90	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.40	<0.40	<0.40
Xylene, m & p-	µg/L	n/v	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.80	<0.80	<0.80
Xylene, o-	µg/L	n/v	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.40	<0.40	<0.40
Xylenes, Total	µg/L	n/v	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.89	<0.89	<0.89
PHC F1 (C6-C10 range)	µg/L	n/v	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<100	<100	<100
PHC F1 (C6-C10 range) minus BTEX	µg/L	n/v	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<100	<100	<100
PHC F2 (>C10-C16 range)	mg/L	n/v	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.10	<0.10	<0.100

See notes on the last page

**Table B.7**  
**Summary of Water Analytical Results**  
**Kumak I-25 Sump**  
**MGM Energy**

Sample Location	Units	CCME	Sump Southwest Depression							
			I25-WS24-02 20-Sep-24 I25-WS24-02 STANTEC BV C475556 CWF142	I-25_SWD_15-03 17-Aug-15 KUMAK-15-03 STANTEC MAXX B573450 MZ0235	I-25_SWD_WS5 21-Aug-16 I25_SUMP_WS_AUG2016 STANTEC MAXX B673175 PJ3133	I-25_SWD_WS5 15-Aug-17 I25_SUMP_AUG_WS5 STANTEC MAXX B771691 RU4427	I-25_SWD_SW18-02 26-Aug-18 I25S-SW18-02 STANTEC MAXX B874000 UE9377	I-25_SWD_WS21-03 24-Aug-21 I25-WS21-03 STANTEC BV C163716 AEU772	I-25-WS22-03 23-Aug-22 I25-WS22-03 STANTEC BV C264837 BAP400	I25-WS23-02 27-Aug-23 I25-WS23-02 STANTEC BV C367991 BXY213
<b>General Chemistry</b>										
Alkalinity (P as CaCO3)	mg/L	n/v	<1.0	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Alkalinity, Bicarbonate (as CaCO3)	mg/L	n/v	130	10	3.7	15	17	110	51	27
Alkalinity, Carbonate (as CaCO3)	mg/L	n/v	<1.0	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Alkalinity, Hydroxide (as CaCO3)	mg/L	n/v	<1.0	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0
Alkalinity, Total (as CaCO3)	mg/L	n/v	100	8.5	3.0	12	14	88	42	22
Anion Sum	meq/L	n/v	-	5.9	8.0	6.7	7.4	-	-	-
Cation Sum	meq/L	n/v	-	6.6	9.0	7.7	8.2	-	-	-
Chloride	mg/L	120	5.8	8.2	9.4	9.5	6.0	5.6	4.3	4.3
Electrical Conductivity, Lab	µS/cm	n/v	310	620	810	660	760	800	730	560
Fluoride	mg/L	0.12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Hardness (as CaCO3)	mg/L	n/v	160	300	410	360	380	380	430	260
Ion Balance	%	n/v	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Ion Balance	none	n/v	-	1.1	1.1	7.5	4.8	-	-	-
Ion Balance % Difference	%	n/v	1.4	-	-	-	-	6.8	4.2	1.5
Nitrate	mg/L	13	<0.089	<0.044	<0.044	<0.044	<0.044	<0.22	<0.22	0.81
Nitrate (as N)	mg/L	3.0	<0.020	<0.010 HX	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.050	<0.050	0.18
Nitrate + Nitrite (as N)	mg/L	n/v	<0.020 MSE MI	<0.020	<0.020	<0.014	<0.014	<0.050 MI	<0.050 MI	0.18
Nitrite	mg/L	0.197 <sub>n1</sub>	<0.033	<0.033	<0.033	<0.033	<0.033	<0.033	<0.033	<0.033
Nitrite (as N)	mg/L	0.06	<0.010	<0.010 HX	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010
pH, lab	S.U.	6.5-9.0	6.87	5.56 XQ <sup>A</sup>	5.33 <sup>A</sup>	6.04 <sup>A</sup>	5.96 <sup>A</sup>	6.35 <sup>A</sup>	6.43 <sup>A</sup>	6.31 <sup>A</sup>
Sodium Adsorption Ratio (SAR)	none	n/v	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sulfate	mg/L	n/v	57	260 CD	370 CD	290 CD	330 CD	360	360	250
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	n/v	180	390	530	440	490	550	540	370
<b>Metals - Dissolved</b>										
Calcium	mg/L	n/v	32	59	79	70	75	76	85	55
Iron	mg/L	n/v	0.46	2.5	2.6	0.41	0.31	1.9	1.3	0.25
Magnesium	mg/L	n/v	19	37	51	44	46	45	52	30
Manganese	mg/L	0.19 <sub>EQ4</sub> <sup>A</sup>	<0.0040	1.2 <sup>A</sup>	1.4 <sup>A</sup>	0.49 <sup>A</sup>	0.78 <sup>A</sup>	1.1 <sup>A</sup>	1.0 <sup>A</sup>	0.30 <sup>A</sup>
Potassium	mg/L	n/v	2.3	3.7	4.2	3.9	3.6	2.6	2.7	2.0
Sodium	mg/L	n/v	5.5	9.5	13	11	12	10	11	8.5
<b>Metals - Total</b>										
Aluminum	mg/L	0.005 <sub>VAR1</sub>	0.17 <sup>A</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.31 <sup>A</sup>
Antimony	mg/L	n/v	<0.00060	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.00060
Arsenic	mg/L	n/v	0.0011	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0011
Barium	mg/L	n/v	0.050	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.037
Beryllium	mg/L	n/v	<0.0010	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.0010
Boron	mg/L	1.5	0.028	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.021
Cadmium	mg/L	0.00004 <sub>LTG</sub>	<0.000020	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.000089 <sup>A</sup>
Calcium	mg/L	n/v	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	56
Chromium	mg/L	n/v	<0.0010	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.0010
Cobalt	mg/L	n/v	0.00043	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0032
Copper	mg/L	0.0020 <sub>TBC1</sub>	0.0018	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0053 <sup>A</sup>
Iron	mg/L	0.3	0.65 <sup>A</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.97 <sup>A</sup>
Lead	mg/L	0.0010 <sub>TBC1</sub> #	<0.00020	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.00023
Lithium	mg/L	n/v	<0.020	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.020
Magnesium	mg/L	n/v	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	32
Manganese	mg/L	n/v	0.11	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.44
Molybdenum	mg/L	0.073	0.00033	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.00020
Nickel	mg/L	0.025 <sub>TBC1</sub> <sup>A</sup>	0.0034	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.012
Phosphorus	mg/L	n/v	0.13	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.15
Potassium	mg/L	n/v	2.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.8
Selenium	mg/L	n/v	0.00028	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.00047
Silicon	mg/L	n/v	1.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.7
Silver	mg/L	0.00025	<0.00010	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.00010
Sodium	mg/L	n/v	5.2	-	-	-	-	-	-	8.6
Strontium	mg/L	n/v	0.062	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.085
Sulfur	mg/L	n/v	15	-	-	-	-	-	-	79
Thallium	mg/L	0.0008	<0.00020	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.00020

**Table B.7**  
**Summary of Water Analytical Results**  
**Kumak I-25 Sump**  
**MGM Energy**

Sample Location	Units	CCME	Sump Southwest Depression								
			I25-WS24-02 20-Sep-24 I25-WS24-02 STANTEC BV C475556 CWF142	I-25_SWD_15-03 17-Aug-15 KUMAK-15-03 STANTEC MAXX B573450 MZ0235	I-25_SWD_W5 21-Aug-16 I25_SUMP_W5_AUG2016 STANTEC MAXX B673175 PJ3133	I-25_SWD_WS5 15-Aug-17 I25_SUMP_AUG_WS5 STANTEC MAXX B771691 RU4427	I-25_SWD_SW18-02 26-Aug-18 I25S-SW18-02 STANTEC MAXX B874000 UE9377	I-25_SWD_WS21-03 24-Aug-21 I25-WS21-03 STANTEC BV C163716 AEU772	I-25-WS22-03 23-Aug-22 I25-WS22-03 STANTEC BV C264837 BAP400	I25-WS23-02 27-Aug-23 I25-WS23-02 STANTEC BV C367991 BXY213	
Tin	mg/L	n/v	<0.0010	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.0010
Titanium	mg/L	n/v	0.0014	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.0028
Uranium	mg/L	0.015	<0.00010	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.00010
Vanadium	mg/L	n/v	<0.0010	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<0.0010
Zinc	mg/L	0.0082 <sub>E02</sub> <sup>A</sup>	0.0060	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<b>0.036<sup>A</sup></b>
<b>BTEX and Petroleum Hydrocarbons</b>											
Benzene	µg/L	370	<0.40	-	-	-	-	<0.40	<0.40	<0.40	<0.40
Toluene	µg/L	2	<0.40	-	-	-	-	<0.40	<0.40	<0.40	<0.40
Ethylbenzene	µg/L	90	<0.40	-	-	-	-	<0.40	<0.40	<0.40	<0.40
Xylene, m & p-	µg/L	n/v	<0.80	-	-	-	-	<0.80	<0.80	<0.80	<0.80
Xylene, o-	µg/L	n/v	<0.40	-	-	-	-	<0.40	<0.40	<0.40	<0.40
Xylenes, Total	µg/L	n/v	<0.89	-	-	-	-	<0.89	<0.89	<0.89	<0.89
PHC F1 (C6-C10 range)	µg/L	n/v	<100	-	-	-	-	<100	<100	<100	<100
PHC F1 (C6-C10 range) minus BTEX	µg/L	n/v	<100	-	-	-	-	<100	<100	<100	<100
PHC F2 (>C10-C16 range)	mg/L	n/v	<0.10	-	-	-	-	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10

See notes on the last page

**Table B.8**  
**Summary of Wellsite Soil Sample Analytical Results: Reference Samples and Statistical Calculations - Organic Soils**  
**Kumak I-25 Wellsite**  
**MGM Energy**

Location Sample Date Sample ID Sample Depth Sampling Company Laboratory Laboratory Work Order Laboratory Sample ID Sample Type	Units	CCME		AENV SCARG Rating Categories	18-Aug-17	I-25 Wellsite	18-Aug-17	Statistical Calculations													
		Residential/Parkland Use			18-Aug-17	I-25 Wellsite	18-Aug-17	Minimum	Maximum	Mean	Median	75th	95th	Std. Dev.	Std. Err.	Geo. Mean	Count	Detect	ND	Exceed	95 UCLM
		Fine A	Coarse B		Table 2.2 Topsoil C	I25_WELL_SS1	I25_WELL_SS2	I25_WELL_SS2 Lab-Dup													
					0 - 0.25 m STANTEC MAXX B771667 RU4325	0 - 0.25 m STANTEC MAXX B771667 RU4326	0 - 0.25 m STANTEC MAXX B771667 RU4326 Lab Replicate														
<b>General Chemistry</b>																					
Soluble (CaCl2) pH	S.U.	6-8	6-8	n/v	4.21 HV <sup>AB</sup>	5.45 HV <sup>AB</sup>	-	4.21	5.45	4.48673	4.48673	4.32669	4.23096	log	log	4.83	2	2	0	2	NC
Soluble Conductivity	dS/m	2	2	Good	0.32	0.22	-	0.22	0.32	0.27	0.27	0.3	0.32	0.07	0.05	0.27	2	2	0	0	0.368
Sodium Adsorption Ratio (SAR)	none	5	5	Good	0.83	0.80	-	0.8	0.83	0.82	0.82	0.82	0.83	0.02	0.01	0.81	2	2	0	0	0.8396
Calcium	mg/kg	n/v	n/v	n/v	170	110	-	110	170	140	140	155	167	42.4	30	136.7	2	2	0	0	198.8
Calcium	mg/L	n/v	n/v	n/v	32	24	-	24	32	28	28	30	31.6	5.7	4	27.7	2	2	0	0	35.84
Cation/EC Ratio	none	n/v	n/v	n/v	15	14	-	14	15	14.5	14.5	14.8	15	0.7	0.5	14.5	2	2	0	0	15.48
Chloride	mg/kg	n/v	n/v	n/v	270	98	-	98	270	184	184	227	261.4	121.6	86	162.7	2	2	0	0	352.56
Chloride	mg/L	n/v	n/v	n/v	51	22	-	22	51	36.5	36.5	43.8	49.6	20.5	14.5	33.5	2	2	0	0	64.92
Ion Balance	none	n/v	n/v	n/v	2.5	2.9	-	2.5	2.9	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.9	0.3	0.2	2.7	2	2	0	0	3.092
Magnesium	mg/kg	n/v	n/v	n/v	110	47	-	47	110	78.5	78.5	94.2	106.8	44.5	31.5	71.9	2	2	0	0	140.24
Magnesium	mg/L	n/v	n/v	n/v	21	10	-	10	21	15.5	15.5	18.2	20.4	7.8	5.5	14.5	2	2	0	0	26.28
Moisture Content	%	n/v	n/v	n/v	76	34	40	34	76	50	40	58	72.4	22.7	13.1	46.9	3	3	0	0	75.676
Percent Saturation	%	n/v	n/v	n/v	530	460	-	460	530	495	495	512.5	526.5	49.5	35	493.8	2	2	0	0	563.6
Potassium	mg/kg	n/v	n/v	n/v	84	61	-	61	84	72.5	72.5	78.2	82.8	16.3	11.5	71.6	2	2	0	0	95.04
Potassium	mg/L	n/v	n/v	n/v	16	13	-	13	16	14.5	14.5	15.2	15.8	2.1	1.5	14.4	2	2	0	0	17.44
Sodium	mg/kg	n/v	n/v	n/v	130	85	-	85	130	107.5	107.5	118.8	127.8	31.8	22.5	105.1	2	2	0	0	151.6
Sodium	mg/L	n/v	n/v	n/v	24	19	-	19	24	21.5	21.5	22.8	23.8	3.5	2.5	21.4	2	2	0	0	26.4
Sulphate	mg/kg	n/v	n/v	n/v	130	110	-	110	130	120	120	125	129	14.1	10	119.6	2	2	0	0	139.6
Sulphate	mg/L	n/v	n/v	n/v	24	24	-	24	24	24	24	24	24	0	0	24	2	2	0	0	24
Theoretical Gypsum Requirement	tons/ha	n/v	n/v	n/v	<0.20	<0.20	-	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0	0	0.2	2	0	2	0	0.2
<b>Physical Properties</b>																					
Sieve - Pan	%	n/v	n/v	n/v	47	84	-	47	84	65.5	65.5	74.8	82.2	26.2	18.5	62.8	2	2	0	0	101.76
Sieve - #200 (>0.075mm)	%	n/v	n/v	n/v	53	16	-	16	53	34.5	34.5	43.8	51.2	26.2	18.5	29.1	2	2	0	0	70.76
Grain Size	%	n/v	n/v	n/v	COARSE	FINE	-														

**Notes:**  
CCME Canadian Council of Ministers of the Environment  
A Canadian Environmental Quality Guidelines, Canadian Soil Quality Guidelines for the Protection of Environmental and Human Health, on-line summary table, for Residential/Parkland land use and fine grained soil  
B Canadian Environmental Quality Guidelines, Canadian Soil Quality Guidelines for the Protection of Environmental and Human Health, on-line summary table, for Residential/Parkland land use and coarse grained soil  
AENV Alberta Environment Salt Contamination Assessment and Remediation Guidelines, May 2001  
C Table 2.2. Soil Quality Guidelines for Unrestricted Land Use

	Rating Category	Good	Fair	Poor	Unsuitable
Topsoil	EC	<2	2 to 4	4 to 8	>8
	SAR	<4	4 to 8	8 to 12	>12

**6.5<sup>A</sup>** Concentration exceeds the indicated standard.  
15.2 Measured concentration did not exceed the indicated standard.  
<0.50 Laboratory reporting limit was greater than the applicable standard.  
<0.03 Analyte was not detected at a concentration greater than the laboratory reporting limit.  
n/v No standard/guideline value.  
- Parameter not analyzed / not available.  
HV Due to high absorbivity of the sample, the water soil extraction ratio has changed from 2:1 to 10:1

**Table B.9**  
**Summary of Wellsite Water Sample Analytical Results: Reference Samples and Statistical Calculations**  
**Kumak I-25 Wellsite**  
**MGM Energy**

Location Sample Date Sample ID Sampling Company Laboratory Laboratory Work Order Laboratory Sample ID Sample Type	Units	CCME	I-25 Wellsite												Statistical Calculations														
			21-Aug-16 I25_WELL_W2	21-Aug-16 I25_WELL_W2 Lab-Dup	21-Aug-16 I25_WELL_W3	21-Aug-16 I25_WELL_W4	21-Aug-16 I25_WELL_W5	21-Aug-16 I25_WELL_W6	21-Aug-16 I25_WELL_W7	21-Aug-16 I25_WELL_W7 Lab-Dup	18-Aug-17 I25_WELL_WS1	18-Aug-17 I25_WELL_QA1	18-Aug-17 I25_WELL_WS3	18-Aug-17 I25_WELL_WS4/5	Minimum	Maximum	Mean	Median	75th	95th	Std.Dev.	Std.Err.	Geo. Mean	Count	Detect	ND	Exceed	95 UCLM	
			STANTEC MAXX B673175 PJ3137	STANTEC MAXX B673175 PJ3137 Lab Replicate	STANTEC MAXX B673175 PJ3138	STANTEC MAXX B673175 PJ3139	STANTEC MAXX B673175 PJ3140	STANTEC MAXX B673175 PJ3141	STANTEC MAXX B673175 PJ3142	STANTEC MAXX B673175 PJ3142 Lab Replicate	STANTEC MAXX B771667 RU4320	STANTEC MAXX B771667 RU4321 Field Duplicate	STANTEC MAXX B771667 RU4322	STANTEC MAXX B771667 RU4323															
<b>General Chemistry</b>																													
Alkalinity (P as CaCO3)	mg/L	n/v	<0.50	-	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	-	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	-	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0	0	0.5	9	0	9	0	0.5
Alkalinity, Bicarbonate (as CaCO3)	mg/L	n/v	16	-	27	13	29	43	26	-	53	25	35	-	13	53	29.7	27	35	49	12.5	4.2	27.3	9	9	0	0	37.932	
Alkalinity, Carbonate (as CaCO3)	mg/L	n/v	<0.50	-	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	-	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	-	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0	0	0.5	9	0	9	0	0.5	
Alkalinity, Hydroxide (as CaCO3)	mg/L	n/v	<0.50	-	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	-	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	-	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0	0	0.5	9	0	9	0	0.5	
Alkalinity, Total (as CaCO3)	mg/L	n/v	13	-	22	11	24	35	21	-	44	21	29	-	11	44	24.4	22	29	40.4	10.3	3.4	22.5	9	9	0	0	31.064	
Chloride	mg/L	n/v	120	12	13	11	14	15	12	-	13	14	11	-	11	15	12.7	12.5	13.8	14.6	1.3	0.4	12.6	10	10	0	0	13.484	
Electrical Conductivity, Lab	µS/cm	n/v	90	-	97	83	100	130	93	-	130	97	94	-	83	130	101.6	97	100	130	16.8	5.6	100.4	9	9	0	0	112.576	
Hardness (as CaCO3)	mg/L	n/v	48	-	56	45	57	72	54	-	72	53	53	-	45	72	56.7	54	57	72	9.5	3.2	56	9	9	0	0	62.972	
Ion Balance	none	n/v	2.0	-	1.7	2.2	1.7	1.6	1.8	-	1.8	2.5	1.9	-	1.6	2.5	8.1	2	18	22.6	9.6	3.2	4.1	9	9	0	0	14.372	
Nitrate	mg/L	n/v	<0.044	-	<0.044	<0.044	0.10	<0.044	<0.044	-	<0.044	<0.044	<0.044	-	0.044	0.1	0.05	0.044	0.044	0.078	0.019	0.006	0.048	9	1	8	0	0.06176	
Nitrate (as N)	mg/L	n/v	<0.010	-	<0.010	<0.010	0.023	<0.010	<0.010	-	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	-	0.01	0.023	0.011	0.01	0.01	0.017	0.004	0.001	0.011	10	1	9	0	0.01296	
Nitrate + Nitrite (as N)	mg/L	n/v	<0.020	-	<0.020	<0.020	0.023	<0.020	<0.020	-	<0.020	<0.020	<0.020	-	0.014	0.023	0.018	0.02	0.02	0.022	0.003	0.001	0.018	9	1	8	0	0.01996	
Nitrite	mg/L	n/v	<0.033	-	<0.033	<0.033	<0.033	<0.033	<0.033	-	<0.033	<0.033	<0.033	-	0.033	0.033	0.033	0.033	0.033	0.033	0	0	0.033	9	0	9	0	0.033	
Nitrite (as N)	mg/L	n/v	<0.010	-	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	-	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	-	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0	0	0.01	10	0	10	0	0.01	
pH, lab	S.U.	n/v	6.5-9.0	6.27 <sup>A</sup>	6.40 <sup>A</sup>	5.97 <sup>A</sup>	6.19 <sup>A</sup>	6.07 <sup>A</sup>	6.54	-	6.76	6.07 <sup>A</sup>	6.78	-	5.97	6.78	6.26	6.27	6.07	6.01	log	log	6.34	9	9	0	6	NC	
Sulphate	mg/L	n/v	0.62	-	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	-	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	-	0.5	0.62	0.51	0.5	0.5	0.57	0.04	0.01	0.51	9	1	8	0	0.5296	
Total Dissolved Solids	mg/L	n/v	43	-	51	38	54	70	49	-	38	72	51	-	38	72	53.2	51	54	71.2	11.2	3.7	52.2	9	9	0	0	60.452	
Total Suspended Solids	mg/L	n/v	19	-	130 VV	6.0	57	77	1.3	-	-	-	-	-	1.3	130	48.4	38	72	116.8	49.9	20.4	21	6	6	0	0	88.384	
<b>Metals, Dissolved</b>																													
Aluminum	mg/L	0.005 <sub>WER1</sub>	0.20 <sup>A</sup>	0.20 <sup>A</sup>	0.22 DX <sup>A</sup>	0.19 <sup>A</sup>	0.16 <sup>A</sup>	0.49 <sup>A</sup>	0.19 <sup>A</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	0.16	0.49	0.23429	0.2	0.21	0.409	0.11429	0.0432	0.21826	7	7	0	7	0.318962	
Antimony	mg/L	n/v	<0.0060	<0.0060	<0.0060	<0.0060	<0.0060	<0.0060	<0.0060	-	-	-	-	-	0.006	0.006	0.006	0.006	0.006	0.006	0	0	0.006	7	0	7	0	0.006	
Arsenic	mg/L	0.005	0.00088 DX	0.00079	0.00093	0.00094	0.0010	0.0011	0.00064	-	-	-	-	-	0.00064	0.0011	0.00089714	0.00093	0.00097	0.00107	0.00014863	5.62E-05	0.00088578	7	7	0	0	0.001007253	
Barium	mg/L	n/v	0.048 DX	0.048	0.037	0.034	0.069	0.054	0.030	-	-	-	-	-	0.03	0.069	0.045714	0.048	0.051	0.0645	0.013425	0.005074	0.044092	7	7	0	0	0.05565904	
Beryllium	mg/L	n/v	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	<0.010	-	-	-	-	-	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0.001	0	0	0.001	7	0	7	0	0.001	
Boron	mg/L	1.5	<0.020	<0.020	<0.020	<0.020	<0.020	<0.020	<0.020	-	-	-	-	-	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0	0	0.02	7	0	7	0	0.02	
Cadmium	mg/L	0.00009 <sub>10</sub>	0.000038	0.000036	0.000039	0.000057	0.000031	0.000049	0.000044	-	-	-	-	-	3.10E-05	5.70E-05	4.20E-05	3.90E-05	4.60E-05	5.50E-05	9.00E-06	3.00E-06	4.10E-05	7	7	0	0	0.00004788	
Calcium	mg/L	n/v	11 DX	11	12 DX	9.5 DX	12	16 DX	11 DX	-	20	11	12	-	9.5	20	12.55	11.5	12	18.2	3.1131	0.9845	12.2631	10	10	0	0	14.47962	
Chromium	mg/L	n/v	0.0011	0.0010	0.0011	<0.0010	<0.0010	0.0018	<0.0010	-	-	-	-	-	0.001	0.0018	0.0011	0.001	0.0011	0.0016	0.0003	0.0001	0.0011	7	4	3	0	0.001296	
Cobalt	mg/L	n/v	0.0012 DX	0.0011	0.00038	0.00069	0.0024	0.0018	<0.0030	-	-	-	-	-	0.0003	0.0024	0.001243	0.0011	0.0015	0.00222	0.0007951	0.0002892	0.0008918	7	6	1	0	0.001891132	
Copper	mg/L	0.002 <sub>TBC1</sub>	0.0014	0.0014	0.0014	0.0017	0.0017	0.0010	0.0021 DX <sup>A</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	0.001	0.0021	0.0015296	0.0014	0.0017	0.00196	0.000345	0.0001304	0.0014945	7	7	0	1	0.001784184	
Iron	mg/L	0.3	1.3 DX <sup>A</sup>	1.3 <sup>A</sup>	0.84 <sup>A</sup>	1.2 <sup>A</sup>	2.1 <sup>A</sup>	2.9 <sup>A</sup>	0.94 DX <sup>A</sup>	-	2.0 <sup>A</sup>	0.61 <sup>A</sup>	0.41 <sup>A</sup>	-	0.41	2.9	1.36	1.25	1.825	2.54	0.76546	0.24206	1.17172	10	10	0	10	1.8344376	
Lead	mg/L	0.001 <sub>TBC1</sub>	<0.0020	<0.0020	<0.0020	<0.0020	<0.0020	<0.0020	<0.0020	-	-	-	-	-	0.002	0.0028	0.0021	0.002	0.002	0.0026	3.00E-05	1.00E-05	0.00021	7	1	6	0	0.0002296	
Lithium	mg/L	n/v	<0.020	<0.020	<0.020	<0.020	<0.020	<0.020	<0.020 DX	-	-	-	-	-	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0.02	0	0	0.02	7	0	7	0	0.02	
Magnesium	mg/L	n/v	5.0	5.0	6.1 DX	5.2 DX	6.3 DX	7.8 DX	6.2 DX	-	5.3	6.0	5.8	-	5	7.8	5.87	5.9	6.175	7.125	0.842	0.2663	5.8196	10	10	0	0	6.391948	
Manganese	mg/L	n/v	0.12 RD	0.12	0.047	0.15	0.14	0.043 DX	<0.040	-	0.0040	0.11	<0.0040	-	0.004	0.15	0.0742	0.0785	0.12	0.1455	0.059675	0.018871	0.036591	10	8	2	0	0.11118716	
Molybdenum	mg/L	0.073	0.00034	0.00031	0.00034	0.00036	0.00038	<0.00020	0.00033	-	-	-	-	-	0.0002	0.00035	0.00032	0.00034	0.00035	0.00037	6.00E-05	2.00E-05	0.00032	7	6	1	0	0.0003592	
Nickel	mg/L	0.025 <sub>TBC1</sub>	0.0038	0.0035	0.0041 DX	0.0032 DX	0.0035	0.0063 DX	0.0041	-	-	-	-	-	0.0032	0.0063	0.0040714	0.0038	0.0041	0.00564	0.0010372	0.000392	0.0039784	7	7	0	0	0.00483972	
Phosphorus	mg/L	n/v	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	<0.10	-	-	-	-	-	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0	0	0.1	7	0	7	0	0.1	
Potassium	mg/L	n/v	<0.30	<0.30	<0.30	<0.30	<0.30	<0.30	<0.30	-	0.64	0.35	<0.30	-	0.3	0.64	0.34	0.3	0.3	0.51	0.11	0.03	0.33	10	2	8	0	0.3988	
Selenium	mg/L	0.001	0.00024	0.00022	0.00029	0.00023	0.00025	0.00033	0.00024	-	-	-	-	-	0.00022	0.00033	0.00026	0.00024	0.00027	0.00032	4.00E-05	1.00E-05	0.00025	7	7	0	0	0.0002796	
Silicon	mg/L	n/v	1.8	1.8	0.92	1.4 DX	1.5																						



**Table B.9**  
**Summary of Wellsite Water Sample Analytical Results: Reference Samples and Statistical Calculations**  
**Kumak I-25 Wellsite**  
**MGM Energy**

Location Sample Date Sample ID Sampling Company Laboratory Laboratory Work Order Laboratory Sample ID Sample Type	Units	CCME Freshwater Aquatic Life Long Term A	I-25 Wellsite												Statistical Calculations																									
			21-Aug-16 I25_WELL_W2	21-Aug-16 I25_WELL_W2 Lab-Dup	21-Aug-16 I25_WELL_W3	21-Aug-16 I25_WELL_W4	21-Aug-16 I25_WELL_W5	21-Aug-16 I25_WELL_W6	21-Aug-16 I25_WELL_W7	21-Aug-16 I25_WELL_W7 Lab-Dup	18-Aug-17 I25_WELL_WS1	18-Aug-17 I25_WELL_QA1	18-Aug-17 I25_WELL_WS3	18-Aug-17 I25_WELL_WS4/5	Minimum	Maximum	Mean	Median	75th	95th	Std. Dev.	Std. Err.	Geo. Mean	Count	Detect	ND	Exceed	95 UCLM												
			STANTEC MAXX B673175 PJ3137	STANTEC MAXX B673175 PJ3137 Lab Replicate	STANTEC MAXX B673175 PJ3138	STANTEC MAXX B673175 PJ3139	STANTEC MAXX B673175 PJ3140	STANTEC MAXX B673175 PJ3141	STANTEC MAXX B673175 PJ3142	STANTEC MAXX B673175 PJ3142 Lab Replicate	STANTEC MAXX B771667 RU4320	STANTEC MAXX B771667 RU4321 Field Duplicate	STANTEC MAXX B771667 RU4322	STANTEC MAXX B771667 RU4323																										
<b>Volatile Organic Compounds</b>																																								
Bromodichloromethane	µg/L	n/v	<0.50	-	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0	0	0.5	6	0	6	0	0.5
Bromoform (Tribromomethane)	µg/L	n/v	<0.50	-	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0	0	0.5	6	0	6	0	0.5
Bromomethane (Methyl bromide)	µg/L	n/v	<2.0	-	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	2	6	0	6	0	2	
Carbon Tetrachloride (Tetrachloromethane)	µg/L	13.3	<0.50	-	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0	0	0.5	6	0	6	0	0.5	
Chlorobenzene (Monochlorobenzene)	µg/L	1.3	<0.50	-	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0	0	0.5	6	0	6	0	0.5	
Chloroethane (Ethyl Chloride)	µg/L	n/v	<1.0	-	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	6	0	6	0	1	
Chloroform (Trichloromethane)	µg/L	1.8	<0.50	-	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0	0	0.5	6	0	6	0	0.5	
Chloromethane	µg/L	n/v	<2.0	-	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	2	6	0	6	0	2	
Dibromochloromethane	µg/L	n/v	<1.0	-	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	6	0	6	0	1	
Dichlorobenzene, 1,2-	µg/L	0.7	<0.50	-	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0	0	0.5	6	0	6	0	0.5	
Dichlorobenzene, 1,3-	µg/L	150	<0.50	-	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0	0	0.5	6	0	6	0	0.5	
Dichlorobenzene, 1,4-	µg/L	26	<0.50	-	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0	0	0.5	6	0	6	0	0.5	
Dichloroethane, 1,1-	µg/L	n/v	<0.50	-	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0	0	0.5	6	0	6	0	0.5	
Dichloroethane, 1,2-	µg/L	100	<0.50	-	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0	0	0.5	6	0	6	0	0.5	
Dichloroethane, 1,1,1-	µg/L	n/v	<0.50	-	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0	0	0.5	6	0	6	0	0.5	
Dichloroethane, cis-1,2-	µg/L	n/v	<0.50	-	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0	0	0.5	6	0	6	0	0.5	
Dichloroethane, trans-1,2-	µg/L	n/v	<0.50	-	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0	0	0.5	6	0	6	0	0.5	
Dichloropropane, 1,2-	µg/L	n/v	<0.50	-	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0	0	0.5	6	0	6	0	0.5	
Dichloropropane, cis-1,3-	µg/L	n/v	<0.50	-	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0	0	0.5	6	0	6	0	0.5	
Dichloropropane, trans-1,3-	µg/L	n/v	<0.50	-	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0	0	0.5	6	0	6	0	0.5	
Ethylene Dibromide (Dibromoethane, 1,2-)	µg/L	n/v	<0.20	-	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	<0.20	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0	0	0.2	6	0	6	0	0.2	
Methyl Methacrylate	µg/L	n/v	<0.50	-	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0	0	0.5	6	0	6	0	0.5	
Methyl tert-butyl ether (MTBE)	µg/L	10,000	<0.50	-	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0	0	0.5	6	0	6	0	0.5	
Methylene Chloride (Dichloromethane)	µg/L	98.1	<2.0	-	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	2	6	0	6	0	2	
Styrene	µg/L	72	<0.50	-	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0	0	0.5	6	0	6	0	0.5	
Tetrachloroethane, 1,1,1,2-	µg/L	n/v	<1.0	-	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	6	0	6	0	1	
Tetrachloroethane, 1,1,2,2-	µg/L	n/v	<2.0	-	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	<2.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	2	6	0	6	0	2	
Tetrachloroethene (PCE)	µg/L	110	<0.50	-	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0	0	0.5	6	0	6	0	0.5	
Trichlorobenzene, 1,2,3-	µg/L	8	<1.0	-	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	6	0	6	0	1	
Trichlorobenzene, 1,2,4-	µg/L	24	<1.0	-	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	<1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	6	0	6	0	1	
Trichlorobenzene, 1,3,5-	µg/L	n/v	<0.50	-	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0	0	0.5	6	0	6	0	0.5	
Trichloroethane, 1,1,1-	µg/L	n/v	<0.50	-	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0	0	0.5	6	0	6	0	0.5	
Trichloroethane, 1,1,2-	µg/L	n/v	<0.50	-	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0	0	0.5	6	0	6	0	0.5	
Trichloroethene (TCE)	µg/L	21	<0.50	-	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5	0	0	0.5	6	0	6	0	0.5	
Trichlorofluoromethane (Freon 11)	µg/L	n/v	<0.50	-	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	<0.50	&																															

## Appendix C Reclamation Materials

**Langley E-07, Langley K-30, and Kumak I-25 Well Abandonment Program  
Closure, Reclamation, and Monitoring Plan  
Appendix C: Reclamation Materials**  
March 21, 2025

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**Table C.1 Native Grass Seed Mix Recommended for E-07, K-30, and I-25 Wellsite Revegetation**

Species- Common Name	Species- Scientific Name	Percent by Weight
violet wheatgrass	<i>(Agropyron violaceum/Elymus alaskanus)</i>	75
polargrass	<i>(Arctagrostis latifolia)</i>	12.5
tufted hairgrass	<i>(Deschampsia caespitosa)</i>	12.5
<b>Total:</b>		<b>100</b>

Notes:

1. Species or percent proportion changes may be required due to seed stock availability or seed prices at time of ordering.
2. Seed mix will be ordered from a reputable supplier and will be a minimum of Canada No. 1 Forage Mix grading.
3. This native grass seed mix was applied in previous reclamation treatments on MGM ISR sites and has successfully established. Due to this proven establishment success, it is proposed to use this mix for these sites. The mix includes species that are native to the region and adapted to a range of ground conditions such as flooding/high soil moisture, high salt conditions, low/high soil pH, and drought.
4. MGM will consider the feasibility of incorporating other native forb and shrub species that are endemic to the Mackenzie Delta region into the reclamation seed mix through consultations with seed suppliers and arctic vegetation experts (e.g., Aurora Research Institute). Potential native forb and shrub species include: green alder (*Alnus viridis*), red bearberry (*Arctous rubra*), glandular birch (*Betula glandulosa*), sedges (*Carex* sp.), fireweed (*Chamerion angustifolium*), black crowberry (*Empetrum nigrum*), cottongrass (*Eriophorum* sp.), Arctic sweet coltsfoot (*Petasites frigidus*), narrow-leaved Labrador tea (*Rhododendron tomentosum*), cloudberry (*Rubus chamaemorus*), willows (*Salix* sp.), bog cranberry (*Vaccinium vitis-idaea*).
5. Additional candidate native grass species for the seed mix that are adapted to high salt conditions and flooding/high soil moisture:
  - slender wheatgrass (*Agropyron pauciflorum/Elymus trachycaulus*)
  - ticklegrass (*Agrostis scabra*)
  - American sloughgrass (*Beckmannia syzigachne*)
  - bluejoint reedgrass (*Calamagrostis canadensis*)
  - red fescue (*Festuca rubra*)
  - alpine bluegrass (*Poa alpina*)
  - fowl bluegrass (*Poa palustris*)
  - spike trisetum (*Trisetum spicatum*)
6. Certificates of seed analysis may be requested from the supplier for each of the species.

