



Hamlet of Sachs Harbour

Water Licence Number: N7L3-1531

## **Sewage Waste Disposal Facilities Operation and Maintenance Plan**

Date Prepared: February 17, 2021

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Other (Specify):

#### 1. Introduction

Name of the Hamlet: Sachs Harbour

Location of the Hamlet - latitude and longitude in Degrees, Minutes and Seconds (DMS):

Latitude:

71º 59' 6.86" N

Longitude:

125º 14' 54.12" W

Present Population of the Hamlet: 105

Climate (a brief note such as mean July and January temperature)

Sachs Harbour lies well within the zone of continuous permafrost. The mean annual air temperature is - 12.8°C. The climate is cold and dry, with February and July mean temperatures of -28.3°C and 6.6°C respectively. Total annual precipitation is 151 mm. Snowfall averages 97.7 mm per year, while rainfall accounts for 58.3 mm of total precipitation.

Attach a Map of the Hamlet

 $\checkmark$ 

Attached a map of the Hamlet (Appendix 1)

#### 2. Purpose

The purpose of this plan is to assist the Hamlet of Sachs Harbour personnel with the operation and maintenance of their sewage waste disposal facilities.

#### 3. Sewage Waste Disposal Facilities - Site Description

Definitions:

- Mechanical Plant: a constructed system with mechanical parts such as tanks, pumps, blowers, screens, and grinders.
- Natural Lake Lagoon: a natural lake being used as a lagoon, including lakes with minor modifications or added control structures.
- Engineered Lagoon: any type of constructed or artificial lagoon that is decanted at a specific point or flows continuously through a weir or other discharge structure, including all lined lagoons.
- Exfiltration System: a pit, trench, or lagoon that is designed to allow effluent to seep continuously through gravel, sand, or another material.

Identify the type of Sewage Waste Disposal Facilities:				
Mechanical Plant				
Natural Lake Lagoon				
Engineered Lagoon				
Exfiltration System				
Global Positioning System (GPS) location inconsistencies between individual GPS utilized as the GPS points):	ns of Sewage Waste Disposal Facilities (Note: Due to units, Google Earth latitude and longitude should be			
Latitude (Degrees, Minutes, Seconds):	71°59'42:36"N			
Longitude (Degrees, Minutes, Seconds):	125°19'25.11"W			
Attach a location map including following	features:			
Map to include scale, north arrow, Sewage Waste Disposal Facilities, Hamlet, access road from Hamlet, nearby water bodies, effluent receiving water body and/or wetland, location of all Surveillance Network Program (SNP) sampling stations with associated Global Positioning System (GPS) locations (Note: Due to inconsistencies between individual GPS units, Google Earth latitude and longitude should be utilized as the GPS points), groundwater monitoring wells and any other features.				
Attached a map indicating above	eatures (Appendix 2)			
Date of Commissioning of Sewage Waste (if date is unknown, estimate year)	e Disposal Facilities 1991 yyyy/mm/dd			
What are the ground conditions relating t Sewage Waste Disposal Facilities is loca	o permafrost in and around the community in which the ted?			
<ul> <li>Permafrost – Ground that stays frozen through the summer. There is a surface layer that thaws, but underneath the ground stays frozen. (There are other definitions, but for the following question, use this one.)</li> <li>Continuous permafrost – There is permafrost everywhere in the area.</li> <li>Discontinuous permafrost – (a) There is permafrost, but some areas thaw in the summer, or (b) there are some patches of permafrost, but most of the ground thaws in the summer.</li> </ul>				
Continuous permafrost				
Discontinuous permafrost				
No Permafrost in area				

## 4. Sewage Waste Disposal Facilities - Staff Contact Information

Provide name, contact information (phone and email), and role for each staff member responsible for Operations and Maintenance of Sewage Waste Disposal Facilities.

Name	Phone	Email	Role and responsibilities
Betty Haogak	867-690-4351	hamlet_ceo@northwestel.ne t	SAO
John Elanik	867-690-4351		Foreman

## 5. Security and Control

How is	public access to the system controlled? (Check all that apply)
<b>✓</b>	No control
	Front gate locked when facility is closed
	Perimeter chain-link fence around entire facility
1 W. 1 2	Locked man-door
	other (specify):

Is the following signage posted at the Sewage Waste Disposal Facilities? (Check all that apply)
Name of facility
Notification of restriction of public access
Sign at each Surveillance Network Program (SNP) monitoring site
Warning signage regarding chemicals used in the treatment process
other (specify):
6. Hamlet Population and Sewage Generation
In this section please provide the following information:
Current population: 105
Projected population after 10 years: 79
Sewage generation (L/person/day): 103
Total daily sewage generation (L): 10815
Projection of total daily sewage generation after ten (10) years (L): 8137
7. Sewage Collection and Conveyance
Is wastewater collection done with trucks, or a sanitary sewer system (either underground pipes or utilidor)?
Trucks
Sanitary Sewer
Combination of sanitary sewer and trucked
Other (Specify)
If both a sanitary sewer and trucks are used, please answer both sets of questions below.
For <b>sanitary sewer systems</b> , attach a map indicating locations of lift stations and force mains including design flow rates and control points (valves).
Attached a map of sanitary sewer system (Appendix 3)
Annual volume of wastewater collected in piped system: m³/year

#### For trucked systems, provide the following information:

Describe the group responsible for the collection and transport of sewage to the Sewage Waste Disposal Facilities (e.g., community staff, private contractor) and scope of service (e.g., vehicles, equipment, fuel etc.):

Community staff is responsible for the collection and trans Disposal Facilities.	sportation of sewage to	the Sewage Waste
How many days per week is sewage waste collection	n done? <sub>3</sub>	days per week
Number of sewage trucks available:	2	Truck(s)
Volume of each sewage waste truck:	10000	Litres
number of truckloads delivered to lagoon per week:	12	Trips per week
Annual volume collected by all trucks (if known):	3955 (Approx)	m³/year
Are honeybags accepted at the Sewage Waste Disp	osal Facilities?	1949 (\$165)
Yes No		
If Yes,		
Estimated annual volume of honeybags:	m³/year	
Where are honeybags stored/disposed of?	wykowykowy w popole w word wykowodyna powiet wywodynogo powiet powiet wywodynogo powiet wywodynogo powiet wywo	
Not Applicable		
How are hazardous wastes and other unacceptable Disposal Facilities?	substances kept out	of the Sewage Waste
Only sewage is deposited in lagoon.		

## 8. Raw (influent) Sewage Quality

Raw (influent) sewage waste quality refers to the composition of the raw sewage waste to be treated at the Sewage Waste Disposal Facilities.

Are water q	uality results available for influent (ra	w) sewage quality?	
Yes	<b>●</b> No		
lf <b>No</b> , skip tl	his section.		
If Yes, attac	th the results of the sampling progra	m	
Attached	d results of raw sewage (Appendix	<b>(4)</b>	
9. System (	Capacity and Design Data		
	<b>Design Flows</b> for which the system <b>ormation</b> (such as an engineering re		
Monthly des	sign flow: m³		
Annual (yea	arly) <b>design f</b> low: m³		
criteria liste	Effluent Quality Criteria for which the din the water license for the system design information (such as an eruph:	. Skip any that don't apply. If th	nis is an existing
	Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BO	D5):	mg/L
	Carbonaceous Biochemical Oxyge	erios de la companya de la companya La companya de la co	mg/L
	Total Suspended Solids (TSS):		mg/L
	Oil and Grease:		mg/L
	Fecal Coliforms:		CFU/100 ml
	Ammonia-N (NH3-N):		mg/L
	Phosphorus:		mg/L
	Acute Toxicity - Rainbow Trout		% survival
	Acute Toxicity - Daphnia magna		% survival
Additional o	criteria from water licence:		

#### 10. Sewage Waste Disposal Facilities Design and Treatment System

Attach one of the following drawing options with the documents you are submitting. As-built drawings are preferred, if available. All drawings are required to have scales and north arrows (for plan views).

Indicate what type of drawings are attached (Append	ix 5):			
As-built drawings of the Sewage Waste Disposal Facilities signed and stamped by a professional engineer registered with Northwest Territories and Nunavut Association of Professional Engineers and Geoscientists (NAPEG)				
Design drawings signed and stamped by a profess Territories and Nunavut Association of Professiona				
Scaled site plan with an air photo				
If engineering drawing is not available, provide so flow direction, effluent outlet point and receiving values				
Provide the following data from the engineering desexisting system and design information (such as provide the lagoon dimensions and any other information Dimensions:	an engineering report) is not available,			
Length: 491 (approx) m	Note: If you have measurements in			
Width: 357 (approx) m	feet, multiply by 0.305 to get meters. e.g. 20 ft x 0.305 = 6.1 m			
Maximum Depth: <sub>unknown</sub> m (if known)				
Lake Lagoon Area: 17 (approx) hectares				
Liquid Operating Depth: unknown m (total de	epth minus freeboard and sludge allowance)			
	cable; normally applies to berms, dykes, and r control structures)			
Design Sludge Depth Allowance: m	Note: If you know the volume in cubic feet, multiply by 0.028 to get cubic meters. e.g. 4500 ft3 x 0.028 = 126 m3			
Lake Lagoon Active Volume: m³	o.g. 1000 NO NOTO TEO THE			
	astest flow rate of the year, measured at the e water leaves the lake lagoon)			

Hydraulic l	Retention Tin	ne:						will stay in and the flo	
Are flow co	ontrol structu	res used in	the lago	on system	?				
Yes	No								
	lentify type, q narge etc.) (C				structure	e (inlet, in	terconnec	ction of ce	lls, cell
Stop lo	gs								
	Quantity:								
	Purpose of	structure:							
Valves		8							
	Quantity:								
	Purpose of s	structure:							
Raw (ir	nfluent) sewa	ge discharg	je chute						
	Quantity:								
	Purpose of s	structure:			no ang ng pang kang na ang na ang ng ng	and the state of t			
Other of	control struct	ures (Speci	fy):						
	Quantity:					and the second s			
	Purpose of s	structure							

## 11. Effluent Discharge

Is treated sewage discharged/de except when frozen (continuous	ecanted at specific times (seasonal), or does it flow all the time s)? (Check that apply)
Seasonal	Continuous
If "Seasonal", indicate the durat	tion of discharge (or decant)
Days	OR Weeks
What time of year seasonal disc	charge is typically done?
Indicate the average discharge	flow rate: m³/day
Indicate which of the following a requirements apply to your syst	activities are done. Your water licence will specify which tem. (Check all that apply)
	se the Water Resource Officer (i.e. Inspector) at least ten (10) formal decant of the Sewage Waste Disposal Facilities should it
Water Resource Officer sewage waste	(i.e. Inspector) approval is obtained prior to discharge of treated
Effluent shall be sample	ed prior to, and once during each decant
Effluent shall be sample Season	ed once immediately after break-up and monthly during open water
	ediately notify the Board and inspector of any effluent quality maximum standard concentration
Other (Specify):	
Where the Treated sewage disc	charge?
Surface Waterbody	✓ Natural Wetland
Other (Specify):	

If discharge to surface water, provide the following information:
Name of waterbody: Not Applicable
Average annual flow rate of waterbody (if known): Not Applicable m³/sec
Attach water quality data for the waterbody upstream of the discharge point, if available.
Attached water quality data for the waterbody upstream of the discharge point (Appendix 6)
If discharged to a natural wetland, provide as much of the following information as possible. If this is an existing system and design information (such as an engineering report) is not available, skip any that are unknown.
Average annual discharge flow rate out of the wetland system: m₃/sec
Wetland Area: hectares
Wetland Length: m
Wetland Operating Depth: m
List the types of plants in the wetland: Tundra
Estimated Hydraulic Loading Rate: cm/day
Estimated Hydraulic Retention Time: days
12. Surveillance Network Program (SNP)
Sampling station number and description of the sampling stations as specified in your water licence:
1531-2: Effluent discharge from existing Sewage Waste Disposal Facilities
Parameters to be analyzed and maximum quality guidelines as specified in your water licence:
Faecal Coliforms:1 x 10 <sup>4</sup> CFU/100mL; Biological Oxygen Demand (BOD <sub>5</sub> ):120 mg/L Oil and Grease: 5 mg/L; Total Suspended Solids (TSS):180 mg/L The effluent discharged shall have a pH between 6 and 9, and no visible sheen of oil and grease.

Frequency of the effluent water sampling at each sampling stations as specified in your water licence:

Water at Station Numbers 1531-2 shall be sampled once immediately after break-up and monthly during the open the water season

SNP sampling laboratory results submission requirements as specified in your water licence:

The Licensee shall submit all of the data and information generated by Part B and Part C of the Surveillance Network Program in the Licensee's Annual Report to the Board not later than April 30 of the year following the calendar year being reported as specified in Part B, Item 1 of the Licence.

Provide name and contact information of the responsible person(s) for sampling, monitoring and

reporting for the Surveillance Network program (SNP):

Name	Phone	Email	Role and responsibilities of each person
Betty Haogak	867-690-4351	hamlet_ceo@northwestel.ne t	SAO - Over all management, data compilation and annual report preparation and submission.
John Elanik	867-690-4351	-	Foreman - O&M of Sewage Disposal Facility and SNP sampling

Attach a map or drawing indicating the location of all Surveillance Network Program (SNP) sampling stations, with associated Global Positioning System (GPS) locations in Degrees, Minutes, Seconds (Note: Due to inconsistencies between individual GPS units, Google Earth latitude and longitude should be utilized as the GPS points).

latitude and longi	tude should be utilized as the GPS points).
✓ Attached a r	map indicating SNP GPS locations (Appendix 7)
13. Sludge Mana	sgement
Has sludge from	the treatment system ever been removed for disposal?
Yes	<b>●</b> No
How frequently is	the sludge level checked?
Annually	Other: Sludge level is not checked. However, color of the water in the lagoon is visually monitored monthly during open water season.

How often is sludge removal done?
Every Not Applicable (N/A) year.
Estimated annual sludge production: N/A m³
Briefly explain how sludge removal is done:
If the depth of the sludge blanket becomes thick enough to decrease the volume of the lagoon cell significantly or contaminant concentrations become too high, the sludge should be removed, treated, and disposed as directed by the Inuvialuit Water Board. As a guide, if the height of the sludge is thicker than 0.5 m from the bottom of the lagoon floor and has reached the bottom of the decant screen structure, the sludge should be removed from the lagoon. At this point, in consultation with the Government of the Northwest Territories, the Hamlet should retain the services of an Engineer for the design of appropriate sludge removal, treatment and disposal options. The design will need to be submitted and approved by the Inuvialuit Water Board prior to implementing the sludge removal process. Prior to any decant an ENR Inspector must be informed at least ten days in advance. A Sludge Removal Plan must be submitted to the IWB within 60 days prior to sludge removal activities. These notices must be made in accordance with Part D, Items 6 and 7 respectively.
How is the sludge disposed of?
The trie didage dioposed of:
On-site Land Application
Off-site Land Application
Landfill
Other: Sludge removal from the existing sewage lagoon is not required. The hamlet visually monitors the color of the water in the lagoon during open water season. If it is required in future, the Hamlet will retain the services of an Engineer for the design of appropriate sludge removal, treatment and disposal options.
Identify/name and describe the location or facility where the sludge is disposed of:

#### 14. Sewage Waste Disposal Facilities Operation and Maintenance

The following provides a list of typical operation, maintenance and monitoring activities applicable to a water license.

Indicate the frequency of each of the following activities at the Sewage Waste Disposal Facilities:

Activities	Frequency						
	Never	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Annually	Other	
Monitoring of the colour of the liquid in the lagoon as an indication of performance.	0	0		•	0	0	During open water season
Monitoring of water levels to ensure the minimum freeboard limit of 1 m on constructed berms, dykes, and dams (or as approved by the Board) is maintained.	•	0	0	0	0	0	No flow control structures constructed
Removal of floating debris, algae and plant growth.	0	0		0	0	•	It will be done if needed.
Inspection of dams, dykes, berms and liners for damage by animals, vegetation growth or erosion.	•			0	0		No flow control structures constructed.
Measurement of sludge levels.	•		0			0	
Removal and disposal of accumulated sludge.	•	0	C	0	0	0	
Inspection of inlet, interconnecting valves, outlet and truck discharge structures for damage, blockage, settlement or erosion.				•			

Monitoring for damage to fencing/signage and gate.	0	0	0	•	0	0	
Monitoring domana to manifesing wells							
Monitoring damage to monitoring wells.					$\bigcirc$		Not Applicable
Monitoring damage to traffic barriers.	•	0	0	0	0	0	Not Applicable
Inspection, grading and reshaping of access road and truck pad.	0	0	C	•	0	0	
Monitoring and clearing of drainage ditches and culverts (if applicable).	•	0		0	0	0	Not Applicable
Sewage discharge measurement	•				0		Estimated from water usage
		<u>L</u> _					
SNP sampling	0	C		0	0	•	once immediately after break-up and monthly
SNP sampling  Inspection and maintenance of sewage trucks	0	0		0	0	<ul><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li></ul>	
Inspection and maintenance of sewage	0	0		0	0	<ul><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•<li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><li>•</li><l></l></li></ul>	break-up and monthly
Inspection and maintenance of sewage		0				•	break-up and monthly
Inspection and maintenance of sewage trucks				0			break-up and monthly
Inspection and maintenance of sewage trucks							break-up and monthly
Inspection and maintenance of sewage trucks							break-up and monthly
Inspection and maintenance of sewage trucks							break-up and monthly

#### Operation of the lagoon from Freeze-up to Break-up:

Operation of the lagoon during this time is for winter operations. Changeover to winter operations should occur when effluent in the lagoon begins to freeze. Sewage will be collected using the Hamlet's vacuum truck and will be discharged into the lagoon via the sewage discharge chute. Any sewage spilled onto the truck turn around pad must be cleaned up immediately to prevent the accumulation of ice. Also, any accumulation of ice on the discharge chute should be cleared away to keep the chute clean and free of blockages

#### Operation of lagoon from Break-up to Freeze-up:

Operation of the lagoon during this time is for summer operations. Changeover to summer operations should occur when stored effluent in the lagoon has thawed. Sewage will be collected and discharged into the lagoon as described for winter operations. Should the need arise (i.e. severe risk of sewage overflow) the lagoon will also be decanted during this time using a pump and hose to decant effluent into the adjacent wetland. If any effluent is going to be decanted into the wetland, the Hamlet must provide notice to an ENR Inspector at least 10 days before decanting occurs as specified in the water licence. Once the decantation period is over the pump and hose system will be disconnected and sewage will be stored in the lagoon during the winter months.

#### Measures to be taken to control odor, weeds and insects in and around the lagoon:

In order to discourage attracting insects, the wetland surrounding the lagoon should be inspected regularly for areas of ponding water. Hamlet staff must cover up any puddles or potholes by filling them with soil. Weeds growing in and around the lagoon surface may also attract insects. For information about weed management.

Weeds growing in and around the lagoon may cause a number of problems such as attracting unwanted insects, causing excessive odours, and impeding photosynthesis. Surface weeds block sunlight from entering the lagoon that is required for photosynthesis to occur. Photosynthesis is the reaction that provides energy for algae and that in turn allows algae to provide oxygen to bacteria in the lagoon. Bacteria require oxygen in order to break down wastes within the lagoon. Wastes that are not breaking down may result in excessive odour. Weeds/plants on the surface and edges of the lagoon must be removed promptly. Hamlet staff should skim weeds off the top of the lagoon and trim them at the edges. Any weeds that have been removed must be buried in the landfill immediately to prevent odours and insects.

# Describe the requirements of the general maintenance and inspection for sewage trucks because they can be a source of pollution due to splll if not properly inspected and maintained:

Sewage trucks can be a source of pollution due to spills. Trucks should be inspected regularly and well maintained to reduce this risk. Regular vehicle maintenance and inspections are to be performed on all Hamlet-owned equipment. These should include but are not limited to regular:

- Oil changes;
- Fluid changes;
- Checking of tire pressure;
- Greasing;
- Brake pad replacement;
- Cleaning; and
- Periodic maintenance requirements as set out by the equipment manufacturer.

#### 15. Final Discharge Point and Receiving Environment

The "final discharge point" is the point where the treated sewage leaves the treatment system and enters the environment. What type of final discharge point does the Sewage Waste Disposal Facilities have? (Choose one.) Note this is at the end of the treatment system, which may be different from the lagoon decant point.

Exfi	Itration through berm or substrate
Nat	ural channel outflow (i.e. discrete from natural lake lagoon)
) End	l of wetland (natural or engineered)
) Eng	ineered berm – water pumped or syphoned over berm
) Eng	ineered berm – outfall structure built into berm (gate with stop logs/pipe/spillway/notch)
Pipo	e outflow
Oth	er (specify)
What a	are the coordinates of the final discharge point?
incons	Positioning System (GPS) locations of the final discharge point (Note: Due to istencies between individual GPS units, Google Earth latitude and longitude should be d as the GPS points):
Latitud	de (Degrees, Minutes, Seconds): 71º 59' 47:23" N
Longit	ude (Degrees, Minutes, Seconds): 125º 19' 50.49" W
after p	eceiving environment" is the environment or area where the treated wastewater ends up assing through the entire treatment system. What is the receiving environment located ne final discharge point? (Choose one)
$\bigcirc$	River/stream
	Lake/pond
	Ocean (i.e. water goes directly from the treatment system to the ocean, with nothing else in between)
	Ocean (i.e. water goes from the treatment system to the natural wetland and enters ocean)
	Wetland (that is not part of the treatment system)
$\bigcirc$	Land – subsurface (exfiltration)
	Land surface (overland) (e.g. a field)
0	Other (specify)

Name of receiving	g waterbody or area, if applicable: Not Applicable
If the receiving er of the waterbody:	nvironment is water (river/stream/lake/pond/ocean or similar), estimate the size  Not Applicable
What types of pla	ants or trees are in the receiving environment? (Choose all that apply)
Wildflowers	(e.g. Butterwort, Cloudberry, Common Plantain, Common Yarrow, Fireweed, Indian Paintbrush, Mountain Avens, Prickly Saxifrage, Red Baneberry, Silverweed, Twinflower, Wild Mint, Yellow Lady's Slipper)
Aquatic plants	e.g. Cat-tail, Duckweed, Rat Root, Water-arum, Yellow Pond-lily)
Horsetails	(e.g. Common Horsetail)
Sedges	(e.g. Cotton-grass)
M	.g. Black Currant, Bog Rosemary, Crowberry, Ground Juniper, Labrador Tea, ountain Cranberry and Kinnikinnick, Prickly Wild Rose, Silverberry, Soapberry, fillow)
10.00.00.00.00	.g. Black Spruce and White Spruce, Jack Pine, Paper Birch and Dwarf Birch, amarack, Trembling Aspen and Balsam Poplar)
✓ Other (specify	r): Tundra
discharge point (	ampling program been done to determine <b>background water quality</b> at the final i.e. a study of the water in the environment before the Sewage Waste Disposal discharging there, or at a distance from the discharge point)?
Yes 📵 I	No ·
If "Yes", provide	the following information on the study.
Title of documen	it:
Name of compar	ny or person who did the study:
Date study was	completed (yyyy/mm/dd):
Attach the result	s of the study if available.
Attached bad	ckground water quality results (Appendix 8)

Has a point	a study or sampling program been done to assess <b>effluent quality</b> at the final discharge (i.e. a study or sampling of the water coming out the end of the treatment system)?
Yes	<b>●</b> No
lf "Ye	es", provide the following information on the study.
Title	of document:
Namo	e of company or person who did the study:
Date	study was completed (yyyy/mm/dd):
Attac	h the results of the study if available.
At	ttached effluent quality results (Appendix 9)
16. S	Surface Water Management
Are t	here perimeter ditches surrounding the site to manage run-on?
0	Yes No
Is the	e site constructed with positive site drainage (minimum 1%) to minimize ponding?
0	Yes No
Wha	t is the distance (m) to the nearest fish-bearing water body (lake, river, etc.)?
	ly describe the flood response measures including temporary alternate Sewage Waste usal practices, locations and mitigation measures ( <b>if applicable</b> ):
Not A	Applicable
18 A.	

#### 17. Record Keeping

The following are record keeping requirements related to Operation and Maintenance (O&M) of the Sewage Waste Disposal Facilities and should be filed as an annual report with the Inuvialuit Water Board (IWB) no later than the date stipulated in the water license for the previous year. The annual report should include the following:

to the Sewage Waste Disposal Facilities
How and where is this recorded?
Quantity estimated based on water usage.
Where are these records kept?
Hamlet office
Tabular summaries of all data generated under the "Surveillance Network Program (SNF
How and where is this recorded?
Hamlet collects the samples as required by SNP and sends to the GNWT Taiga Lab in Yellowknife for lab analysis. The Taiga lab sends lab results to the Hamlet.
Where are these records kept?
Hamlet office
Monthly and annual quantities of sewage sludge removed from the Sewage Waste Disposal Facilities and disposal location
How and where is this recorded?
N/A
Where are these records kept?
Any problems, modifications or repairs done to the Sewage Waste Disposal Facilities, including all associated structures
How and where is this recorded?
Recorded on the hamlet record file and kept all necessary information.

Where are these records kept?	
Hamlet office	
list of spills and unauthorized discharges	
How and where is this recorded?	
Recorded on the hamlet record file and kept all necessary information.	
Where are these records kept?	
Hamlet office	
description of any Closure and Reclamation work completed during the year and a outline of any work anticipated for the next year	n
How and where is this recorded?	
Recorded on the hamlet record file and kept all necessary information.	
Where are these records kept?	14 <u>13 343 1373 1373</u>
Hamlet office	
description of any studies requested by the Board that relate to water use, waste d or closure and reclamation and a brief description of any future studies planned	lispos
How and where is this recorded?	to a were the large
Recorded on the hamlet record file and kept all necessary information.	
Where are these records kept?	, comunicado
Hamlet office	
description of any spill training and/or other operator training carried out	
How and where is this recorded?	
Recorded on the hamlet record file and kept all necessary information.	
Where are these records kept?	S7107514022
Hamlet office	

Any updates and/or revisions to the approved Sewage Waste Disposal Facilities Plan  How and where is this recorded?	
Recorded on the hamlet record file and kept all necessary information.	
Where are these records kept?	3
Hamlet office	
Results of staff inspections on Sewage Waste Disposal Facilities including all dams, be dykes and control structures authorized under this licence and any corrective actions, as necessary	rms s
How and where is this recorded?	
Recorded on the hamlet record file and kept all necessary information.	
Where are these records kept?	
Hamlet office	
All correspondence between the inspector and the Licensee	
How and where is this recorded?	
Recorded on the hamlet record file and kept all necessary information.	
Where are these records kept?	
Hamlet office	
Any other details on waste disposal requested by the Board by November 1 of the year being reported	1
How and where is this recorded?	e er erke e
Recorded on the hamlet record file and kept all necessary information.	
Where are these records kept?	
Hamlet office	

#### 18. Safety Procedures

The following safety procedures should be obeyed in order to minimize health risks to personnel working in and around the Sewage Waste Disposal Facilities:

- · Equipment is to be kept clean;
- Wear protective clothing such as gloves and boots at all times;
- Work clothes must be kept in a designated change room and employees are to change into them when they arrive for work. Work clothes must NOT be worn home. The Hamlet's Maintenance Garage should be equipped with laundry facilities to wash work coveralls onsite:
- · Hands to be washed frequently; as a minimum before eating and after work; and
- Personnel should receive appropriate vaccinations and ensure they are kept up-to-date. Please contact the Department of Health for a list of the appropriate vaccinations.

#### 19. Operator Training

Describe the operator training program, and plans:

If the Department of Environment and Natural Resources or Department of Municipal and Community Affairs schedule training sessions for O&M training for Sewage Waste Facility, selected members from the community works department can attend these training sessions. Training will be conducted on an as-needed basis. The Hamlet will follow-up to determine the specific course taken and the date of the training.

#### 20. Closure and Reclamation Plan and Post-Closure Monitoring Plan

If not already submitted, a Closure and Reclamation (C&R) Plan shall be submitted when required by the Inuvialuit Water Board (typically required at least six months prior to closure).

The C&R Plan shall include, but not be limited to, the following details:

- contaminated site remediation:
- the potential for groundwater contamination (leachate prevention);
- · consideration of altered drainage patterns;
- · type and source of cover materials;
- · future area use:
- hazardous wastes removal, transportation and disposal;
- an implementation schedule;
- maps delineating all disturbed areas, borrow material locations, and site facilities; and
- · a restoration monitoring plan.

Additional considerations shall include:

- Any and all structures to be reused if possible, otherwise proper disposal shall be ensured;
- · Equipment that is not required during the C&R phase shall be removed from site; and
- Signage shall be placed at the entrance that indicates that closure and reclamation are in progress and the facility is no longer accepting sewage waste. Alternative locations for sewage waste disposal shall be provided.

Post-Closure Monitoring will take place until one or more of the following conditions apply:

- · It can be demonstrated that the site is no longer releasing contaminants; or
- It can be demonstrated that the site has reached an equilibrium state in which contaminant release poses no unacceptable risk to the environment.

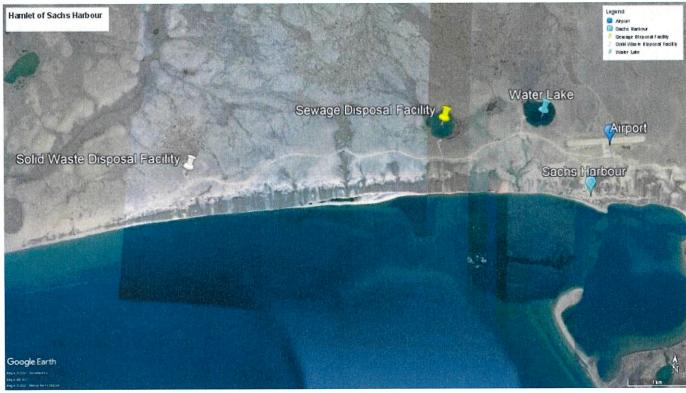
Post-Closure Monitoring shall include, but not be limited, to:

Monthly	Seasonally	Annually
Site Inspection	Sludge sampling and analysis     Monitor vegetation and reseed as necessary	SNP sampling and analysis     Monitor settling and fill in low areas     Monitor and repair drainage pathways     Submit inspection reports to Inuvialuit Water Board regarding matters of concern

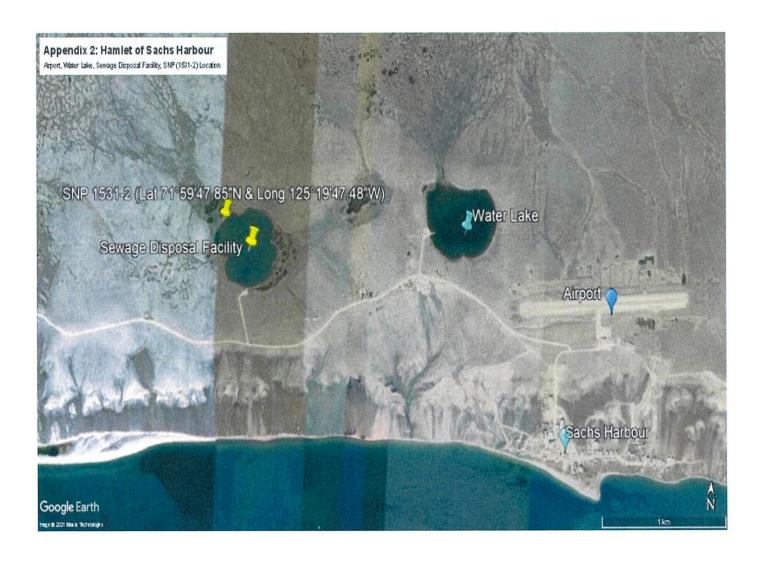
## **Appendices**

## Appendix 1: Attach a map of the Hamlet





Appendix 2: Attach a map indicating all features as specified on page 4



Appendix 5: Attach engineering drawing or a schematic of sewage waste disposal facilities indicating features as specified on page 9



Appendix 7: Attach a map indicating SNP GPS locations as indicated on page 13

